

TOWN OF WINDHAM

**ZONING ORDINANCES
AND
LAND USE REGULATIONS**

Adopted **March 9, 1954**
Amended **March 8, 1955**
Amended **March 12, 1957**
Amended **March 10, 1959**
Amended **Sept. 18, 1959**
Amended **March 9, 1960**
Amended **March 14, 1962**
Amended **March 13, 1963**
Amended **March 10, 1964**
Adopted **May 23, 1967**
Amended **March 12, 1969**
Amended **March 11, 1970**
Amended **March 12, 1971**
Amended **January 9, 1973**
Amended **June 27, 1974**
Amended **March 2, 1976**
Amended **March 14, 1978**
Amended **March 16, 1979**
Amended **March 11, 1980**
Amended **March 14, 1981**
Amended **March 12, 1982**
Amended **March 8, 1983**
Amended **March 13, 1984**
Amended **March 12, 1985**
Amended **March 11, 1986**

Amended **March 13, 1987**
Amended **March 8, 1988**
Amended **March 14, 1989**
Amended **March 13, 1990**
Amended **March 10, 1992**
Amended **March 9, 1993**
Amended **March 8, 1994**
Amended **March 14, 1995**
Amended **March 11, 1996**
Amended **March 11, 1997**
Amended **March 10, 1998**
Amended **March 9, 1999**
Amended **March 14, 2000**
Amended **March 13, 2001**
Amended **March 12, 2002**
Amended **March 11, 2003**
Amended **March 9, 2004**
Amended **March 8, 2005**
Amended **March 14, 2006**
Amended **March 13, 2007**
Amended **March 11, 2008**
Amended **October 15, 2008**
Amended **March 10, 2009**
Amended **March 9, 2010**
Amended **March 8, 2011**

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On File with the Windham Town Clerk and the NH Office of Energy and Planning.

SECTION 100 - PURPOSES

The purposes of this Zoning Ordinance are to lessen congestion in the streets, to secure safety from fires, panic and other dangers; to promote health and general welfare; to provide adequate light and air; to prevent the overcrowding of land; to avoid undue concentration of population; to facilitate the adequate provision of transportation, water, sewage, schools, parks, and other public requirements; to conserve the value of buildings and to encourage the most appropriate use of land in accord with Chapter 31:60-89, New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated, 1955, and any amendments thereto.

SECTION 200 - DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this Ordinance, certain terms and words are herein defined as follows: Words used in the present tense include the future; words in the singular number include the plural number, and words in the plural number include the singular number; the word "shall" is mandatory and not directory; the word "building" includes the word "structure," the word "lot" includes the word "plot," and the word "land" includes the words "marsh" and "water." Unless defined otherwise, for the purposes of this Ordinance, the definition of the Building Code of the Town of Windham governs.

Abandoned/Abandonment: When the owner/operator of a non-conforming use (a) intends to abandon or relinquish the use, and (b) takes some overt act, or fails to act, in some way that implies that the owner neither claims nor retains any interest in that use. Whenever a non-conforming use has not been exercised for a period of twelve (12) consecutive months or for a combined twenty-four (24) months during any thirty-six (36) month period, such non-conforming use shall not thereafter be exercised and the future use of the property shall be in conformance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

Accessory Building or Use: A use, or detached building which is subordinate to the main use or building and located on the same lot with the main building or use, the use of which is customarily incidental to that of the main building or to the use of the land. Where a substantial part of a wall of an accessory building is a part of the wall of a main building, or where an accessory building is attached to the main building, such accessory building shall be counted as a part of the main building.

Agriculture: See NH RSA 21:34-a Farm, Agriculture, Farming.

Awning: An awning is an architectural projection that provides weather protection, identity or decoration and is wholly supported by the building to which it is attached. An awning is comprised of a lightweight, rigid skeleton structure over which a covering is attached.

Boarding or Rooming House: A building or premises, other than a hotel, inn, motel, tourist court or lodging house, where rooms are let and where meals may be regularly served by pre-arrangement for compensation; not open to transient guests; in contradistinction to hotels, restaurants and tourist homes, open to transients.

Building: As defined by the Building Code, Town of Windham.

Building Inspector: The Building Inspector shall mean the Inspector of buildings or other designated authority, or his duly authorized representative and charged with the enforcement of the building code.

Building Lot: A measured parcel of land having fixed boundaries, with the required frontage on a town-approved road and conforming to Town Zoning and/or Subdivision Control Regulations.

Canopy: A canopy is an architectural projection that provides weather protection, identity or decoration and is supported by the building to which it is attached at the outer end by not less than two stanchions. A canopy can also be a detached structure and is comprised of a rigid structure over which a rigid covering is attached.

Change in Use of Structure: An extension, enlargement, and/or alteration of pattern of utilization of the structure or change in purpose for which the structure is used and which increases the total intensity use

of the structure which results in one (1) of the following (i) a change in the nature and purpose of the prior use, (ii) constitutes a use different in character, nature or kind, (iii) results in a substantially different effect on the surrounding neighborhood.

Commercial Antenna Structures: An antenna or antenna support structure used for the purpose of transmission, re-transmission, or reception of radio, television, electromagnetic, or microwave signals primarily for the purpose of operating a business or for financial gain, such as commercial broadcasting and cellular wireless telecommunications. A satellite dish antenna that exceeds six feet in diameter shall also be considered a commercial antenna.

Completed Application: One that contains sufficient information to allow the Board to proceed with consideration and to make an informed decision.

Conversion: A structural change to adopt or alter a seasonal residence for year-round residential use; or a change in use, such as a change from seasonal occupancy to year-round occupancy.

Customary Home Occupation: An occupation for gain or support conducted primarily on the premises. It is clearly a secondary use of the property, which does not adversely affect the residential character of the neighborhood. It is in compliance with the criteria established for a Customary Home Occupation.

Dwelling: Single-Family: A building or manufactured housing as defined in RSA 674:31, occupied exclusively for residence purposes only and having one dwelling unit, but not including commercial accommodation for transient occupancy.

Dwelling: Multi-Family: A building or portion thereof containing two or more dwelling units occupied exclusively for residence purposes, but not including trailers or mobile homes, however mounted, or commercial accommodations for transient occupancy.

Dwelling Unit: Rooms arranged for the use of one or more individuals living together as a single housekeeping unit with cooking, living, sleeping, and sanitary facilities.

Earth: Pursuant to NH RSA 155-E:1, I, sand, gravel, rock, soil or construction aggregate produced by quarrying, crushing or any other mining activity or such other naturally-occurring unconsolidated materials that normally mask the bedrock.

Excavation: Pursuant to NH RSA 155-E:1, II, land area which is used, or has been used, for the commercial taking of earth, including all slopes.

Floor Area: The interior floor area of a dwelling unit exclusive of basements, stairwells, attics, and attached accessory buildings.

Garage, Private: Covered spaces for the housing of motor vehicles, but not for the commercial repair, storage, or rental of motor vehicles.

Grade Plane: A reference plane representing the average of finished ground level adjoining the building at all exterior walls. When the finished ground level slopes away from the exterior walls, the reference plane shall be established by the lowest points within the area between the building and the lot line or, when the lot line is more than 6 feet from the building, between the building and a point 6 feet from the building.

Height, Building: The vertical distance from grade plane to the height of eight (8) feet above the highest occupiable floor surface.

Hotel, Inn, Motel, Tourist Court or Lodging House: A building, or portion thereof, or a group of buildings, on a single lot, intended to be used for the more or less temporary occupancy of more than five (5) individuals who are lodged, with or without meals, and in which major provision for cooking may be made in a central kitchen.

Kennel, Coop, or Pen: Accessory building or enclosure for keeping domestic pets, animals, or birds for use of or pleasure of residents, limited to litters and three or less such pets or animals three months or older in age, and to two dozen birds.

Loading Space, Off-Street: An off-street space or berth, on the same lot with a building, for the temporary parking of vehicles while loading or unloading merchandise or material, and which has access to a street, alley, or other appropriate means of ingress and egress.

Lot: A measured parcel of land having fixed boundaries.

Lot, Corner: A lot abutting on two or more streets at their intersections.

Manufactured Housing: Means any structure, transportable in one or more sections, which, in the traveling mode, is 8 body feet or more in width and 40 body feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is 320 square feet or more, and which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or without a permanent foundation when connected to required utilities, which include plumbing, heating, and electrical heating systems contained therein. Manufactured housing as defined in this section shall not include presite built housing as defined herein.

Membership Club: A private organization, building, or grounds to include specifically country clubs and fraternities and other organizations to which membership is limited or controlled.

Non-conforming Structure: A structure that is currently existing, which does not conform to the regulations for the district where it is located, and did exist at the time of publication of notice of the hearing before the Planning Board respecting the regulation to which it does not conform.

Non-conforming Use: An existing use of land or building which does not conform to the regulations for the district in which such use of land or building exists and which existed at the time of publication of notice of the hearing before the Planning Board respecting the regulation to which it does not conform.

Occupiable Space: A room or enclosed space designed for human occupancy in which individuals congregate for amusement, educational or similar purposes, or in which occupants are engaged at labor; and which is equipped with means of egress and light and ventilation facilities meeting the requirements of this code.

Overnight Parking: The parking or placement of a motor vehicle, except in emergency situation, between the hours of 10:00 P.M. to 6:00 A.M., or otherwise for six (6) or more consecutive hours during that period.

Permit: Written warrant or license granted by one having authority.

Presite Built Housing: Means any structure designed primarily for residential occupancy which is wholly or in substantial part made, fabricated, formed or assembled in off-site manufacturing facilities in conformance with the United States Department of Housing and Development minimum property standards and local building codes, for installation, or assembled and installation, on the building site. For the purposes of this definition, presite built housing shall not include manufactured housing, as defined herein.

Private Way: Discontinued road or road not accepted by the Town.

Professional Occupation: Any recognized profession, including the office of a doctor, lawyer, or dentist.

Public Utility: A corporation, company, association, joint stock association, partnership or person, including governmental agencies, which are regulated by the Public Utilities Commission, or franchised by the state or local government, and owning, operation, or managing any plant, or equipment involved in the supplying of services through erection, construction, alteration, or maintenance of gas, electrical service, water, or waste water transmission, distribution or collection systems; the conveyance of communication, telephone, telegraphic or television messages or services including cable TV.”

Recreational Vehicle: Means a vehicle which is: **1)** built on a single chassis; **2)** 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection; **3)** designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck; and **4)** designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling, but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.

Seasonal Residence: A home, apartment, tenement, dwelling unit or other premises which were originally or are currently, (i) designed, (ii) situated or (iii) constructed, to be occupied primarily in the summer months; or such premises which were not or are not intended to be used by the inhabitants as a primary or permanent residence. For the purposes of this definition, as well as *Section 1200.*, any dwelling unit used and occupied as a year-round residence on March 8, 1988 and not abandoned thereafter shall be considered a year-round residence.

Sign: Any words, lettering, parts of letters, figures, numerals, phrases, sentences, emblems, devices, designs, trade names, or trade marks by which anything is made known, such as are used to designate an individual, a firm, an association, a corporation, a profession, a business, or a commodity or product, which are visible from a public street or right-of-way and used to attract attention.

Street: A public way shown on a plan approved in accordance with the subdivision control law or otherwise qualifying a lot for frontage on a street under the subdivision control law.

Street Line: The dividing line between a street and a lot and, in the case of a public way, the street line established by the public authority laying out the way upon which the lot abuts.

Structure: As defined by the Town of Windham adopted building code.

Structure, Antenna: The rigid portion of the assembly which receives or transmits radio energy, and the mast or tower upon which said assembly is mounted, excluding non-rigid items such as wire, cable, transmission lines, guy wires or guy wire anchors.

Town: The Town of Windham, New Hampshire

Tourist Camp or Camp Sites: Land used or intended to be used, let or rented for occupancy by campers traveling by automobile or otherwise; or for occupancy by house trailers, tents, or movable or temporary dwellings, rooms or sleeping quarters of any kind.

Wetland And Water Shed Protection District (W.W.P.D.): See *Section 601.2.2.*

Wetlands: An area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration to support, and that under normal conditions does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands are to be delineated in accordance with the criteria and methods outlined in the Army Corp of Engineers, January 1987 Wetlands Delineation Manual. The Hydric Soils component of delineations shall be determined in accordance with the Manual “Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England.” (Version 2, July 1998, Published by the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission)

Yard: An open space, other than an enclosed court, on the same lot with a building or group of buildings, which open space lies between the building or group of buildings and a lot line, and is unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward.

Yard, Front: An open, unoccupied space extending across the full width of the lot and lying between the front lot line of the lot and the nearest line of the building. The depth of a front yard shall be the minimum distance between the building and front lot line.

Yard, Rear: An open, unoccupied space extending across the full width of the lot and lying between the rear lot line of the lot and the nearest line of the building. The depth of a rear yard shall be the minimum distance between the building and rear lot line.

Yard, Side: An open, unoccupied space between the side lot line of the lot and the nearest line of the building and extending from the front yard to the rear yard or, in the absence of either of such yards, to the front or rear lot lines, as may be. The width of a side yard shall be the minimum distance between the building and the side lot line.

SECTION 300 - DISTRICTS

301. Establishment of Districts: For the purposes of this Ordinance, the Town of Windham is divided into the following types of districts:

301.1 Wetland and Watershed Protection District

301.2 Rural District

301.3 Residence District A, B, and C

301.4 Neighborhood Business District

301.5 Business Commercial District A and B

301.6 Gateway Commercial District

301.7 Limited Industrial District

301.8 Historic District

301.9 Flood Plain District

301.10 Aquifer Protection District

301.11 Village Center District

301.12 Open Space Residential Overlay District

301.13 Professional, Business & Technology District

301.14 Housing for Older Persons Overlay District

301.15 Route 28 Access Management Overlay District

301.16 Cobbetts Pond Watershed Protection Overlay District

302. Location of Districts: Said Districts are hereby established as shown, located, defined and bounded on the latest approved map entitled, "Zoning District Map of the Town of Windham, New Hampshire" signed by the Planning Board and filed with the office of the Town Clerk; with the exception of the Wetland and Watershed Protection District, the Flood Plain District, the Aquifer Protection District, the Housing for Older Persons District, the Open Space Residential Overlay District, the Route 28 Access Management Overlay District, and the Cobbetts Pond Watershed Protection Overlay District which are not defined by boundary lines on said map, but are districts determined by criteria set up under *Sections 601, 607, 609, 610, 611, 615, and 616* respectively; which map, together with all explanatory matter thereon, is hereby incorporated in and made part of this Ordinance.

303. Location of Boundaries of Districts:

303.1 Where the boundary lines are shown upon said map within the street lines of public and private ways or utility transmission lines, the center lines of such ways or lines shall be the boundary lines, unless otherwise indicated.

303.2 Boundary lines located outside of such street lines or transmission lines and shown approximately parallel thereto, shall be regarded as parallel to such lines, and dimensions shown in figures placed upon said map between such boundary lines and such transmission lines are the distances in feet of such boundary lines from the center line of such lines, such distances being measured at right angles to such lines unless otherwise indicated.

303.3 Where the boundary lines are shown approximately on the location of property or lot lines and the exact location of property, lot or boundary lines is not indicated by means of dimensions shown in figures, then the property or lot lines shall be the boundary lines.

303.4 Contour lines used as boundary lines are the elevation above the datum mean sea level as indicated by the U.S. Geological Survey.

303.5 Soil Association lines used as boundary lines are the Soil Association boundary lines as shown on the Soil Association Map, prepared by the U.S. Soil Conservation Service, dated 1966, and on file with the Planning Board.

303.6 In all cases which are not covered by other provisions of this Section, the location of boundary lines shall be determined by the distance in feet, if given, from other lines upon said map, by the use of identifications as shown on the map or by the scale of said map.

303.7 For lots located in more than one district, uses and structures shall conform to the requirements of the district in which they are located. If the use or structure spans the boundary between districts, the provision which imposes the greater restriction or higher standard shall apply.

SECTION 400 - CONTINUANCE OF EXISTING USES AND STRUCTURES

A non-conforming use or structure may continue provided that:

401. No increase in the extent of the non-conforming use or structure shall be made except as allowed in Section 406.

402. If said non-conforming use or structure has been changed to be less non-conforming, it shall not again be changed to a more non-conforming use or structure, and any future use or structure shall be in conformance with this ordinance.

403. If the non-conforming use is abandoned, it shall not be reestablished.

404. A non-conforming structure destroyed or damaged by fire, explosion or other catastrophe may be rebuilt or restored at the same location and again used as previously, provided that said owner shall apply for a building permit and start operations for restoring or rebuilding on said premises within twelve (12) months after such catastrophe and reconstruction is completed and a certificate of occupancy/approved final inspection issued within two (2) years of start of restoration, and further provided that the non-conforming structure, as restored, shall be constructed in accord with the Building Code of the Town of Windham and shall be only as great in volume and area as the original non-conforming structure.

405. Replacement of a pre-existing non-conforming structure shall be permitted under the following conditions:

405.1 The septic system must have State and Town approval.

405.2 There will be no increase in the area and/or volume of the structure.

405.3 There will be no increase in the non-conformity of the structure.

405.4 The new structure shall conform to the requirements of the Building Code.

405.5 A replacement of a non-conforming structure shall whenever possible be made to conform to the required setback requirements.

406. A non-conforming structure, which is non-conforming based on the fact that the lot size or lot frontage does not conform to the current requirements may be expanded, subject to the following requirements:

406.1 The required septic system for such expanded use shall have State and Town approval without waivers from Env.WS 1004.16 of the NHDES Sewage Disposal System Design Rules.

406.2 An increase in the volume or footprint of the structure can only occur on the portion of the structure that is currently in conformance and the addition will not result in further non-conformance with the ordinance.

406.3 The new structure shall conform to the requirements of the adopted building code.

SECTION 500 - NEW CONSTRUCTION AND NEW USES

501. For the purposes of this Ordinance, any lawful building or structure or use of a building, structure or land or part thereof, may be constructed, altered, enlarged, repaired or moved, occupied and used for any purpose which does not violate any section of this Ordinance or any of the provisions of the ordinances of the Town of Windham.

502. Any construction or use for which a building permit was legally issued prior to the publication of notice of the Planning Board hearing respecting this Ordinance or any amendment thereto shall be permitted, notwithstanding non-compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance or amendments thereto, provided such construction or use was commenced within six (6) months after the issuance of the permit and in the case of construction, completed within two (2) years thereafter.

503. A change of use or expansion of any non-residential or multi-family building, land or structure shall require Site Plan approval.

SECTION 600 - USE REGULATION

601. Wetland and Watershed Protection District:

601.1 Purpose: In the interest of preserving water resources of the Town for the benefit of public health, safety, welfare and convenience, the regulations of the Wetland and Watershed Protection District are intended to guide the use of wetlands, lands draining into wetlands, as well as brooks, ponds, and water supply areas in order to:

601.1.1 Prevent the development of structures, or other land uses within the W.W.P.D. that would contribute to surface and groundwater contamination or reduce surface and groundwater supplies;

601.1.2 Preserve wetland areas which provide flood protection, nutrient absorption and augmentation of stream flow during dry periods;

601.1.3 Prevent unnecessary or excessive expense to the Town in providing and maintaining essential services and utilities, such as sewage collection and treatment and public water supply, which may arise because of the inappropriate use of land within the W.W.P.D.;

601.1.4 Encourage those uses that can be appropriately and safely located within the W.W.P.D.

601.1.5 To enhance and protect surface and ground water quality.

601.2 Definitions:

Wetlands: An area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration to support, and that under normal conditions does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands are to be delineated in accordance with the criteria and methods outlined in the Army Corp of Engineers, January 1987 Wetlands Delineation Manual. The Hydric Soils component of delineations shall be determined in accordance with the Manual "Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in New England." (Version 2, July 1998, Published by the New England Interstate Water Pollution Control Commission)

Wetland and Watershed Protection District (W.W.P.D.): Land areas designated as a W.W.P.D. shall include all areas in Section 601.4 and include wetlands one (1) acre in size or larger, as well as brooks, streams and ponds. For wetlands less than one (1) acre in size, see Section 601.4.3 and Section 601.4.7

Normal High Water Mark: Normal High Water Mark means the line on the shore, running parallel to a brook, stream or pond, established by fluctuations of water and indicated by physical characteristics such as a clear, natural line impressed on the immediate bank, shelving, changes in the character of soil, destruction of terrestrial vegetation, the presence of litter and debris, or other appropriate means that consider the characteristics of the surrounding areas. Where the normal high water mark is not easily discernible, the normal high water mark may be determined by the Department of Environmental Services.

Brook or Stream: A brook or stream is a scoured natural or artificial channel indicating periods of concentrated water flow that has a contributory drainage area of 10 acres or more containing a wetland as defined in Section 601.2 -Wetlands of this ordinance. Roads, drainage culverts, or other man-made features do not constitute an interruption in the delineation of a brook or stream.

Methodology for determining the upper limits of the WWPD around a brook or stream as defined in Section 601.2 Brook or Stream.- the Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance and Land Use Regulations: *editors note:(See Figure 1)*

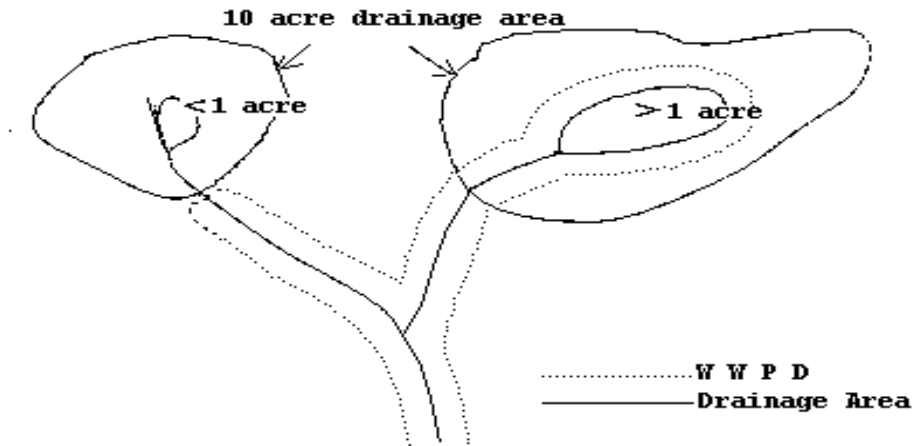


Figure 1

Method: Trace the channel upstream to the point where the contributory drainage area to the channel equals 10 acres. If there are no wetlands or ponds in this ten acres, the WWPD ends here. If there are wetlands or ponds in this ten acres, but they are less than one acre in size, the WWPD ends here. If the wetlands or ponds are greater than one acre in size, the WWPD extends along the channel and includes the wetlands and ponds.

Pond: Any year round standing body of water one (1) acre or more in area.

Hydric Soils: Soils that are saturated or flooded during a sufficient portion of the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper soil layers.

Watershed: A geographical area in which all water drains to a given stream, lake, wetland, estuary or pond. Within every watershed, water runs to the lowest point on that landscape – a stream, lake, wetland, estuary or pond. (NH DES).

601.3 Uses Permitted: Any of the following uses that do not result in the erection of any permanent building or conflict with the intents and purposes in Section 601.1 may be permitted in this district subject to Section 601.4.8:

601.3.1 Intentionally omitted

601.3.2 Agriculture, done in accordance with best management practices adopted by the commissioner of agriculture, markets, and food, Rockingham County Conservation District, and UNH Cooperative Extension

601.3.3 Water impoundment's and well supplies;

601.3.4 Drainage ways, streams, creeks or other paths of normal run-off water;

601.3.5 Wildlife refuge;

601.3.6 Open space as may be permitted by Subdivision Regulations and other sections of this Ordinance;

601.3.7 Recreation, pedestrian trails, parks (but not an amusement park), fishing, boat landings, picnic areas, and any noncommercial open-air recreational use, provided that there are adequate provisions for disposal of waste products and for parking outside the W.W.P.D.

601.3.8 Driveway, streets and roads (hereinafter access ways) subject to the following:

- The only buildable uplands available on the lot have no reasonable alternative means of access from any road, whether publicly or privately owned; and
- The access way crossing is designed to minimize to the greatest extent possible any disruption of the W.W.P.D.; and
- The length and design of the access way is the minimum length and width necessary to provide access to the proposed use through the W.W.P.D.

601.3.9 Utility systems, including water, gas, sewer, electricity, telephone, cable and communication lines.

601.4 Regulations:

601.4.1 Wetlands and Watershed Protection Districts shall include all lands within one hundred and fifty feet (150') of the normal high water mark of Beaver Brook, Golden Brook and Flat Rock Brook. The W.W.P.D. for any other brook, stream or pond shall include all land within one hundred feet (100') of the normal high water mark of said Brook or stream and one hundred feet (100') from the normal high water of said pond.

601.4.2 The W.W.P.D. shall include that land area within one hundred feet (100') of any wetland one (1) acre in size or larger.

601.4.3 Wetlands of less than one (1) acre in size shall not be considered to have a W.W.P.D. except those which are contiguous to a stream, brook, or pond.

601.4.4 Notwithstanding the other provision herein, the following bodies of water shall not have a WWPD extending from their normal high water mark, nor shall they be considered a "pond" to adjacent wetlands: Cobbett's Pond, Canobie Lake, Shadow Lake, Rock Pond and Moeckel Pond. The WWPD associated with a stream or brook entering any of the exempt water bodies shall continue up to the normal high water mark of these water bodies.

601.4.5 The W.W.P.D. shall be increased by 100 feet under the following conditions: When that 100 feet has an upward slope of 12% or more and a minimum width of 100 feet.

601.4.6 No waste disposal system may be located closer than one hundred feet (100') to any wetland contiguous to any W.W.P.D. No waste disposal system may be located within any W.W.P.D.

601.4.7 Streams and brooks shall be considered to be part of any wetland through which said stream or brook flows. Any wetland contiguous to the stream or brook shall be protected by a W.W.P.D.

601.4.8 The following uses, which require excavation, filling, drainage, stump removal, or otherwise altering the surface configuration of the land that is necessary for any construction shall require a special permit from the Planning Board:

- Uses permitted in the W.W.P.D;
- Uses granted by variance;
- If essential for the allowed use of land adjacent to the W.W.P.D.

Such approval may be granted after the submission of plans describing the activities and after proper public notice and public hearing. Such plans shall also be submitted to the Conservation Commission and Code Enforcement Administrator (CEA) for their review and comment at the public hearing. The Planning Board's action on proposals shall be based on whether the proposed action is consistent with the intents and purposes of *Section 601* of this ordinance and documented accordingly. The following statement must be entered on the plan.

601.4.8.1 NOTE: No structure may be erected nor shall any alteration of the surface configuration of the land be permitted in the Wetland and Watershed Protection District, except as authorized by this approval.

601.4.8.2. Where any activity requiring Planning Board approval is proposed within the WWPD, the plan shall also indicate: the location and limits of the proposed activity; the construction techniques and sequence to be used in constructing the proposed improvements; and the protective measures to be employed to minimize the disturbance and/or degradation of the WWPD.

601.4.8.3. Where any activity requiring Planning Board approval is proposed within the WWPD, the applicant shall also submit evidence that: the WWPD disturbance is the minimum necessary to affect the proposed improvements; the proposed activity will not contribute to the degradation of surface or groundwater quality; the proposed activity is appropriate and safe to locate in the WWPD; and, the proposal is consistent with the intent and purpose of Section 601 of the Windham Zoning Ordinance. At a minimum, the Applicant shall submit:

1. Plans showing profiles, cross-sections, and elevations at 50-foot maximum intervals, for any proposed street, drives, access ways, or other disturbance of the WWPD;
2. Two (2) sets of color photographs (of minimum 4" x 6" size) taken in both directions along the centerline of any proposed street or access way at intervals corresponding with the intervals delineated on the plans submitted in accordance with 601.4.8.3.a.

601.4.9 Non-accessory building and structures closer than fifty (50) feet to the W.W.P.D. shall require review by planning staff. Planning Board review shall only be required at the applicant's request. The purpose of this section is to allocate room for swimming pools, decks, sheds, and lawn areas to be constructed outside of the W.W.P.D.

601.5 Test Procedures: Plant and soil surveys needed to determine the extent and location of a W.W.P.D. shall be subject to the review and approval of the Planning Board in consultation with the Conservation Commission. Such surveys as are required shall be conducted by a soil scientist, botanist, or other person qualified to determine soil conditions and identify wetland plant species and shall be completed at the expense of landowner/developer. A complete report of the survey(s) shall be filed with the Planning Board.

602. Rural District: The Rural District is intended as a district for rural, residential, and noncommercial uses.

602.1 Uses Permitted:

602.1.1. Uses permitted in the Wetland and Watershed Protection District, Paragraph **601.3:**

602.1.1.1 Intentionally omitted

602.1.1.2 Agriculture, done in accordance with best management practices adopted by the commissioner of agriculture, markets, and food, Rockingham County Conservation District, and UNH Cooperative Extension. All Farm Animal “Housing Boundary Setbacks”, as outlined in the best management practices, are to be measured from the property lines.

602.1.1.3 Water impoundment’s and well supplies;

602.1.1.4 Drainage ways, streams, creeks or other paths of normal run-off water;

602.1.1.5 Wildlife refuge;

602.1.1.6 Open space as may be permitted by Subdivision Regulations and other sections of this Ordinance;

602.1.1.7 Overnight parking as permitted in *Section 603.1.5*.

602.1.2 One (1) single-family detached dwelling per lot.

602.1.3 Boarding houses or rooming houses for not more than four (4) persons, provided that the house is also occupied as a private residence.

602.1.4 Agriculture, as accessory use to a residential use when done in accordance with best management practices adopted by the commissioner of agriculture, markets, and food, Rockingham Country Conservation District, and UNH Cooperative Extension. All Farm Animal “Housing Boundary Setbacks”, as outlined in the best management practices, are to be measured from the property lines.

602.1.5 Kennels for pets and animals for use of the residents of the premises.

602.1.6 Customary Home Occupation

602.1.6.1 The purpose of the Customary Home Occupation ordinance is to allow diversity in employment available to Town residents, to support the variety of uses characteristic of small towns, and to allow reasonable growth. At the same time, the Ordinance intends to protect the character of the Town's residential neighborhoods and keep neighborhood residents free from nuisance.

602.1.6.2 A Customary Home Occupation shall be permitted by Conditional Use Permit by the Planning Board, per NH RSA 674:21. Site Plan Review by the Planning Board is not required.

602.1.6.3 The use of a room in a dwelling as a home office by a resident/occupant is an allowed use and does not require a Conditional Use Permit, provided that the use does not generate any traffic such as (i) deliveries or pickup of supplies or materials in excess of normal residential use, or (ii) clients coming to the property.

602.1.6.4 A Customary Home Occupation shall be carried out primarily on the premises, by those residing on the property and shall not change the residential character thereof. Upon request, the Planning Board is authorized to permit the employment of one additional employee.

602.1.6.5 No exterior renovations or construction, nor the public display of goods or wares or the exterior storage of material will be permitted

602.1.6.6 The Customary Home Occupation shall be clearly incidental and secondary to the residential use and shall not change the residential character of the neighborhood.

602.1.6.7 The Customary Home Occupation shall not occupy more than 25% of the normal living area of the dwelling.

602.1.6.8 A Customary Home Occupation will not adversely affect neighboring properties, by reason of any unusual signage, lighting, noise, odors, or traffic.

602.1.6.9 The Planning Board shall consider the recommendation of the Code Enforcement Officer as to the adequacy of the water supply, sewage disposal system, and driveway entrances.

602.1.6.10 No additional parking areas in excess of those necessary for normal residential purposes will be allowed. On-street parking for Customary Home Occupations is not allowed.

602.1.6.11 No equipment or process shall be used which creates visual or audible electrical interference in any radio or television receiver off the premises or causes fluctuations in line voltage off the premises.

602.1.6.12 The Planning Board may impose such conditions and restrictions as it deems necessary to protect the residential character of the neighborhood.

602.1.6.13 In all cases where a Conditional Use Permit for a Customary Home Occupation is applied for, the person applying must complete and sign an application form that sets forth the nature of the Customary Home Occupation and provides the details of the business and scope of operations. The applicant shall comply with the conditions set forth in the granting of the Conditional Use Permit and the failure to comply will result in the revocation of the Conditional Use Permit.

602.1.7 Accessory buildings and use.

602.1.8 Intentionally omitted

602.1.9 Accessory Apartments:

602.1.9.1 Purpose: To increase housing alternatives while maintaining neighborhood aesthetics and quality.

602.1.9.2 Definitions:

Accessory Apartment: A dwelling unit, which contains all the amenities of a single family dwelling unit and that is either attached (by way of a common wall or floor), or contained wholly within the principle single family dwelling.

Property Owner: For purposes of this subsection, a property owner is one or more natural persons who have current possessory fee ownership in the land and buildings situated thereon which constitutes the lot and the primary and accessory dwelling.

Common Wall or Floor: The wall or floor that separates the living space of the primary dwelling unit from the living space of the accessory apartment.

602.1.9.3 Rules & Regulations:

602.1.9.3.1 Maximum of one (1) accessory apartment per property.

602.1.9.3.2 The property owner must occupy one of the two dwelling units.

602.1.9.3.3 The property and use must conform to all of the Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance and Land Use Regulations, other applicable land use regulations and building, life safety and health codes.

602.1.9.3.4 The exterior entrances of the primary & accessory dwellings shall be designed such that they have the characteristics and appearances of a single family residence.

602.1.9.3.5 The accessory apartment may not exceed 950 square feet of occupied floor space.

602.1.9.3.6 The driveway shall be designed so as to appear as a driveway of a single family residence.

602.1.9.3.7 The septic and water systems shall meet NH DES and Town requirements for either the combined use of one system for both the primary and accessory dwelling units or the addition of systems for the accessory apartment.

602.1.9.3.8 A minimum of one dedicated off-street parking space shall be provided for the accessory apartment.

602.1.9.3.9 The structure and lot shall not be converted to a condominium or any other form of legal ownership distinct from the ownership of the existing single family residence. In order to assure compliance with this requirement, the property owners at the time the accessory apartment is established shall be required to execute a restrictive covenant, easement or development restriction deed running in favor of the Town, which shall be recorded in the Rockingham County Registry of Deeds and a copy provided to the Community Development Department and the Assessor prior to the issuance of a certificate of Occupancy.

602.1.9.3.10 An accessory apartment shall not be permitted on property where more than one dwelling unit currently exists.

602.1.10 Home-Based Day Care: Home-Based Day Care, which includes a Family Group Day Care Home or a Family Day Care Home (both as defined below) is permitted in the same fashion as a Customary Home Occupation, and shall be permitted by the obtaining of a Conditional Use Permit issued by the Planning Board, applying the purpose and criteria found in Section 602.1.6.1 and having the same conditions as are found in Sections 602.1.6.4, 602.1.6.6, 602.1.6.7, 602.1.6.8, 602.1.6.10, 602.1.6.12 and 602.1.6.13.

602.1.10.1 Family Group Day Care Home: An occupied residence in which child day care is provided for less than 24 hours per day, except in emergencies, for 7 to 12 children from one or more unrelated families. The 12 children shall include all children related to the caregiver and any foster children residing in the home, except children who are 10 years of age or older. In addition to the 12 children, up to 5 children attending a full day school program may also be cared for up to 5 hours per day on school days and all day during school holidays.

602.1.10.2 Family Day Care Home: An occupied residence in which child day care is provided for less than 24 hours per day, except in emergencies, for up to 6 children from one or more unrelated families. The 6 children shall include any foster children residing in the home and all children who are related to the caregiver except children who are 10 years of age or older. In addition to the 6 children, up to 3 children attending a full day school program may also be cared for up to 5 hours per day on school days and all day during school holidays.

602.2 Uses Permitted Upon Site Plan Application and Review as Provided in Windham Site Plan Regulations: Where at the time of development the site is abutting a residentially developed area, no structure or parking lot which requires a site plan review shall be permitted within 100 feet of the side and/or rear property line that abuts the residentially developed area. This area shall be used as a buffer zone and shall provide adequate screening to the adjoining lots.

602.2.1 Public and parochial schools, museums, playgrounds, churches, or parish houses.

602.2.2 Private schools, including schools of dance and music, nursery schools and colleges with or without dormitory facilities, provided adequate off-street parking areas in accord with Windham Site Plan Regulations are provided and there is no external change of appearance of any dwelling converted for such use but not including outdoor, overnight storage of commercial vehicles or the outdoor storage of more than one unregistered vehicle.

602.2.3 Cemeteries, hospitals, sanitariums, or other medical institutions, including non-profit research laboratories, nursing homes or charitable institutions.

602.2.4 Golf courses of at least 9 holes, not including miniature golf, are allowed. The golf course must have sufficient off-street parking areas in conformance with Section 704 Off Street Parking and Loading Areas, Section 705 Open Space and Landscaping Requirements, and the site plan regulations. Clubhouse, pro-shop, locker room, snack bar, parking and maintenance facilities associated with the golf course are considered part of the golf course. No structure or parking lot is permitted within 100 feet of the side or rear property lines of the golf course. Ancillary facilities may be developed in conjunction with a golf course but are limited to a restaurant, a function hall, racquet and/or outdoor tennis courts, putting greens, driving range, and a fitness center. The ancillary facilities shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the area of the golf course and shall be contiguous. Such facilities shall be permitted to continue operation only as long as the golf course is operating and maintained in good condition.

602.2.5 Pitch and Putt and Par3 golf courses of at least 9 holes, not including miniature golf or driving ranges, are allowed. Permitted facilities to support the golf course include clubhouse, pro-shop, locker room, snack bar, parking, and maintenance facilities. Facilities operated out of existing structures or facilities utilizing areas of 1,000 square feet or less connected to an existing structure, are exempt from the setback requirements but can be no closer than existing building setbacks. Otherwise, no structure or parking lot is permitted within 100 feet of the side or rear property lines of the golf course. The ancillary facilities shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the area of the golf course and shall be contiguous. Such facilities shall be permitted to continue operation only as long as the golf course is operating and maintained in good condition.

602.2.6 Farm, Agriculture, Farming if this is the primary use of the property

603. Residence District A, B, and C: The Residence Districts are intended as an area district for residences:

603.1 Uses Permitted in the Residence A, B, & C Districts:

603.1.1 One single-family detached dwelling per lot.

603.1.2 . Agriculture, as accessory use to a residential use when done in accordance with best management practices adopted by the commissioner of agriculture, markets, and food, Rockingham Country Conservation District, and UNH Cooperative Extension. All Farm Animal “Housing Boundary Setbacks”, as outlined in the best management practices, are to be measured from the property lines.

603.1.3 Accessory buildings and uses.

603.1.4 In Residence “B” there is also permitted structures containing more than one (1) dwelling unit. There shall be a maximum of six (6) dwelling units per multifamily dwelling. Structures containing more than two (2) dwelling units shall be subject to Site Plan Review.

603.1.5 There may be outdoor, overnight parking of one commercial vehicle having less than 6,000 G.V.W. and two or less axles. The outdoor, overnight parking of one unregistered motor vehicle is permitted. (For recreational vehicles, see Section 709)

603.1.6 Accessory apartments as permitted in Section 602.1.9.

603.1.7 Home Occupations as permitted in Section 602.1.6.

603.1.8 Home-Based Day Care, as permitted in Section 602.1.10, is allowed in the Residence A District.

603.2 Additional Uses in the Residence District C:

603.2.1 Manufactured housing parks, provided that there is conformance with the Town of Windham, NH design and construction standards and in the Subdivision and Site Plan Regulations:

603.2.1.1 That all utility wires must be underground.

603.2.1.2 Approval by the Windham Board of Health.

603.2.1.3 Subject to Site Plan review by the Planning Board.

The number of residential units in a Manufactured Home Park shall be calculated as follows:

603.2.1.4 Remove the following non-buildable areas: regulatory floodway, wetlands, and the Wetland and Watershed Protection Districts;

603.2.1.5 Remove the parcel’s front, side and rear yards as non-buildable areas;

603.2.1.6 Add up the remaining buildable area in acres and multiply by three (3) or 1.5 in the Aquifer Protection District to determine the maximum amount of residential units;

603.2.1.7 Set aside a minimum of one (1) acre of contiguous buildable area or W.W.P.D. for common open space per ten (10) residential units.

603.2.1.8 Each manufactured home shall have at least 7,500 square feet of lease lot area. This area shall be at least seventy-five feet (75') wide;

603.2.1.8.1 Each manufactured home shall be set back from another manufactured home by at least twenty feet (20');

603.2.1.8.2 Every manufactured home shall have two off-street parking spaces on each lease lot. For every five (5) manufactured homes there shall be one (1) recreational vehicle parking space in a community parking lot.

603.2.2 Residential C must meet all requirements of Residential A, table of requirements, except manufactured housing shall be allowed with the following requirements:

603.2.2.1 Manufactured housing must be built in conformance with all acceptable building codes of the Town of Windham.

603.2.2.2 All requirements listed in Table of Requirements must be met with the exception of the living area per unit which shall be 600 square feet minimum.

604. Neighborhood Business District:

The Neighborhood Business District is intended primarily for business which provides goods and services for the residents of the area.

604.1 Uses permitted, subject to Site Plan Approval as provided in Windham Site Plan Regulations.

604.1.1 Retail store or service establishment, the principle activity of which shall be the offering of goods or services at retail within the building, for supply of the normal shopping needs of and for consumption by the residents of the area. Store sign lights must be off after 10:00 p.m. and store must close at 11:00 p.m.

604.1.2 Business or professional offices and banks.

604.1.3 Restaurants or other places for serving food within the structure. No food or drink shall be served after 10 p.m. Drive-throughs are not permitted.

604.1.4 Parking areas or garages for use of employees, customers, or visitors, subject to design standards in Section 704.

604.1.5 Accessory building and uses.

604.1.6 Signs as provided in Windham Sign Ordinance.

604.1.7 Assembly halls, banquet halls, kindergartens and nursery schools.

604.1.8 A single dwelling unit allowed as an accessory use to a commercial enterprise provided it is contained within the same structure.

604.1.9 Overnight parking as permitted in Section 603.1.5.

604.1.10 Farm, Agriculture, Farming if this is the primary use of the property.

605. Business Commercial District A and B and Gateway Commercial District: The Business-Commercial District A is intended primarily for business which provides goods and services to the motoring and transient public.

605.1 Uses permitted in the Business Commercial A District subject to Site Plan approval as provided in Windham Site Plan Regulations.

605.1.1 Uses permitted in a Neighborhood-Business District, Section 604.1:

605.1.1.1 Retail store or service establishment, the principle activity of which shall be the offering of goods or services at retail within the building, for supply of the normal shopping needs of, and for consumption by, the residents of the area.

605.1.1.2 Business or professional offices or banks.

605.1.1.3 Parking areas or garages for use of employees, customers or visitors subject to design standards in Section 704. Drive-throughs are not permitted.

605.1.1.4 Accessory building and uses.

605.1.1.5 Signs as provided in Windham Sign Ordinance.

605.1.2 Hotel, motels, or lodging houses.

605.1.3 Restaurants or other places for serving food. Drive-throughs are not permitted.

605.1.4 Gasoline service stations, garages and repair shops provided that:

605.1.4.1 Repairs shall be limited to minor repairs and adjustments unless conducted in a building.

605.1.4.2 There shall be no storage of motor vehicles, appliances and equipment on the premises other than those in process of repair or awaiting delivery or in an enclosed structure or required in the operation of the service stations, garages or repair shops.

605.1.4.3 Gasoline service stations with fuel storage tanks serving: 1) the general public, or 2) members of a retail membership club, shall not be located within 1,000 feet of a water body used for domestic water supply as measured from the normal high water mark or within 1,000 feet of an Aquifer Protection District.

605.1.5 Salesroom and all outside sales areas require Site Plan approval by the Planning Board.

605.1.6 Funeral homes, mortuaries or crematories.

605.1.7 Passenger depots, terminals and utility structures.

605.1.8 Membership clubs.

605.1.9 Theaters, halls, bowling alleys, skating rinks, clubs, other places of amusement or assembly and museums, providing all business is conducted within the building.

605.1.10 Telephone exchange buildings, radio stations, television stations, commercial antenna structures, and other utility structures subject to the provisions of Section 701.3.

605.1.11 Adult Entertainment Ordinance:

605.1.11.1 Purpose and Intent: It is the purpose of this article to establish reasonable and uniform regulations to prevent the concentration of sexually oriented businesses within the Town of Windham; and, it is the intent to promote the health, safety and general welfare of the citizens of the Town of Windham; and, it is the intent of this article that the regulations

be utilized to prevent problems of blight and deterioration which accompany and are brought about by the concentration of sexually oriented businesses; and, the provisions of this amendment have neither the purpose nor the effect of imposing limitation or restriction on the content of any communicative materials, including sexually oriented materials; and, it is not the intent nor effect of this article to restrict or deny access by adults to sexually oriented materials protected by the First Amendment, or to deny access by the distributors and exhibitors of sexually oriented entertainment to their intended market; and, neither is it the intent nor effect of this article to condone or legitimize the distribution of obscene material.

605.1.11.2 Definitions of Sexually Oriented Businesses: A sexually oriented business is any place of business at which any of the following activities is conducted:

Adult Bookstore or Adult Video Store: A business that devotes more than 15% of the total display, shelf, rack, table, stand or floor area, utilized for the display and sale of the following:

1. Books, magazines, periodicals, or other printed matter, or photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, tapes, records, CD-ROMS or other forms of visual or audio representations which meet the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1; or,
2. Instruments, devices or paraphernalia which are designed for use in connection with “sexual conduct” as defined in RSA 571-B:1, other than birth control devices

An adult bookstore or adult video store does not include an establishment that sells books or periodicals as an incidental or accessory part of its principal stock and trade and does not devote more than 15% of the total floor area of the establishment to the sale of books and periodicals.

Adult Motion Picture Theater: An establishment with a capacity of five or more persons, where for any form of consideration, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides or similar photographic reproductions are shown, and in which a substantial portion of the total presentation time is devoted to the showing of material which meets the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1, for observation by patron. For the purposes of this Section and subsections C, D, E, F, and G, a substantial portion of the total presentation time shall mean the presentation of films or shows described above for viewing on more than seven (7) days within any fifty-six (56) consecutive day period.

Editorial Note: The reference to subsections C, D, E, F, and G is the next five definitions - Adult motion picture arcade, Adult drive in theater, Adult cabaret, Adult motel, and Adult theater.

Adult Motion Picture Arcade: Any place to which the public is permitted or invited wherein coin or slug-operated or electronically, electrically or mechanically controlled still or motion picture machines, projectors, or other image-producing devices are maintained to

show images to four (4) or fewer persons per machines at any one time, in which a substantial portion of the total presentation time of the images so displayed is devoted to the showing of material which means the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1.

Adult Drive-In Theater: An open lot or part thereof, with appurtenant facilities, devoted primarily to the presentation of motion picture, films, theatrical productions and other forms of visual productions, for any form of consideration to persons in motor vehicles or on outdoor seats, in which a substantial portion of the total presentation time being presented for observation by patrons is devoted to the showing of material which meets the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1

Adult Cabaret: A nightclub, bar, restaurant, or similar establishment which during a substantial portion of the total presentation time feature live performances which meet the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1, and/or feature films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides or other photographic reproductions, a substantial portion of the total presentation time of which is devoted to showing of material which meets the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “Sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1

Adult Motel: A motel or similar establishment offering public accommodations for any form of consideration which provides patrons with closed circuit television transmissions, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides or other photographic reproductions, a substantial portion of the total presentation time of which are distinguished or characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of materials which meet the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1.

Adult Theater: A theater, concert hall, auditorium or similar establishment either indoor or outdoor in nature, which, for any form of consideration, regularly features live performances, a substantial portion of the total presentation time of which are distinguished or characterized by emphasis on activities which meet the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1.

Nude Model Studio: A place where a person who appears in a state of nudity or displays male genitals in a state of sexual arousal and/or the vulva or more intimate parts of the female genitals and is observed, sketched, drawn, painted, sculptured, photographed, or similarly depicted by other persons who pay money or any form of consideration or such display is characterized by an emphasis on activities which meets the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1.

Sexual Encounter Center: A business or commercial enterprise that as one of its primary business purposes, offers for any form of consideration: (a) physical contact in the form of wrestling or tumbling between persons of the opposite sex; or (b) activities between male and female persons and/or persons of the same sex when one or more persons is in the state of nudity; or where the activities in (a) or (b) is characterized by an emphasis on activities which meets the definition of “harmful to minors” and/or “sexual conduct” as set forth in RSA 571-B:1.

605.1.11.3 Allowed Locations and Location Restrictions of Sexually Oriented Businesses:

SEXUALLY ORIENTED BUSINESSES, as defined above shall be permitted only within the following designated area of the Business Commercial A District:

That part of the Business A District bounded on the south by the Windham/Salem Town line, on the west by the former B&M Railroad right of way, on the north by the southerly side of Roulston Road, and crossing Route 28 on the southerly side of former Witch Hazel Road, and easterly by line drawn 500 feet easterly of and perpendicular to center line of Route 28; provided that all other regulations, requirements and restrictions in the Business Commercial A zone are met; and no sexually oriented business shall be permitted within 1,000 feet of another existing sexually oriented business, and no other sexually oriented business shall be permitted within a building, premise, structure or other facility that contains a sexually oriented business as defined in paragraphs A through I above.

605.1.11.4 Measure of Distance: The distance between any two sexually oriented businesses shall be measured in a straight line, without regard to intervening structures, from the closest exterior structural wall or temporary or permanent physical divider between each business.

605.1.11.5 Additional Reasonable Regulations: The Planning Board is empowered hereunder to review and approve permit applications for sexually oriented businesses and impose reasonable restrictions for buffering, outdoor lighting, parking, adequate ingress and egress from the site off of and onto public roads, pedestrian movement, and to provide for appropriate landscaping and building aesthetics in the “Site Plan Review Regulations of the Town of Windham, New Hampshire,” and to avoid site development layout which may result in negative environmental impacts.

605.1.11.6 Severability: The invalidity of any section or provisions of this article shall not invalidate any other section of provision thereof.

605.1.12 Retail and Wholesale automobile sales utilizing outdoor display areas shall be at least 1,500 feet apart. The distance shall be measured in a straight line, without regard to intervening structures, from the closest lot line.

605.2 The Business Commercial District B is Intended Primarily for Business Which Provides Services to the Public:

605.2.1 Uses Permitted: Subject to Site Plan Approval as provided in Windham Site Plan Regulations:

605.2.1.1 Hotels, motels

605.2.1.2 Restaurants. Drive-throughs are not permitted.

605.2.1.3 Membership clubs, halls

605.2.1.4 Accessory buildings and uses

605.2.1.5 Business or professional offices or banks

605.2.1.6 Telephone exchange buildings, radio stations, television stations, commercial antenna structures, and other utility structures subject to the provisions of Section 701.3.

605.3 Gateway Commercial District:

605.3.1 Authority and Purpose: This Section is adopted pursuant to the authority of RSA 674:16 and RSA 674:21 and shall be known as the Gateway Commercial District. If any provisions of this section differs or appears to conflict with any provisions of the Zoning Ordinance or other ordinance or regulation, the provisions of this section shall govern.

The purpose of the Gateway Commercial District is to:

Recognize the District's close proximity to and visibility from the Interstate Highway and from State Routes 111 and 111A;

Provide for an area of high quality commercial development at the major highway interchange within the Town;

Allow mixed uses of retail and professional offices in the Route 93 Exit 3 area;

Minimize sprawl and encourage sustainable commercial development in the I-93 Exit 3 area;

Maintain efficient traffic circulation to facilitate the safe and convenient movement of people and goods;

Enhance the aesthetic quality and economic vitality of the Exit 3 area and the tax base of the Town of Windham;

Establish an area for businesses that provide goods and services to the residents of Windham and the transient public;

Ensure that new projects in the District will be of architectural merit and be designed to take advantage of their proximity to the Interstate highway system;

The purpose of the District will be accomplished through the performance and design standards that all new projects within the District must satisfy.

605.3.2 Uses Permitted: Subject to Site Plan approval as provided in the Windham Site Plan Regulations: Retail and wholesale sales establishments (excluding wholesale warehouse distribution centers); eating and drinking establishments where consumption is primarily intended to be on the premises; medical and professional offices; business services; banks; civic, public, and institutional facilities; schools; day care facilities; and personal and professional services. Accessory buildings and uses, customarily associated with and incidental to the above referenced permitted uses, shall be allowed subject to Site Plan review and approval.

605.3.2.1 Retail and wholesales establishments (excluding wholesale warehouse distribution centers);

605.3.2.2 Eating and drinking establishments where consumption is primarily intended to be on the premises;

605.3.2.3 Medical and professional offices

605.3.2.4 Business services;

605.3.2.5 Banks; civic, public, and institutional facilities;

605.3.2.6 Schools; day care facilities;

605.3.2.7 Personal and professional services;

605.3.2.8 Accessory buildings and uses, customarily associated with and incidental to the above referenced permitted uses, shall be allowed subject to Site Plan review and approval.

605.3.3 Performance Standards: Development proposals shall conform to the development standards prescribed in the Town of Windham Site Plan Review Regulations. Additionally, the following Performance Standards shall apply to all developments within the Gateway Commercial District:

605.3.3.1 A minimum twenty-foot (20') landscaped buffer shall be required on any lot line where the abutting parcel is not situated within the Gateway Commercial District. The Planning Board may waive planting requirements where it deems visual or safety issues exist. Existing improvements that are situated within the landscaped buffer, and which are to be retained and reused as part of any Plan, may be permitted to remain within the buffer area;

605.3.3.2 Shared parking facilities and driveways shall be encouraged and provided where feasible. Parking spaces requirements may be reduced where shared parking is designed to maximize complimentary uses provided the Applicant can demonstrate, pursuant to Section 704 of this Zoning Ordinance, that sufficient parking will be available when it is needed. The use of parking decks is not required, but consideration of their possible use is encouraged where feasible to reduce the footprint of the area of required parking;

605.3.3.3 There shall be fifty-feet (50') of lot frontage required on a Class V or better road. For the purposes of this subsection, frontage along Interstate 93 shall not be counted;

605.3.3.4 There shall be no front, side or rear lot line setback requirements except that there shall be a 20-foot setback from the Route 111 right-of-way, and the Route 111A right-of-way. The Planning Board shall consult with the Windham Fire Department and the Windham Police Department in determining the proper location, siting and separation of proposed structures so as to insure that proper emergency access is incorporated into the design of the site;

605.3.3.5 Public and private roads and driveways within this district should be designed to include traffic calming techniques (e.g. speed reduction measures);

605.3.3.6 Existing buildings, with historical significance, as recommended by the Heritage Commission, should be preserved and reused for allowed uses with shared parking and driveways. Such shared parking should be located and designed to minimize its visual impact;

605.3.3.7 The mixed use of buildings is encouraged – for example retail uses on the first floor, and office uses on the second floor – provided the nature and operation of the uses are sufficiently complimentary so as not to conflict.

605.3.3.8 Open squares or plazas, and pedestrian walkways, shall be provided. The Planning Board shall require pedestrian and bicycle access and circulation as an integral element of the design of any site. Where deemed appropriate, the Planning Board may require the Applicant to provide for the extension of pedestrian/bicycle access ways to the property lines, and the interconnection of access ways with those on adjacent parcels. All open squares, plazas, pedestrian walkways and bicycle paths may be used to satisfy minimum open space requirements;

605.3.3.9 All utilities shall be located underground, except where specifically exempted by the Planning Board.

605.3.4 There shall be no minimum lot size. However the Applicant must demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Planning Board, that there are adequate utilities, parking, water supply, and sewage disposal capacity – either on-site or available to the site – to safely support the use(s) proposed for the subject site. Where an applicant is proposing or contemplating the use of cooperative agreements, easements, covenants, or other such legal contracts, copies of all such documents shall be submitted to the Planning Board for its review and approval. Any such documents shall also be reviewed by Town Counsel to ensure legal form, ownership, and enforceability;

605.3.5 The Planning Board will review each proposal for compliance with the stated purpose of the district to promote a mixture of complimentary land uses.

605.4 Conditions for Approval: Conditions for approval of permitted uses in the Business Commercial Districts A and B, and the Gateway Commercial District, shall be as provided in Section 606.2.

606. Limited Industrial District: The Limited Industrial District is intended for use by research laboratories, office buildings and industries which are compatible with a low-density, rural residential community.

606.1 Uses permitted: upon approval of a Site Plan as required in Windham Site Plan Regulations:

606.1.1 Research laboratories, office buildings or banks.

606.1.2 Manufacturing enterprises, provided that such activities will not be offensive, injurious or noxious because of sewerage and refuse, vibration, smoke or gas, fumes, dust or dirt, odors, danger of combustion or unsightliness.

606.1.3 Building materials warehouses with an accessory sales room of less than 500 square feet, utility structures, contractor's yards, storage warehouses and buildings and wholesale distribution plants, provided that all loading and unloading is done at the rear of the building in covered berths and provided all materials and equipment stored outside are screened from view from public ways or abutting properties in a residence district except that items on display for retail sales need be screened only from properties in a residential district.

606.1.4 Printing or publishing establishments, photographic studios, medical or dental laboratories, subject to the restrictions in Sections 606.1.2 and 606.1.3.

606.1.5 Cafeterias for employees and other normal accessory uses, when contained in the same structure as a permitted use.

606.1.6 An apartment in a principle structure for occupancy by a watchman or caretaker.

606.1.7 Gasoline service stations, garages and repair shops provided that:

606.1.7.1 Repairs shall be limited to minor repairs and adjustments unless conducted in a building.

606.1.7.2 There shall be no storage of motor vehicles, appliances and equipment on the premises other than those in process of repair or awaiting delivery or in an enclosed structure or required in the operation of the service stations, garages or repair shops.

606.1.7.3 Gasoline service stations with fuel storage tanks serving: 1) the general public, or 2) members of a retail membership club, shall not be located within 1,000 feet of a water body used for domestic water supply as measured from the normal high water mark or within 1,000 feet of an Aquifer Protection District.

606.1.8 Passenger depots, terminals and utility structures.

606.1.9 Telephone exchange buildings, radio stations and other utility structures.

606.1.10 Restaurants.

606.1.11 Contractor yards and storage yards.

606.1.12 Firearms shooting ranges, whether indoor or outdoor, shall be allowed only in the Limited Industrial District. No firearms shooting range shall be allowed within 300 feet of any occupied building. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an otherwise allowed building from being constructed within this setback from a pre-existing firearms shooting range.

606.1.13 Health, fitness, and recreational establishments with primarily indoor facilities.

606.2 Conditions for Approval:

606.2.1 Building Construction: All buildings shall be of construction prescribed in the Building Code of the Town of Windham.

606.2.2 Odor, Dust and Smoke: No such emissions shall be discernible beyond the property line or in the case of an industrial park development or of multiple use of the property, beyond one hundred feet (100') of the building generating the emission, except that in no case shall the discharge from any source exceed the following limits:

606.2.2.1 Smoke measured at the point of discharge into the air shall not exceed a density of No. 1 on the Ringlemen Smoke Chart as published by the U.S. Bureau of Mines, except that a smoke of a density not darker than No. 2 on the Ringleman Chart may be emitted for not more than three (3) minutes in any one (1) hour.

606.2.2.2 Lime dust, as CaO, measured at the property line of any lot on which the activity creates such dust shall not exceed ten (10) micrograms per cubic meter of air.

606.2.2.3 Total particulate matter measured at all stacks or other points of emission to the air shall not exceed thirty (30) grams per hour per acre of land included in the lot.

606.2.2.4 All measurements of air pollution shall be by the procedures and with equipment approved by the Building Inspector, which procedures and equipment shall be of the latest generally recognized development and design readily available.

606.2.2.5 No open burning is permitted.

606.2.3 Omitted

606.2.4 Heat, Glare, Vibration and Radiation: No heat, glare or vibration shall be discernible without instruments from the outside of any structure and no nuclear radiation shall be discernible from the outside of the structure with or without instruments

606.2.5 Exterior Lighting: No exterior lighting, other than street lighting approved by the Selectmen, shall shine on adjacent properties or towards any street.

606.2.6 Storage: All materials, supplies and equipment shall be stored in accord with Occupancy Standards and Process Hazards of the National Fire Protection Association National Fire Codes Volume 9 as amended, and shall be screened from view from public ways or abutting properties.

606.2.7 Waste Disposal and Water Supply: Regulations of the Town Board of Health shall be met and shall be as indicated on the approved Site Plan. Hazardous waste materials shall not be disposed of on-site, or stored on site for more than thirty (30) days. “Hazardous Waste” shall be as defined by state and federal regulations. (See appropriate RSA #, or as amended.)

606.2.8 Screening, Surfacing, Parking and Signs: As provided in Section 700, of this Ordinance.

606.2.9 Neighborhood Impacts: Any potential neighborhood impacts from traffic, noise from construction, and hours of operation shall be identified by the Applicant and a mitigation plan submitted to the Planning Board for review and approval.

607. Flood Plain District: This ordinance, adopted pursuant to the authority of RSA 674:16, shall be known as the Town of Windham Floodplain Development Ordinance. The regulations in this ordinance shall overlay and supplement the regulations in the Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance, and shall be considered part of the Zoning Ordinance for purposes of administration and appeals under state law. If any provision of this ordinance differs or appears to conflict with any provision of the Zoning Ordinance or other ordinance or regulations, the provision imposing the greater restriction or more stringent standard shall be controlling.

The following regulations in this ordinance shall apply to all lands designated as special flood hazard areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in its “Flood Insurance Study for Rockingham County, New Hampshire” dated May 17, 2005 or as amended, together with the associated Flood Insurance Rate Map Panels numbered 528, 529, 531, 532, 533, 534,536,537, 538,539, 541, 543,545, 551, 553, and 561 dated May 17, 2005 or as amended, which are declared to be part of this ordinance and are hereby incorporated.

607.1 Definition of Terms: The following definitions shall apply only to this Floodplain development Ordinance, and shall not be affected by, the provisions of any other ordinance of the Town of Windham.

Area of Special Flood Hazard: Is the land in the floodplain within the Town of Windham subject to a one-percent or greater possibility of flooding in any given year. The area is designated on the FIRM as Zones A and AE.

Base Flood: Means the flood having a one-percent possibility of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.

Basement: Means any area of a building having a floor subgrade on all sides.

Building: See “Structure.”

Development: Means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation, drilling operation, or storage of equipment or materials.

FEMA: Means the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

Flood or Flooding: Means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:

1. The overflow of inland or tidal waters.
2. The unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of waters from any source.

Flood Elevation Study: Means an examination, evaluation, and determination of flood hazards and if appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations, or an examination and determination of mudslide or flood - related erosion hazards.

Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM): Means an official map incorporated with this ordinance, on which FEMA has delineated both the special flood hazard areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the Town of Windham.

Flood Insurance Study: See “Flood Elevation Study.”

Floodplain or Flood-prone Area: Means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source (see definition of “flooding”).

Flood Proofing: Means any combination of structural and non-structural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitation facilities, structures and their contents.

Floodway: See “Regulatory Floodway.”

Functionally Dependent Use: Means a use which cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water. The term includes only docking and port facilities that are necessary for the loading/unloading of cargo or passengers, and ship building/repair facilities but does not include long-term storage or related manufacturing facilities.

Highest Adjacent Grade: Means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface prior to construction next to the proposed walls of a structure.

Historic Structure: Means any structure that is:

1. Listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Dept. of Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
2. Certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
3. Individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
4. Individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
 - a. By an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior, or
 - b. Directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

Lowest Floor: Means the lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement). an unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building’s lowest floor; provided, that such an enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of this ordinance.

Manufactured Home: Means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities. For floodplain management purposes the term “manufactured home” includes park trailers, travel trailers, and other similar vehicles placed on site for greater than 180 days. This includes manufactured homes located in a manufactured home park or subdivision.

Manufactured Home Park or Subdivision: Means a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.

Mean Sea Level: Means the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929 or other datum, to which base flood elevations shown on a communities Flood Insurance Rate Map are referenced.

New Construction: Means, for the purposes of determining insurance rates, structures for which the start of construction” commenced on or after the effective date of an initial FIRM or after December 31, 1974, whichever is later, and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures. For floodplain management purposes, *new construction* means structures for which the *start of construction* commenced on or after the effective date of a floodplain management regulation adopted by a community and includes any subsequent improvements to such structures.

100-year Flood: See “Base Flood.”

Recreational Vehicle: Means a vehicle which is (1) built on a single chassis; (2) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projection; (3) designed to be self propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck; and (4) designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel or seasonal use.

Regulatory Floodway: Means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height.

Special Flood Hazard Area: See “Area of Special Flood Hazard”.

Structure: Means for floodplain management purposes, a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank, that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home.

Start of Construction: Includes substantial improvements, and means the date the building permit was issued, provided the actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, placement, or other improvement was within 180 days of the permit date. The actual start means either the first placement of permanent construction of a structure on site, such as the pouring of slab or footings, the installation of piles, the construction of columns or any work beyond the stage of excavation; or the placement of manufactured home on a foundation. Permanent construction does not include land preparation, such as clearing, grading and filling; nor does it include the installation of streets and/or walkways; nor does it include excavation for a basement, footings, piers, or foundations or the erection of temporary forms; nor does it include the installation on the property of accessory buildings, such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or part of the main structure.

Substantial Damage: Means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.

Substantial Improvement: Means any combination of repairs, reconstruction, alteration, or improvements to a structure in which the cumulative cost equals or exceeds fifty percent of the market value of the structure. The market value of the structure should equal: (1) the appraised value prior to the start of the initial repair or improvement, or (2) in the case of damage, the value of the structure prior to the damage occurring. For the purposes of this definition, “substantial improvement” is considered to occur when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. This term includes structures which have incurred substantial damage,

regardless of actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include any project for improvement of a structure required to comply with existing health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions or any alteration of a “historic structure”, provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure’s continued designation as a “historic structure”.

Violation: Means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community’s flood plain management regulations. A structure or other development without the elevation certificate, other certifications, or other evidence of compliance required in 44CFR 60.3(b)(5), (c)(4), (c)(10), (d)(3), (e)(2), (e)(4), or (e)(5) is presumed to be in violation until such time as that documentation is provided.

Water Surface Elevation: Means the height, in relation to the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929, (or other datum, where specified) of floods of various magnitudes and frequencies in the floodplains.

607.2 The Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector shall review all building permit applications for new construction or substantial improvements to determine whether proposed building sites will be reasonably safe from flooding. If a proposed building site is located in a special flood hazard area, all new construction or substantial improvements shall:

607.2.1 Be designed (or modified) and adequately anchored to prevent floatation, collapse, or lateral movement of the structure resulting from hydrodynamic and hydrostatic loads, including the effects of buoyancy,

607.2.2 Be constructed with materials resistant to flood damage,

607.2.3 Be constructed by methods and practices that minimize flood damages,

607.2.4 Be constructed with electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing and air conditioning equipment and other service facilities that are designed and/or located so as to prevent water from entering or accumulating within the components during conditions of flooding.

607.3 Where new or replacement water and sewer systems (including on-site systems) are proposed in a special flood hazard area the applicant shall provide the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector with assurance that these systems will be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the systems and discharges from the systems into flood water, and on-site waste disposal systems will be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during periods of flooding.

607.4 For all new or substantially improved structures located in Zones A and AE, the applicant shall furnish the following information to the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector:

607.4.1 The as-built elevation (in relation to NGVD) of the lowest floor (including basement) and include whether or not such structures contain a basement.

607.4.2 If the structure has been floodproofed, the as-built elevation (in relation to NGVD) to which the structure was floodproofed.

607.4.3 Any certification of floodproofing. The Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector shall maintain for public inspection, and shall furnish such information upon request.

607.5 The Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector shall not grant a building permit until the applicant certifies that all necessary permits have been received from those governmental agencies from which approval is required by federal or state law, including Section 404 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972, 33 U.S.C. 1334.

607.6 Plans and Specifications:

607.6.1 In riverine situations, prior to the alteration or relocation of a watercourse the applicant for such authorization shall notify the Wetlands Bureau of the New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services and submit copies of such notification to the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector, in addition to the copies required by RSA 483-A: 1-b. Further, the applicant shall be required to submit copies of said notification to those adjacent communities as determined by the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector, including notice of all scheduled hearings before the Wetlands Bureau, the Windham Conservation Commission, and the Windham Planning & Zoning Board.

607.6.2 The applicant shall submit to the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector certification provided by a registered professional engineer, assuring that the flood carrying capacity of an altered or relocated watercourse can and will be maintained.

607.6.3 Along watercourses with a designated Regulatory Floodway no encroachments, including fill new construction, substantial improvements, and other development are allowed within the floodway unless it has been demonstrated through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in accordance with standard engineering practices that the proposed encroachment would not result in any increase in flood levels within the community during the base flood discharge

607.6.4 Until a Regulatory Floodway is designated along watercourses, no new construction, substantial improvements, or other development (including fill) shall be permitted within Zone AE on the FIRM, unless it is demonstrated by the applicant that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all existing and anticipated development, will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any point within the community.

607.6.5 The Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any floodway data available from Federal, State, or other sources as criteria for requiring that all development located in Zone A meet the following floodway requirement:

607.6.5.1 No encroachments, including fill, new construction, substantial improvements, and other development are allowed within the floodway that would result in any increase in flood levels within the community during the base flood discharge.

607.7 Flood Plain Determination:

607.7.1 In special flood hazard areas the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector shall determine the 100 year flood elevation in the following order of precedence according to the data available:

607.7.1.1 In Zone AE, refer to the elevation data provided in the community's Flood Insurance Study and accompanying FIRM or FHBM.

607.7.1.2 In Zone A the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector shall obtain, review, and reasonably utilize any 100 year flood elevation data available from any federal, state or other source including data submitted for development proposals submitted to the community (i.e., subdivisions, site approvals).

607.7.2 The Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector's 100 year flood elevation determination will be used as criteria for requiring in Zones A and AE that:

607.7.2.1 All new construction or substantial improvement of residential structures have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated to or above the 100 year flood elevation;

607.7.2.2 That all new construction or substantial improvements of non-residential structures have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated to or above the 100 year flood level; or together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, shall:

607.7.2.2.1 Be flood-proofed so that below the 100 year flood elevation the structure is watertight with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water;

607.7.2.2.2 Have structural components capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and the effects of buoyancy; and

607.7.2.2.3 Be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect that the design and methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting the provisions of this section.

607.7.2.3 All manufactured homes to be placed or substantially improved within special flood hazard areas shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the lowest floor of the manufactured home is at or above the base flood level; and be securely anchored to resist floatation, collapse, or lateral movement. Methods of anchoring may include, be not limited to, use of over-the-top frame ties to ground anchors. This requirement is in addition to applicable state and local anchoring requirements for resisting wind forces.

607.7.2.4 For all new construction and substantial improvements, fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are subject to flooding are permitted provided they meet the following requirements:

607.7.2.4.1 The enclosed area is unfinished or flood resistant usable solely for the parking of vehicles, building access or storage;

607.7.2.4.2 The area is not a basement;

607.7.2.4.3 Shall be designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwater. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a registered professional engineer or architect or must meet or exceed the following minimum criteria: A minimum of two openings having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding shall be provided. The bottom of all openings shall be no higher than one foot above grade. Openings may be equipped with screens, louvers, or other coverings or devices provided that they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwater.

607.7.2.4.4 Recreational vehicles placed on sites within Zones A and AE shall either (i) be on the site for fewer than 180 consecutive days, (ii) be fully licensed and ready for highway use, or (iii) meet all standards for Section 60.3 (b) (1) of the National Flood Insurance Program Regulations and the elevation and anchoring requirements for "manufactured homes" in Paragraph (c) (6) of Section 60.3.

607.8 Variances & Appeals:

607.8.1 Any order, requirement, decision or determination of the Code Enforcement Administrator and/or Building Inspector made under this ordinance may be appealed to the Zoning Board of Adjustment as set forth in RSA 676:5.

607.8.2 If the applicant, upon appeal, requests a variance as authorized by RSA 674:33, I(b), the applicant shall have the burden of showing in addition to the usual variance standards under state law:

607.8.2.1 That the variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, or extraordinary public expense.

607.8.2.2 That if the requested variance is for activity within a designated regulatory floodway, no increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge will result.

607.8.2.3 That the variance is the necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.

607.8.3 The Zoning Board of Adjustment shall notify the applicant in writing:

607.8.3.1 The issuance of a variance to construct below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage and

607.8.3.2 Such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variance actions.

607.8.4 The community shall:

607.8.4.1 Maintain a record of all variance actions, including their justification for their issuance, and

607.8.4.2 Report such variances issued in its annual or biennial report submitted to FEMA'S Federal Insurance Administrator.

608. Historic District: An ordinance relating to the establishment of a Historic District in the Town of Windham.

Section I – Authority and Purpose

This ordinance is established under the authority granted in RSA 674:45 and 674:46. The purpose of this Ordinance is to promote the educational, cultural, economic, and general welfare of the public for the protection, enhancement, perpetuation, and preservation of the historic district. It is hereby declared that it is a public purpose that the heritage of Windham will be safeguarded by:

- A. Preserving districts in Windham which reflect elements of a cultural, social, economic, political and architectural history;
- B. Serving property value in such districts;
- C. Fostering civic beauty;
- D. Strengthening the local economy;

- E. Promoting the use of an historic district for the education, pleasure, and welfare of the citizens of Windham.

Section II – Definitions

A. Historic District: The area of Windham as specifically delineated on the zoning map (on a map which is on file in the Town clerk’s Office of the Town of Windham) and which:

1. Has special character or special historic or aesthetic interest of value or,
2. Represents one or more areas of the history of Windham.

B. Exterior Architectural Feature: The architectural style and general arrangement of such portions of the exterior of the structure as is designed to be open to view from the public way, including color, kind and texture of the building material, type of wall, windows, dormers, lighting fixtures, walks, terraces, exterior walls, fencing and other fixtures appurtenant to such portion.

C. Commission or Historic Commission: As used in this ordinance shall mean the Windham Historic District Commission.

Section III - Powers and Duties

A. Membership: Qualifications; Term; Vacancies. The Commission shall consist of five (5) members and up to three (3) alternate members, all of whom shall be appointed by the Board of Selectmen. The members of the Commission shall be appointed for three (3) year terms, except the initial appointments, which shall be staggered so no more than two Selectmen’s appointments are made annually, except when required to fill vacancies. In addition, the Selectmen may appoint three (3) persons to serve as alternate members of the Commission. Alternate members shall be appointed for three (3) year terms, one (1) each year, except initial appointments, which shall be staggered such that only one term expires each year. Members (and alternates) of the Commission shall serve without compensation. In the event of a vacancy on the Commission, interim appointments may be made by the Board of Selectmen to complete the unexpired terms of such position.

B. Specific Powers and Duties

1. It shall be the duty of the Historic Commission to develop regulations for the accomplishment of the purposes of this Ordinance within said Historic District and within the provisions of the Ordinances and to relate said regulations to the Master Plan for Windham.
2. The Commission shall have the power to accept and use gifts, grants, as contributions for the exercise of its functions.
3. The Commission shall have the power to review and act upon all building permits for applications situated within the boundaries of any Historic District established, such power of review and approval, approval with conditions, or disapproval shall be limited to those considerations which affect the relationship of the applicant’s proposal to its surroundings, to the locations and arrangement of structures, to the treatment of exterior architectural features and finish of structures, and the compatibility of the land use within the district as may be deemed to affect the character and integrity of said district to achieve the purpose of this Ordinance.

4. It shall be the duty of the Historic Commission to provide reports and recommendations regarding development proposals to the Planning Board, Zoning Board of Adjustment, and other officials who may require information pertinent to the application.
5. It shall be the duty of the Commission to seek advice from such professional, educational, cultural, and other groups of persons that may be deemed necessary in the determination of a decision. The Commission shall have the power to engage such technical assistance and consultants as may be deemed necessary to appropriately review an application to assure its compatibility with the terms and purposes of this Ordinance. The costs of any such reviews shall be paid by the applicant.
6. It shall be the duty of the Commission to file with the Building Inspector or other duly delegated authority either a certificate of approval, certificate of approval with conditions, or notice of disapproval following the review and determination of any application. Said certificate shall be filed with the Building Inspector, or other duly delegated authority within 45 days after filing of the application of said certificates unless the applicant shall agree to a longer period of time for review. Failure to file such certificate within the specified period of time shall be deemed to constitute approval by said Commission.
7. No building permit shall be issued until a certificate of approval or certificate of approval with conditions has been filed with the building inspector.
8. In the case of a certificate of disapproval, such notice shall be binding upon the Building Inspector or other duly delegated authority and no permit shall be issued. In case of disapproval, the Historic Commission shall state the reasons for such disapproval in a written statement to the applicant and placed on file with the Building Inspector within 5 days of such decision being made.
9. The Historic Commission may refuse to issue a certificate of approval or certificate of appropriateness for the erection, reconstruction, alteration, demolition, partial demolition or removal of any structure within the Historic District, which in the opinion of the Historic Commission would be detrimental to the interest of the Historic District against the public interest of the Town.
10. In addition to the aforementioned powers the Historic Commission may conduct surveys of buildings for the purposes of determining those of historic and/or architectural significance and pertinent facts about them; formulate recommendations concerning the preparation of maps, brochures, and historic markers for selected historic and/or architectural sites and buildings; cooperate with and advise the governing body, and the Planning Board and other municipal agencies involving historic and/or architectural sites and buildings.”

Section IV – Interpretation

Nothing in this Ordinance shall be construed to prevent ordinary maintenance or repair of any structure or place within any historic district.

Section V – Criteria Used When Reviewing Applications:

The Historic Commission shall not consider interior arrangement features not subject to any public view. The Historic Commission shall consider the following criteria when reviewing applications.

General design and arrangement. (Density, scale, unity in composition.)

A. Exterior architectural features and the extent to which they harmonize with existing features and the extent to which they harmonize with existing features found within the Historic District.

1. All signs, which are subject to, view from a public street, way or place.
2. The type or types of materials to be used on the structure. (Board and batten, clapboard, brick, fieldstone, granite, woodshakes, roofing material, etc.)
3. The types of roof, within the area there are several types of roof, depending on the area of construction, gable salt box, hip, gambrel.
4. Architectural Detail: The relationship of detail may include cornices, lintels, arches, balustrades, railing, entrance, doors, window dormers, chimney, etc.
5. The type or types of material used to construct or install paving, walks, walls, steps etc. (Asphalt, stonedust, cobbles, granite, bluestone, fieldstone, etc.)
6. The type or types of material used to construct fencing or screening.
7. The placement of and type of lighting fixtures, lights, poles and trash receptacles.
8. Color: The predominant color should reflect historical accuracy and may be a natural material or may be painted. This allows considerable latitude for variation within a single color spectral grouping.
9. Height shall not be more than 2 ½ stories or a maximum of 35 feet.

Section VI - Procedure

- A. **Certificate of Approval.** Notwithstanding any inconsistent ordinance, local law, code, rule or regulation concerning the issuing of building permits, no change in any architectural feature, in the district shall be commenced without a certificate of approval or certificate of approval with conditions from the Historic Commission nor shall any building permit for such change be granted without such a certificate of approval having first been issued. The certificate of approval required by this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any building permit that may be required by any ordinance, local law, code, rule or regulation of the Town of Windham.
- B. **Pre-Application Review Procedure.** Prior to the formal submission for consideration, preliminary scale drawings and outline specifications, including color samples for outside work, may be submitted for review and informal discussion with the Historic Commission. The purpose of this review shall be to acquaint the applicant with standards of appropriateness of design that are required for the proposed development. In case of very minor projects involving repair or alterations to existing buildings and other data are sufficiently clear and explicit, may grant preliminary and final approval at one session. Should said data indicate alterations, remodeling, or repairs not changing the exterior appearance, the Historic Commission may exempt the application from the provisions of Section VI and approve permit.
- C. **Data to be Submitted with Formal Application:** Application for a certificate of approval shall be made upon forms prescribed by the Historic Commission and shall contain the following information:
 1. Name, address, telephone number of applicant.
 2. Location of building, structure, or land, the exterior architectural features of which are proposed to be changed.

3. Drawings for the proposed alterations, additions, or changes and for new construction of building or property use. As used herein, drawings shall mean plans and exterior elevations drawn to scale with sufficient detail to show the architectural design of the building. Plans and drawing do not need to be drawn by an architect.
4. Samples of materials, texture, and color.
5. Site Plan including all improvements affecting appearances such as walls, walks, steps, terraces, lighting, fencing, accessory buildings, sign and other elements.
6. Sign: Any proposed sign or existing sign to be changed either in size, color, or lettering, shall be shown on a detailed scale drawing showing the type of lettering, all dimensions and colors, a description of materials to be used and methods of illumination, if any, and a plan showing the location on building or property.
7. All of the above mentioned data shall be filed with the Historic Commission through the Community Development Department.

Section VII - Violations

Failure to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed a violation and subject to Section 1300 of the Zoning Ordinance.

Section VIII - Allowed Uses

The following are land uses allowed in the Historic District: municipal uses, except solid waste facilities and stand alone antenna towers; offices for professional occupations as defined in the Windham Zoning Ordinances Section 200; social, political and religious uses; and single family residences.

609. Aquifer Protection District

609.1 Authority and Purpose: Pursuant to RSA 674:16 and 21, the Town of Windham adopts an Aquifer Protection District and accompanying regulations in order to protect, preserve, and maintain potential groundwater supplies and related groundwater recharge areas within known aquifers identified by the Town. The objectives of the aquifer protection district are:

1. To protect the public health and general welfare of the citizens of Windham.
2. To prevent development and land use practices that would contaminate or reduce the recharge to the identified aquifers.
3. To assure the availability of public and private water supplies for future growth of the Town in accordance with the Master Plan.
4. To encourage uses that can appropriately and safely be located in the aquifer recharge areas.

609.2 Definitions:

Animal Feedlot: An agricultural establishment consisting of confined feeding areas and related structures used for the raising of livestock. An animal feedlot shall be considered one on which more than five (5) animals are raised simultaneously.

Aquifer: For the purpose of this Section, aquifer means an unconsolidated geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation that is capable of yielding quantities of groundwater usable for municipal or private water supplies.

Groundwater: All the water below the land surface in the zone of saturation or in rock fractures capable of yielding water to a well.

Groundwater Recharge: The infiltration of precipitation through surface soil materials into groundwater. Recharge may also occur from surface waters, including lakes, streams, and wetlands.

Leachable Wastes: Waste materials, including solid wastes, sludge and agricultural wastes that are capable of releasing contaminants to the surrounding environment. Including wastes from subsurface disposal systems.

Mining of Land: The removal of geologic materials such as topsoil, sand and gravel, metallic ores, or bedrock to be crushed or used as building stone.

Non-Conforming Use: Any lawful use of buildings, structures, premises, land or parts thereof existing as of the effective date of this Section, or amendment thereto, and not in conformance with the provisions of this Section, shall be considered to be a non-conforming use.

Recharge Area: The land surface area from which groundwater recharge occurs.

Solid Waste: As-defined in NH RSA 149-M:4,XXII

Hazardous Waste: As defined in NH RSA 147-A:2,VII

609.3 District Boundaries:

609.3.1 Location: The extent of the Aquifer Protection District shall be shown on the Stratified Drift Aquifers Map developed by the Rockingham Planning Commission and dated 12/15/09. This map is to be used in conjunction with the tax map and/or other maps of the Town as an overlay district.

See Source Appendix A at the end of this Section which lists all technical data and studies used in mapping. information from future groundwater studies and well drilling records may be added to the Stratified Drift Aquifers map and Source Appendix A as they become available.

609.3.2 Recharge Areas: The direct recharge area for the identified aquifer is considered to be co-terminus with that aquifer. The indirect recharge areas are those areas that contribute to groundwater recharge of the aquifers from outside the aquifer boundaries. When development is proposed in indirect recharge areas which are tributary to the Aquifer Protection District, such as areas including a tributary stream, or on slopes adjacent to the Aquifer Protection District, the Planning Board may hire, at the developer's expense, a qualified hydro geologist to assess the potential impact on groundwater quality and recharge rates of the aquifer from such development.

609.3.3 Appeals: Where the bounds of the identified aquifer or recharge area, as delineated, are in doubt or in dispute, any landowner aggrieved by such delineation may appeal the boundary location to the Planning Board. Upon receipt of such appeal, the Planning Board shall engage, at the landowner's expense and request, a qualified groundwater consultant to conduct an investigation and prepare a report determining the proper location and extent of the aquifer and recharge area relative to the property in question. This report shall include but not be limited to:

609.3.3.1 A detailed topographic layout of the subdivision and/or area to be developed, prepared by a registered land surveyor.

609.3.3.2 A revised soils map of the subdivision and/or area prepared by a soils scientist qualified in hydrologic studies including a written report of his onsite field inspection and test boring data.

609.3.3.3 The aquifer boundary as shown on the Stratified Drift Aquifers Map dated 12/15/09 shall be overlaid on the plat and the newly proposed boundary location shall be indicated on the same plat by a broken line.

609.3.3.4 Any additional mapping, hydrogeologic reports or information which becomes available as a result of recent or on-going scientific investigation of the location and extent of aquifers, performed by the U.S. Geological Survey, NH State agencies or boards, or the Town of Windham or the agents of any of the above.

The Planning Board may, based upon the findings of Section 609.3.3.1 through Section 609.3.3.4 above, adjust the boundary or area designation of the Aquifer Protection District or reduce or expand the area so designated so as to more correctly define the location and extent of the aquifer on a site specific, case by case basis.

The Planning Board shall reserve the right to withhold action on such plat pending the results of an on-site and/or other investigation by that Board or its appointed.

609.4 Use Regulations: The Aquifer Protection District is a zoning overlay district which imposes additional requirements and restrictions to those of the underlying, base district zoning. In all cases, the more restrictive requirement(s) and permitted uses shall apply.

609.4.1 Prohibited Uses: The following uses are prohibited in the Aquifer Protection District:

609.4.1.1 Disposal of solid waste, as defined in NH RSA 149-M:4,XXII

609.4.1.2 Storage, processing, recycling, and disposal of hazardous waste, as defined in NH RSA 147-A:2,VII.

609.4.1.3 Disposal or storage of leachable wastes.

609.4.1.4 Subsurface storage of petroleum and refined petroleum products and chemicals.

609.4.1.5 Industrial uses which discharge contact type process waters on-site. Non-contact cooling water discharge is permitted.

609.4.1.6 Outdoor, open, and/or uncovered storage of road salt, salt/sand mixtures, and other chemical deicing materials.

609.4.1.7 Dumping of snow containing de-icing chemicals brought from outside the district.

609.4.1.8 Animal feedlots.

609.4.1.9 Automotive service and repair shops, junk and salvage yards.

609.4.1.10 Waste injection wells.

609.4.1.11 Excavating and mining of land except where incidental to a permitted use. Note that RSA 155-E expressly provides that sand and gravel excavations should be prohibited where such activities would substantially damage a known aquifer.

609.4.2 Recharge Requirements: Impervious surfaces within the Aquifer Protection District shall be no more than 50% of the total parcel area within the District. Paving requirements for underlying districts may be waived by the Planning Board upon request of the applicant.

609.4.2.1 A waiver may be granted in such cases where, in the opinion of the Planning Board, strict conformity would pose an unnecessary hardship to the Applicant and the waiver would not be contrary to the spirit and intent of the Ordinance.

609.5 Design and Operations Guidelines:

The following design and operation guidelines shall be observed within the Aquifer Protection District:

609.5.1 Safeguards: Provisions shall be made to protect against toxic or hazardous materials discharge or loss resulting from corrosion, accidental damage, spillage, or vandalism through measures such as: spill control provisions in the vicinity of chemical or fuel delivery points, secured storage areas for toxic or hazardous materials, and indoor storage provisions for corrodible or dissolvable materials. For operations which allow the evaporation of toxic or hazardous materials into the interiors of any structures, a closed vapor recovery system shall be provided for each such structure to prevent discharge of contaminated condensate into the groundwater.

609.5.2 Drainage: All runoff from impervious surfaces shall be recharged on the site and diverted toward areas covered with vegetation for surface infiltration to the extent possible. Dry wells shall be used only where other methods are not feasible and shall be preceded by oil, grease, and sediment traps to facilitate removal of contaminants.

609.5.3 In the case of any sand or gravel excavation permitted in accordance with RSA 155-E, or with respect to any earth removal allowed as being incidental to any permitted use, such excavation or removal shall not be carried out within 8 vertical feet of the seasonal high water table.

609.5.4 Location: Where the premises are partially outside of the Aquifer Protection District Overlay Zone, potential pollution sources.

609.5.5 Use of salt on parking areas, storage of road salt or other de-icing chemicals, use of salt on roads in this District shall be minimized.

609.6 Non-Conforming Uses:

Any non-conforming use may continue and may be maintained, repaired and improved, unless such use is determined to be a hazard to public health and safety and a detriment to water quality by the Code Enforcement Officer and Health Officer.

Appendix

Source of Technical Data Used in Mapping The Aquifer Protection District:

- 1) 1992 USGS Water-Resources Investigations Report 91-4025 "Geohydrology and Water Quality of Stratified-Drift Aquifers in the Lower Merrimack and Coastal River Basins, Southeastern New Hampshire."

610. Housing for Older Persons:

610.1 Authority and Purpose: It is declared to be in the public interest and for the general welfare of the Town to permit the development of housing facilities specifically suited to address the special housing needs of the older persons. The provisions of this Section are adopted pursuant to the authority of RSA 674:16 and RSA 674:21, and shall overlay and supplement the other regulations of the Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance for the purpose of establishing provisions under which

housing for older persons developments may be permitted by the Planning Board within certain zoning districts, and within certain areas of Windham.

610.2 Definitions: As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated.

610.2.1 Older Persons: 55 years of age or older.

610.2.2 Housing for Older Persons: Any of a variety of housing types or housing units intended exclusively for use and occupancy by persons aged 55 years and older (with qualified exceptions per Section 610.6.1.1).

610.2.3 Housing for Older Persons Project: One (1) or more buildings situated on contiguous parcel(s) of land and containing housing for older persons dwelling units.

610.2.4 Handicapped Accessible: Meeting the design requirements of the “Barrier-Free Design Code for the State of New Hampshire” and/or the Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards (UFAS).

610.2.5 Net Tract Area: Contiguous useable land excluding wetlands, land within the Wetlands and Watershed Protection District, and land with slopes greater than 25%.

610.2.6 Maximum Project Density: The total number of bedrooms that the subject site can support, based upon the development capability of the subject site and calculated in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

610.3 Location: Housing for older persons as defined herein may be permitted by the Planning Board

610.3.1 In the Rural, Residence A, Residence B, and Residence C Districts.

610.4 Minimum Lot Requirements: Parcel(s) for which Housing for Older Persons is proposed shall conform to the following minimum requirements, in addition to the other provisions of the Section.

610.4.1 Parcel(s) shall have a Net Tract Area of no less than four (4) acres;

610.4.2 There shall be fifty (50) feet of frontage on an existing or proposed Class V, or better, road.

610.5 Density: The total number of bedrooms that may be permitted on the subject site is intended to be roughly equal to that density achieved by applying soil type lot size requirements. The Maximum Project Density shall be calculated in accordance with the procedure outlined below:

610.5.1 Determine the number of lots allowed by soil type using the minimum lot area requirements per Appendix A-1 of the Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance. Multiply this number by eight (8) to determine the maximum number of bedrooms possible on the subject parcel.

610.6 Awarding of Density: The Planning Board may grant portions of the Maximum Project Density in accordance with the Development Standards and Development Incentives specified herein, upon the Board’s determination that the applicant’s proposal meets or exceeds the requirements relating to the specific density award under consideration.

610.6.1 Development Standards: Notwithstanding the other provisions of this Section, proposals meeting the following minimum development standards shall qualify for approval or fifty-percent (50%) of the Maximum Project Density calculated above:

610.6.1.1 Occupancy of each unit shall be restricted to persons fifty-five (55) years and older, with the following exceptions:

1. An adult over the age of twenty-one (21), if their presence is required to provide medical care to a resident aged fifty-five (55) or older;
2. Employees of the housing for older persons project (and family members living in the same unit) who are under fifty (55) years of age, provided the employees perform substantial duties related to the management or maintenance of the project's facilities.

610.6.1.2 Allowable building types may include but are not limited to single detached, duplex, townhouse, or two (2) story garden style apartment units. Each dwelling unit shall have a minimum of 400 square feet of living space. Two-bedroom units shall have a minimum of 600 square feet of living space.

610.6.1.3 No building shall contain more than ten (10) dwelling units, except that the Planning Board may permit more than ten (10) units per building when, in the Board's sole discretion, such increase provides specific, substantial benefits consistent with the purpose and intent of this Ordinance;

610.6.1.4 Where there will be more than one (1) building on a lot, buildings shall have a minimum horizontal separation of thirty-five (35) feet. The Planning Board may require a greater separation where topography, or other unique characteristics of the site or the development will affect the use of emergency equipment between buildings;

610.6.1.5 Buildings shall be set back a minimum of fifty (50) feet from the nearest lot line;

610.6.1.6 A minimum of sixty-five (65%) of the total area of the development shall be set aside for permanent open space and/or recreational use, and shall be protected by covenants, recorded with the plans, and deed restrictions;

610.6.1.7 All units within a building shall have at-grade or elevator access;

610.6.1.8 No unit shall contain more than two (2) bedrooms;

610.6.1.9 Units may occupy two (2) floors, provided that at least one bedroom and one full bathroom must be situated on the floor containing the principal access and main living area for the unit;

610.6.1.10 All units shall be constructed to be "Adaptable" for accessibility in accordance with Section 610.2.4, above;

610.6.1.11 A minimum of one (1) parking space shall be provided for each bedroom within the proposed development. Said parking shall be provided in close proximity to the units being served;

610.6.1.12 Additional parking for visitors and guests shall be provided as required by the Planning Board, but in no event at a ratio of less than one (1) space for every two (2) dwelling units;

610.6.1.13 All other appropriate provisions of this Ordinance (including Section 704) regarding on-site parking and loading requirements shall apply.

610.6.2 Development Incentives: In addition to meeting the minimum Development Standards delineated above, an Applicant may propose and the Planning Board in its sole discretion may approve additional density awards (expressed as bedrooms) in accordance with the following Development Incentives:

610.6.2.1 Provision of Housing for Older Persons Rental Units: The Planning Board may award a density bonus not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the Maximum Project Density to an Applicant proposing to set aside and maintain for rental occupancy a minimum of twenty-five percent(25%) of the total units. In approving such an award, the Board shall determine that the covenants or other legal provisions proposed by the Applicant are sufficient to protect and preserve the continued rental occupancy of the units so dedicated;

610.6.2.2 Provision of Affordable Housing for Older Persons Units: The Planning Board may award a density bonus not to exceed fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Project Density to an Applicant proposing to offer proposed units, of the type(s) permitted in this zone, in conjunction with a local, state or federal government program that is expressly designed and intended to provide and maintain affordable housing opportunities for older persons, as defined in the local, state or federal program objectives. Density awarded under this provision shall equal the number of bedrooms contained in the units proposed to be constructed under the local state or federal affordable housing for older persons program. In no event shall the density award granted under this provision exceed the award limit of fifty percent (50%) of the Maximum Project Density, as specified above. In approving such an award, the Board shall determine that the Applicant has demonstrated that proper provisions and protections will require that the units be initially offered as, and remain, affordable;

610.6.2.3 Provision of Barrier-Free, Handicapped Accessible Design Features: The Planning Board may award a density bonus not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the Maximum Project Density to an Applicant proposing to construct and provide at least fifty percent (50%) of the total units as “Accessible” units in compliance with Section 610.2.4 of this ordinance, and incorporate additional significant and substantial barrier-free features and elements throughout the site’s entire design. In approving such an award, the Planning Board shall consider the extent to which the location and nature of the barrier-free features contribute to and enhance the overall livability of the proposed development for older persons with limited mobility or other physical limitations;

610.6.2.4 Provision of On-Site Recreational and/or Common Facilities: The Planning Board may award a density bonus not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the Maximum Project Density to an Applicant proposing to include substantial and significant on-site recreational and/or common facilities for the use and enjoyment of project residents. In approving such an award, the Planning Board shall consider the appropriateness of the facilities for the target population; the amount, type, mix, location, quality and convenience of the proposed facilities. The Applicant shall be required to submit a Recreation Plan detailing the specific facilities to be provided – which shall include indoor, outdoor, passive, and active amenities – to aid the Board in determining whether the intent of this award has been met.

610.6.3 Nothing herein is intended to require the Planning Board to approve the maximum density award for a minimum proposal by an Applicant. Rather, the Board is encouraged to approve density awards in relation to a proposal's qualitative and/or quantitative performance in achieving the intent of each Development Incentive.

610.6.4 In no event shall the total of all density awards approved for a given site or project exceed the Maximum Project Density as calculated under Section 610.5.1, above.

610.7 Design Standards: Any project proposed under this Housing for Older Persons Ordinance shall be required to conform to the requirements of the Town of Windham Site Plan Regulations.

610.8 Additional Criteria for Approval:

610.8.1 The Applicant shall be required to demonstrate the provision of significant facilities and services specifically designed to meet the physical and social needs of older persons, OR if the provision of such facilities and services is not practicable, that the proposed housing for older persons is necessary to provide important housing opportunities for older persons. Consideration of "significant services and facilities" shall include, but shall not be limited to:

1. Programs designed to provide a social life for residents;
2. Continuing education programs of interest to residents;
3. Information and counseling services;
4. Recreational programs;
5. Homemaker services;
6. Services designed to assist residents with the maintenance and upkeep of the building(s) and grounds;
7. An accessible physical environment;
8. Emergency and preventative health care programs;
9. Congregate dining facilities;
10. Transportation to facilitate access to social services;
11. Referral Services; and
12. Services to encourage/assist residents to use the services and facilities available to them.

In demonstrating that significant services and facilities are provided, it is not required that all of the services listed above are being provided.

It is intended under this Section that the Applicant comply with applicable state/federal law which imposes similar requirements. To the extent that a state/federal regulatory agency concludes that the Applicant has not fully complied with this Section, the Applicant must comply with such state and federal requirements as provided in *Section 610.9.2*.

610.8.2 Any site on which an housing for older persons project is proposed shall be reviewed with respect to the availability of retail, business, medical, and transportation services, and that the proposed construction and design of the housing for older persons project shall contain the usual amenities and living aids found in housing designed for use by older persons.

610.8.3 That the public interest will be served by the proposal to establish housing for older persons on the site, and the establishment of housing for older persons on the site will not cause a diminution in the property values of surrounding parcels.

610.8.4 That the topography and other characteristics of the site are suitable for the type of development being proposed, and conflicts with the character of adjacent neighborhoods will be minimal.

610.8.5 The design and layout of the development shall emphasize the rural character of the Town, maximize the privacy of the dwelling units, preserve the natural character of land, and consider such factors as orientation, energy usage, views, etc.

610.9 Other Provisions:

610.9.1 Limitation on Number of Housing for Older Persons Units: The Planning Board shall not accept for consideration any proposal which, if approved, would increase the total number of all housing for older persons units, existing and proposed, above the number representing ten-percent (10%) of the total number of dwelling units within the Town as determined by the Tax Assessor.

610.9.2 Interpretation: To the extent that the specific requirements of this Housing for Older Persons Ordinance are inconsistent or at variance with any other requirements contained in the Zoning Ordinance, the requirements imposed herein shall govern and control an Housing for Older Persons proposal. To the extent that specific requirements imposed herein are inconsistent with or at variance with the requirements of the State of New Hampshire or the requirements of the Federal Government with respect to the operation or construction of an housing for older persons project, such State or Federal requirements shall supercede the requirements of this Ordinance.

610.9.3 Legal Documents Required: The Planning Board shall require such covenants or legal restrictions that it deems necessary to insure the intent of this ordinance. The Planning Board may, as appropriate, require review and approval of any such documents by legal counsel to insure that the form and substance of such documents is sufficient to achieve and preserve the requirements of this Ordinance. The provision and review of any documents required hereunder shall be at the Applicant's expense.

610.9.3.1 Assurances of Senior Residency: The Applicant shall provide deed restrictions, use limitations, covenants, or some other legally enforceable instrument, which shall permanently restrict occupancy of the housing facilities to persons who meet all applicable restrictions regarding age. The language of the restrictions and/or limitations must be specific and must correlate with current federal and state requirements for housing for older persons under the Federal Fair Housing Act. Said assurances shall include provisions for:

1. The publication of, and adherence to, policies and procedures which demonstrate an intent by the owner(s) or manager(s) to provide housing for persons fifty-five (55) years of age or older; and
2. Annual verification of compliance with the age restrictions by reliable surveys and affidavits. Notice of the results of the annual verification process is to be provided to the Code Enforcement Administrator.

610.9.3.2 Assurances Against Exportation of Water: Deed restrictions, covenants, or other reasonable assurances shall be required to insure that water extracted from any site(s) shall remain on-site.

610.9.4 Performance Guarantees Required: The Planning Board may require that a performance bond and/or such other legal assurances be submitted as are required to insure the completion of streets, buffers, amenities, or common area improvements, in accordance with the approved plans and the Subdivision and Site Plan Regulations of the Town of Windham.

611. Open Space Residential Overlay District: Developments under this ordinance would be allowed in the Residential and Rural Districts.

611.1 Authority And Purpose: This section is enacted in accordance with the provisions of RSA 674:21. The purpose of the Open Space Overlay District is to encourage flexibility in the design and development of land in order to provide for the conservation of open space, to plan for a more efficient use of Town services, and to promote the development of balanced residential communities in harmony with natural land features.

611.2 Objectives: The objectives of this Section are to:

611.2.1 Preserve open space, forests, farms, orchards and wetlands;

611.2.2 Maintain or decrease existing residential densities allowing the same or fewer homes per development;

611.2.3 Promote the more efficient use of land by requiring shorter networks of streets and utilities thus saving the town the expense of additional infrastructure;

611.2.4 Provide an organized procedure which can allow appropriate, high quality design and site planning.

611.3 Definitions: The following definitions specifically apply to this Section of the Zoning Ordinance:

Open Space Residential Development: A minimum ten (10) acre tract of single or consolidated ownership, where a number of single family structures may be grouped together with minimum lot area, frontage and yard requirements as specified in this section of the ordinance. The density of the tract as a whole shall be equal to that density achieved by using soil type lot size requirements as described in the Windham Zoning Ordinance. The remaining area in the tract, not built upon, is reserved as open space and permanently protected from further subdivision and development.

Tract: One (1) or more adjacent lots. For the purpose of this definition, lots shall be considered adjacent, notwithstanding the fact they are separated by a brook, stream, or river; a public road or right of way (except the Interstate Highway); a railroad right of way; or by a private access way. The lots shall be merged into a single lot as a condition of approval under the Open Space Residential Overlay District.

611.4 Open Space: Land that is not currently developed for residential tract development which is to be maintained in an open, non-built condition, and shall be protected by covenants recorded with the plans and deed restrictions

Common Facilities: Land or built facilities which are commonly owned by the property owners of the development. Common facilities may be proposed, but are not required. This may include wells, water and waste treatment systems and recreation areas.

611.5 Procedures: Review Process: An open space development shall require both subdivision and site plan approvals, which should be concurrent, and whose processes shall be as described by current subdivision and site plan regulations, except as noted below:

611.5.1 Any required legal open space ownership and protection covenants or cooperative open space ownership and protection agreements or similar forms of land protection and ownership shall be reviewed by Town Counsel to ensure legal form, ownership and enforceability.

611.5.2 The site plan shall show the location of proposed buildings, common facilities, if any, and other development, as well as the remaining open space. The plan shall also indicate the natural features of the open space, such as open fields, water features, woodlands, wetlands, trails, stone walls, and historic features, as well as any proposed modifications to that open space.

611.5.3 The subdivision and site plan shall show the layout of all roads and shall differentiate between primary roads which move traffic through the development and secondary roads which provide access to the development and dwelling units. It is intended that all roads will be public roads.

611.5.4 Density: The number of lots allowed in a subdivision under this ordinance would be calculated by the procedure outlined below but in no case would the number of lots allowed under this ordinance exceed the number of lots under a traditional subdivision.

611.5.4.1 Determine the number of lots by soil type lot size requirements per ordinance. This figure will be the maximum number of lots possible.

611.6 Development Standards: Development standards shall be as prescribed in the Windham subdivision control and site plan regulations, except as noted below:

611.6.1 Permitted Uses: All uses allowed in the underlying district .

611.6.2 Secondary Roads: Roads which are not usually “through streets” but are used exclusively for access to abutting properties:

611.6.2.1 Secondary Roads may be ended in a turnaround, with maximum road length in accordance with current subdivision regulations and a turnaround configuration in accordance with current subdivision regulations. The turnaround radius may be reduced to sixty (60) feet without a vegetated island by the Planning Board using the standards for a waiver regulation if it can be demonstrated that the small radius significantly reduces impacts to wetlands, the Wetlands Watershed Protection District (WWPD), or reduces excessive blasting or fill.

611.6.2.2 Secondary roads shall have a minimum paved width of twenty-four feet (24’).

611.6.2.3 All other road construction standards shall be the same as for collector roads.

611.6.3 Collector Roads: Roads which act as “through streets” which connect to different existing public right-of-ways. Collector roads shall have minimum right-of-way and a minimum paved width in accordance with current subdivision regulations.

611.6.4 Minimum Building Lot Size: The minimum lot size shall be 30,000 sq. ft. with a minimum buildable area of 10,000 sq. ft.

611.6.5 Frontage and Yard Regulations: Structures may be located in any manner on the site which meet this district’s objectives, and provided that the following dimensional standards are met:

611.6.5.1 On Existing Town Roads: Building lots within the project that face on existing Town roads shall have frontages and front yard and side yard, but not area and rear yard, requirements as prescribed for the underlying district.

611.6.5.2 At Adjacent Properties: Building lots within the project that back up to other properties shall have rear yard and side yard, but not frontage, front yard or area, requirements as required for the underlying district.

611.6.5.3 Internal Dimensional Requirements: The following minimal dimensions shall apply for the layout of the structures within the parcel:

611.6.5.3.1 Front yard setback - twenty feet (20') from the edge of the right of way.

611.6.5.3.2 Frontage - sixty feet (60') at the required front yard setback.

611.6.5.3.3 Structures shall be set back at least fifteen feet (15') from side and rear lot lines.

611.6.6 Water and Waste Treatment Systems: The development may be served by common water and waste water systems. Wells and waste water systems may be located within the open space and shall have a protective radius as required by the New Hampshire Water Supply and Pollution Control Commission or the Town of Windham. Such radius shall be wholly contained within the subdivision. Any waste water treatment system or backup system shall have appropriate state approval.

611.6.7 Open Space:

611.6.7.1 Permanent Open Space: A minimum of sixty-five percent (65%) of the total area of the development shall be set aside as permanent open space.

611.6.7.2 Use of Open Space: Such land shall be restricted to open space recreational uses such as nature trails, residential agricultural use, passive recreation, conservation lands, water supplies and waste treatment systems, and existing agricultural uses.

612. Village Center District

612.1 Purpose: To preserve the area around the Town Hall, the Fire Station, the Armstrong Building, the Bartlett Buildings and the Historic District as the traditional and actual Town Center. The purpose of this ordinance is to establish special conditions which when satisfied would allow through design guidelines, mixed uses of retail, professional offices, and residential in the Town Center. This district would minimize sprawl along road corridors by providing an off road village center that would preserve the Town Center.

612.2 Uses Permitted: Subject to Site Plan approval as provided in the Windham Site Plan Regulations: Small retail shops, not larger than ten thousand (10,000) square feet, eating and drinking establishments where consumption is primarily intended to be on the premises, professional offices, schools, banks, bakeries, civic, public, institutional facilities, medical offices, clinics, single and townhouse residential uses and personal services, such as, hairdressers.

612.3 Development Standards: Development standards shall be prescribed in the Site Plan Regulations. Additional development standards are as follows:

612.3.1 Village Center District There shall be a minimum fifty feet (50') natural buffer of vegetation supplemented by evergreen trees and landscaped berms from the abutting residential zoning district.

612.3.2 Shared parking facilities and driveways shall be provided and the parking space requirements reduced where shared parking is designed to maximize complimentary uses and it has been demonstrated to the Planning Board that sufficient parking will be available when it is needed;

612.3.3 There shall be no front, side or rear setback requirements except that there shall be a 50 foot setback from Route 111 Right of Way;

612.3.4 The road frontage requirements shall be fifty (50) feet at the front lot line;

612.3.5 Town roads in this district would be designed for low speed travel and therefore would be encouraged to be built narrower than the normal town standards;

612.3.6 Existing buildings, with historical significance, as recommended by the Heritage Commission, should be preserved and reused for allowed uses with shared parking and driveways. Shared parking would be located to minimize its visual impact in order to preserve the village character;

612.3.7 Buildings shall be designed and sited to maintain views and vistas;

612.3.8 Public space or open square for outdoor activities, including pedestrian walkways shall be provided;

612.3.9 There shall be no minimum lot size;

612.3.10 The recommended district land use mix in total build out occupiable square footage is 40% retail and service uses, 40% offices and 20% residential. The Planning Board will review each proposal for compliance with the recommended land use mix and the district purpose.

613. Public Utility Structures: Public utility structures and buildings, not exceeding 500 square feet and 20 feet in height in size shall be allowed in any district, subject to site plan review and approval by the Windham Planning Board. This would not include commercial antenna structures regulated elsewhere in section 701.3.

614. Professional, Business, and Technology District:

614.1 Purpose: This district is intended for use by research laboratories, office buildings, and light industries that are compatible with a low density, low traffic generation, rural residential community.

614.2 Uses Permitted: Subject to Site Plan Approval as provided in the Windham Site Plan Regulations.

614.2.1 Professional and business offices and services, including but not limited to legal and other professional services, finance, insurance, real estate offices, banks and medical offices;

614.2.2 Medical or dental laboratories;

614.2.3 Private schools or colleges without dormitory facilities;

614.2.4 Health and fitness clubs;

614.2.5 Research laboratories and office buildings;

614.2.6 Printing or publishing shops;

614.2.7 Passenger depots, terminals and utility structures;

614.2.8 Telephone exchange buildings, radio stations, television stations and towers subject to the provisions of Section 701.3;

614.2.9 Manufacturing;

614.2.10 Retail sales of merchandise that is manufactured or assembled on site, provided that the sales area is limited to no more than 33% of the building's total area;

614.2.11 Wholesale distribution centers with less than 66% warehousing;

614.2.12 Eating and drinking establishments, when consumption is primarily intended to be on the premise;

614.2.13 Newsstands, barbershops, dining rooms, luncheonettes, cafeterias, delicatessens, mechanical and/or electronic amusement devices, child care facilities and similar accessory services primarily for occupants or users thereof within an office or industrial building;

614.2.14 Off-street parking subject to the provisions of Section 704;

614.2.15 Signs as provided in Section 706;

614.2.16 Accessory buildings and uses.

614.3 Development Standards: Development Standards shall be prescribed in the Table of Requirements, the Site Plan Regulations and the following additional requirements

614.3.1 If a non-residential use (building, parking area, or driveway) is proposed closer than 100' from a residential zoning district, a vegetative buffer or earthen berm 50' wide must be provided, which will provide screening for the residential use.

614.3.2 Shared parking facilities and driveways shall be provided and the parking space requirements reduced where shared parking is designed to maximize complimentary uses and it has been demonstrated to the Planning Board that sufficient parking will be available when it is needed;

614.3.3 Public space or Open space for outdoor activities, including pedestrian walkways shall be provided;

614.3.4 "The Conditions of Approvals" for buildings in the Limited/Industrial District contained in Section 606.2 shall apply in all appropriate circumstances.

615. Route 28 Access Management Overlay District:

615.1 Authority and Purpose:

This Ordinance, adopted pursuant to the authority of RSA 674:16 and RSA 674:21, shall be known as the Route 28 Access Management Overlay District Ordinance. The regulations in this ordinance shall overlay and supplement the regulations in the *Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance and Land Use Regulations*, and shall be part of the Zoning Ordinance for purposes of administration and appeals under state law. If any provision of this ordinance differs or appears to conflict with any provision of the Zoning Ordinance or other ordinance or regulation, the provision imposing the greater restriction or more stringent standard shall apply. The purpose of this ordinance is to:

1. Provide safe access to land development while conserving Route 28, Rockingham Road's ability to move traffic safely and efficiently;
2. Provide reductions in accident costs;
3. Maintain the efficient movement of people and goods;
4. Preserve the public investment in the transportation infrastructure;
5. Reduce the need to build new roadways and driveways;

6. Protect the value of private investments;
7. Enhance the environmental and economic vitality of Route 28.

615.2 Objectives:

Limit the number of conflict points. The more conflict points that occur at an intersection the higher the potential for vehicular accidents. When left turns and cross street through movements are restricted, the number of conflict points is significantly reduced.

Separate conflict areas. Intersections created by public streets and driveways represent basic conflict areas. Adequate spacing between intersections allows drivers to react to one intersection at a time, and reduces the potential for conflicts.

Reduce the interference of through traffic. Through traffic often needs to slow down for vehicles exiting, entering, or turning across the roadway. Providing turning lanes, designing driveways with large turning radii, and restricting turning movements in and out of driveways allows turning traffic to get out of the way of the following through traffic.

Provide sufficient spacing for at-grade signalized intersections. Good spacing of intersections reduces conflict areas and increases the potential for smooth traffic progression.

Minimize signalized intersections.

Minimize visual driver distractions by maintaining natural and planted landscaped buffers along the Route 28 corridor.

Provide adequate on-site circulation and storage. The design of good internal vehicle circulation in parking areas and on local streets reduces the number of driveways that businesses need for access to the major roadway.

615.3 Definitions:

Service Road A road located off the arterial, which provides access to properties that front on this road, instead of directly accessing the arterial.

615.4 Location: The overlay area shall be located as follows: Starting at the Derry town line south along the east and west sides of Route 28, one thousand feet from the centerline of Route 28 to Jones Road. South of Jones Road, the overlay district shall follow the Manchester and Lawrence Railroad bed to the Salem town line on the west, and Harris Road to the Salem town line on the east.

615.5 Allowed Uses All uses allowed in the underlying districts are allowed in the overlay district. For new construction, reconstruction, and new uses, see *Section 500*.

615.6 Development Standards: Development standards shall be as prescribed in the Subdivision Control and Site Plan Regulations, except as noted below:

615.6.1 The minimum frontage requirements for lots with frontage only on Route 28 shall be two hundred and fifty (250 Feet)

615.6.2 Front Yard Setback, Natural Buffer Area: The minimum front yard building setback for lots with frontage only on Route 28 shall be fifty (50) feet, which shall be left wooded and in its natural state. Where such area is not naturally wooded, it shall be suitably landscaped with a sufficient number of trees of a type common in Windham to constitute a visual barrier between the proposed development and the roadway. Under no circumstances will parking, retention ponds, or any other development involving

clearance of natural vegetation be permitted within said area, except for permitted signs and allowed access driveways. Nothing herein is intended to prohibit appropriate tree surgery or similar maintenance of vegetation in this buffer area. Lots with frontage on both Route 28 and an adjacent or intersecting road shall also be required to provide the fifty (50) foot natural buffer along Route 28. The fifty-foot natural buffer shall not apply to lots zoned Neighborhood Business or Business Commercial A.

615.6.3 Minimum Distance Between Driveways: The minimum distance between driveways on the same and opposing sides of Route 28, including all road intersections shall be measured from the centerline of the driveways at the right-of-way line and shall be a function of the posted speed in accordance with the following table:

MINIMUM DISTANCE BETWEEN DRIVEWAYS

Posted Speed (mph)	Minimum Spacing
35	150'
40	185'
45	230'
50	275'

Where opposing sides of a road have different speed limits, the higher speed limit shall prevail. The centerlines of all new service roads and driveways should be aligned with driveways, and road intersections on the opposing side of the highway, if they exist. If such an alignment is not feasible, the driveways shall be offset in accordance with the above table.

615.6.4 Driveway Width: Non-residential driveways shall not exceed twenty-four (24) feet in width for two lanes or thirty-six (36) feet in width for three lanes, measured perpendicular to the driveway at its narrowest point. The driveway shall be flared at the property line with minimum radii of twenty-five (25) feet.

615.6.5 Maximum Number of Driveways Per Lot: Lots, which only have frontage on Route 28, shall be allowed a single driveway, unless demonstrated to the Planning Board that additional driveways are required for safety and/or traffic flow. Two, one-way driveways may be substituted for a single driveway, provided that the minimum required distance between driveways can be met, *Section 615.6.3*.

615.6.6 Driveway (Throat) Length: The minimum length of a driveway shall be of adequate length to accommodate the safe queuing of vehicles. The design of the driveway shall, to the maximum extent possible, cause no vehicles waiting to enter the site, to remain on the highway and to allow for safe ingress and egress to the property. The loading or unloading of delivery vehicles along the Route 28 right-of-way shall not be allowed.

615.6.7 Shared Parking Facilities and Driveways: Shared parking facilities and driveways shall be provided where feasible and the parking space requirements reduced where shared parking is designed to maximize complimentary use and it has been demonstrated to the Planning Board that sufficient parking will be available when it is needed.

615.6.8 Interconnecting Driveways: All projects subject to site plan review shall provide interconnecting driveways or easements for future construction of driveways that will provide and promote vehicular and pedestrian access between adjacent lots, without accessing the highway to all property lines, and shall be designed to provide safe and controlled access to adjacent developments where they exist.

615.6.9 Access to Lots with Multiple Frontages: Lots with frontage on both Route 28 and a service or intersecting road shall not be permitted to access Route 28, except where it can be demonstrated to the Planning Board that other potential access points would cause greater environmental, safety, or traffic impacts.

615.6.10 Service Roads: Service roads shall be utilized, whenever possible, for direct access to permitted uses on properties. New driveways and roads shall be located to maximize access to surrounding properties.

615.7 Administration: The Route 28 Access Management Overlay District shall be administered by the Planning Board through its Subdivision Control and Site Plan Regulations.

SECTION 616: COBBETTS POND WATERSHED PROTECTION ORDINANCE

616.1 Authority and Statement of Intent

616.1.1 Pursuant to RSA 674: 21, the Town of Windham adopts a Watershed Protection Overlay District and accompanying regulations to ensure the protection and preservation of Cobbetts Pond and its watershed from the effects of point and non-point source pollution or sedimentation. The establishment of the Watershed Protection Overlay District and the adoption of these regulations are intended.

616.1.1.1 To protect public health,

616.1.1.2 To protect aquifers, which serve as existing or potential water supplies, and the aquifer recharge system,.

616.1.1.3 To protect surface waters and wetlands contiguous to surface waters,

616.1.1.4 To protect the natural areas and wildlife habitats within the Watershed Protection Overlay Zone by maintaining ecological balances,

616.1.1.5 To prevent the degradation of water quality through the regulation of land uses and development within the Watershed Protection Overlay District, and

616.1.1.6 To assure proper use of natural resources and other public requirements.

616.1.2 In the event of a conflict between the requirements of this section and other requirements of the Windham Zoning Ordinance or state law, the more stringent requirements shall govern.

616.2 Applicability

616.2.1 The special provisions established in this Watershed Protection Ordinance shall apply to all development proposals and to potential contaminating activities within the

Watershed Protection Overlay District. The boundaries of the Watershed Protection Overlay District have been delineated by the NH DES using current location data (see Cobbetts Pond Watershed Overlay District Parcel Map dated 1/27/10).

616.2.2 The boundaries of the Watershed Protection Overlay District are identified through drainage, groundwater and soils analyses and are considered to be essential to the protection of the watershed from the effects of point and non-point source pollution or sedimentation.

616.2.3 All development proposals occurring wholly or partly in an area within the Watershed Protection Overlay District shall be subject to the requirements of this Ordinance.

616.3 Administration

616.3.1 General: The Windham Planning Board shall have authority to create processes and procedures to administer the provisions of the Watershed Protection Ordinance.

616.3.2 Enforcement: The Code Enforcement Officer shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions and conditions of this Watershed Protection Ordinance, pursuant to the provisions of Section 1500 of Windham's Zoning Ordinance.

616.4 Definitions

Automobile Service or Repair Station: A retail establishment at which motor vehicles are refueled, serviced, and sometimes repaired.

Best Management Practices: As defined in the New Hampshire Stormwater Manual, Volume I, Volume II, and Volume III, prepared by NH DES.

Buffer Zone: The undisturbed natural area sufficient in size to mitigate runoff effects harmful to water quality.

Commercial Agricultural Activities: The production of crops for sale, crops intended for widespread distribution to wholesalers or retail outlets. Commercial agriculture includes livestock production and livestock grazing. Commercial agriculture does not include crops grown for household consumption (e.g. backyard garden or from a vegetable garden or a few fruit trees).

Contamination: Sedimentation, point and non-point source pollution, septage, or the discharge of hazardous materials.

Development: Any activity resulting in a change in the physical character of any parcel of land, such as may be caused by, but not limited to: subdivisions, change in use, the construction or expansion of a building, deck, or shed; installation of a well or septic tank; land disturbing activity such as commercial agriculture or commercial forestry; paving of a previously permeable area; grading, and road building. Lot line adjustments are exempt.

Hazardous Materials: As defined in Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and Identification and Listing of Hazardous Wastes, 40 C.F.R. §261 (1987).

Hydrology: The study of the earth's waters, their distribution and the cycle involving precipitation, infiltration into the soil and evaporation.

Impervious Surface: Surface that is impenetrable by liquids, including, but not limited to, areas paved with conventional asphalt or concrete, sidewalks, patios, decks, and roofs which do not recharge water.

Infiltration Rate: The volume of surface water that filters into the soil per unit of time.

Low-Impact Development (LID): An approach to site development and design that provides increased opportunities for stormwater infiltration and increased hydrologic function within a watershed as defined in NH DES Fact Sheet WD-WMB-17, “Low-Impact Development and Stormwater Management,” 2010 or any updated versions thereof.

Non-point Source Pollution: Contaminants including, but not limited to pesticides, fertilizers, animal wastes, sediments, nutrients, and heavy metals that are deposited on the ground surface and flow into and pollute nearby surface waters.

Point and Non-point Source Pollution: Point pollution comes from a single source such as the discharge from a drainage pipe. Non-point pollution comes from multiple sources such as rain water run-off.

Potential Contaminating Activity: Activities that have the potential to create a new discharge of contaminants or to increase the discharge of contaminants to surface or ground-waters.

Public Water Body: All water bodies with a surface area of 10 acres or more.

Runoff Volume: The volume of surface water that runs off during a storm event.

Sedimentation: The deposition of sand, silt, soil or other matter into a watercourse or wetland, including that resulting from post-development surface runoff.

Storm Event: A period of sustained rainfall with a minimum total accumulation of 0.25 inches of precipitation over a 24 hour period.

Storm Water: Surface water run-off from a non point source caused by a storm event.

Tributary Stream: Any perennial or intermittent stream, flowing either directly or indirectly into a public water body. This shall include any tributary stream section contained within a pipe system.

Watershed: The area lying within the drainage basins of public water bodies.

616.5 Use Regulations

616.5.1 Allowed uses established by the underlying zoning district shall apply, except as modified below:

616.5.2 The following uses shall be specifically prohibited within the Watershed Protection Overlay District:

616.5.2.1 Storage or production of hazardous materials as defined in either or both of the following:

616.5.2.1.1 Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986.

616.5.2.1.2 Identification and Listing of Hazardous Wastes, 40 C.F.R. §261 (1987)

616.5.2.2 Disposal of hazardous materials or solid wastes.

616.5.2.3 Treatment of hazardous material, except rehabilitation programs authorized by a government agency to treat hazardous material present at a site prior to the adoption of this ordinance.

616.5.2.4 Any business that stores, uses or disposes of hazardous material, unless all facilities and equipment are designed and operated to prevent the release or discharge of hazardous materials and have undergone an inspection by the Town of Windham Building Inspector and Fire Inspector to certify they are in compliance with hazardous material regulations.

616.5.2.5 Disposal of septage or septic sludge, as defined by New Hampshire Solid Waste Rules Env-Wm101-300 & 2100 - 3700.

616.5.2.6 Automobile service and repair stations.

616.5.2.7 Junkyards and Salvage Yards as defined by RSA 236:112.

616.6 Review Requirements for Development in the Watershed Protection Overlay District

616.6.1 General. Applications for Subdivisions and Site Plans shall be accompanied by a hydrologic study as outlined in Section 616.7. The Hydrological study must document, in a manner acceptable to the Planning Board, that the proposed land development would provide the same or greater degree of water quality protection as existed on the site (s) at the time the application was made. Change of Use Applications that do not propose any new construction, paving, alterations to grading, or other alteration to the terrain are exempt from the requirements of the hydrological study.

616.6.2 Applications for new home construction and additions and reconstruction of existing homes need New Home Construction Applications and must include an erosion and sedimentation control plan prepared by an engineer licensed in the State of New Hampshire or a qualified professional familiar with erosion control measures and procedures and acceptable to the Town Engineer.

616.6.3 All development within the Watershed Protection Overlay District shall be evaluated to ensure that:

616.6.3.1 Non-point source pollution is prevented to the maximum extent possible, taking into account site conditions such as slope, soil type and erosivity and vegetative cover.

616.6.3.2 Best Management Practices (BMPs) are in place and are sufficient to remove or neutralize those pollutants that present a potential impact to the water body. The use or creation of detention ponds is not allowed for runoff control, except in those cases where an extended detention pond may be necessary to develop a site.

616.6.3.3 Grading and removal of vegetation at a development site is minimized and erosion and sedimentation control measures are in place and properly installed.

616.6.3.4 If two or more dwelling units share a common sewage treatment system a perpetual maintenance agreement from the building's owner is required.

616.6.3.5 Uses that may potentially cause contamination within the Watershed Protection Overlay District, must submit a spill prevention control and countermeasures plan for approval. This plan shall include the following elements:

616.6.3.5.1 Disclosure statements describing the types, quantities, and storage locations of all contaminants that will be part of the proposed project.

616.6.3.5.2 Contaminant handling and spill prevention techniques.

616.6.3.5.3 Spill reporting procedures, including a list of affected agencies to be contacted in the event of a spill.

616.6.3.5.4 Spill recovery plans, including a list of available equipment.

616.6.3.5.5 Spill cleanup and disposal plans.

616.7 Hydrologic Study and Plan

616.7.1 A hydrologic study shall be done by a professional engineer or hydrologist licensed in the State of New Hampshire and shall include the following information:

616.7.1.1 Description of the proposed project including location and extent of impervious surfaces; on-site processes or storage of materials; the anticipated use of the land and buildings; description of the site including topographic, hydrologic and vegetative features.

616.7.1.2 Characteristics of natural runoff on the site and projected runoff with the proposed project, including its rate and chemical and/or biological characteristics deemed necessary to make an adequate assessment of water quality.

616.7.1.3 Measures proposed to be employed to reduce the rate of runoff and pollutant loading of runoff from the project area, both during construction and after.

616.7.1.4 Proposed runoff control and watershed protection measures for the site. These measures shall be designed with the goal of ensuring that the rate of surface water runoff from the site does not exceed pre-development conditions and that the quality of such runoff will not be less than pre-development conditions. Special emphasis shall be placed on the impacts of proposed encroachments into the required buffer.

616.7.1.5 Where the developer of property subject to the terms of this Watershed Protection Ordinance seeks to utilize existing or planned off-site storm-water quality management facilities, the developer shall provide a written certification that the owner of the off-site facilities will accept the runoff and be responsible for its adequate treatment and that the arrangement will run with the land in a manner that will be acceptable to the Planning Board.

616.7.2 The study shall make use of existing Cobbett's Pond water quality historical data to the maximum extent possible. If new data is to be relied upon, the Town reserves the right to have the data reviewed by an independent expert at the expense of the developer, before the study is deemed complete and ready for review.

616.7.3 The study shall be submitted to the Planning Board for review and approval concurrently with the submission of applications for review as required by this Ordinance.

616.8 Buffer Requirements

616.8.1 A 100-foot wide buffer zone shall be maintained along the edge of any tributary stream discharging into Cobbett's Pond and along the edge of any wetlands associated with those tributary streams. The required setback distance shall be measured from the centerline of such tributary stream and from the delineated edge of a wetland. Streams shall be delineated from their mean high water mark. The buffer zone shall be maintained in its natural state to the maximum extent possible.

616.8.2 Any reduction in the required buffer zone width may be granted by the Planning Board upon presentation of a hydrologic or other study that provides documentation and justification, acceptable to the Planning Board, that even with the reduction, the same or a greater degree of water quality protection would be afforded as would be with the full-width buffer zone. In granting such a reduction, the Planning Board may require certain conditions of approval which may include, but are not limited to, restrictions on use, type of construction, and erosion, runoff or sedimentation control measures as deemed necessary to protect water quality.

616.8.3 All development shall be located outside of the required buffer zone.

616.8.4 The following uses shall not be permitted within the buffer zone:

616.8.4.1 Septic tanks and drain-fields;

616.8.4.2 Feed lots or other livestock impoundments;

616.8.4.3 Trash containers and dumpsters which are not under roof or which are located so that leachate from the receptacle could escape unfiltered and untreated;

616.8.4.4 Fuel storage in excess of fifty (50) gallons [200L];

616.8.4.5 Sanitary landfills;

616.8.4.6 Activities involving the manufacture, bulk storage or any type of distribution of materials hazardous to Cobbett's Pond as defined in the Hazardous Materials Spills Emergency Handbook, American Waterworks Association, 1975, as revised, including specifically the following general classes of materials:

616.8.4.6.1 Oil and oil products,

616.8.4.6.2 Radioactive materials,

616.8.4.6.3 Any material transported in large commercial quantities that is a very soluble acid or base, highly biodegradable, or can create a severe oxygen demand,

616.8.4.6.4 Biologically accumulative poisons,

616.8.4.6.5 The active ingredients of poisons that are or were ever registered in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended (7 USC 135 et seq.),

616.8.4.6.6 Substances lethal to mammalian or aquatic life,

616.8.4.6.7 Road salt,

616.8.4.6.8 Lawn fertilizers.

616.9 Septic Systems

616.9.1 For any new construction, an Effluent Disposal System (EDS) shall be installed in accordance to NH DES regulations requiring a 75 foot setback from Hydric-A soils and a 50 foot setback from Hydric-B soils from any surface water or wetland area.

616.9.2 For any expansion of an existing structure, or the seasonal conversion of an existing structure, the owner shall conform to RSA 485-A: 38 and the associated Code of Administrative Rules for Subdivision and ISDS Design Rules, as amended.

616.9.3 For a new subdivision development for which EDS's are proposed, if the lots are less than 5 acres, then all plans and permit application shall conform to all relevant NH DES rules and regulations. For lots that are greater than 5 acres, all plans and permit applications shall show an area of 4000 sq. ft., within which the EDS may be located, with test pit and percolation test data to verify the site's suitability for a septic system.

616.9.4 If any septic assessment or an on-site inspection indicates that the existing system is in failure, a plan for a replacement system shall be submitted to NH DES within 30 days from the date of the onsite inspection.

616.10 Site Construction (Commercial / Industrial or Residential)

616.10.1 No new impervious driveways are allowed within 75 feet of any surface water or wetland area. Accessory structures are allowed when permitted by the NH DES.

616.10.2 The impervious area of any building lot is limited to 30%. Impervious area includes building area, gravel or asphalt driveway and parking area. For lots that currently exceed 30% impervious area, re-development must decrease the percent of impervious area.

616.10.3 For any use that will render impervious more than 20% or more than 2,500 square feet of any lot, whichever is greater, a storm water management and erosion control plan, consistent with Storm water Management and Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook for Urban and Developing Areas in New Hampshire, Rockingham County Conservation District, August 1992, as amended, shall be prepared and submitted to the Planning Board. No building Permit shall be issued until such time as the Planning Board has reviewed and approved said plan.

616.11 Commercial Agriculture Activities

616.11.1 Livestock are not allowed direct access to Cobbetts Pond or its tributaries.

616.11.2 Application of fertilizers or pesticides is not allowed within 200 feet from Cobbetts Pond or its tributaries or wetland.

616.11.3 All livestock grazing and feeding areas shall be a minimum of 200 feet away from Cobbetts Pond or its tributaries.

616.11.4 All runoff from livestock feeding areas shall be directed away from Cobbetts Pond or its tributaries or wetland area.

616.11.5 The storage and use of all animal manure for fertilization purposes must be conducted in accordance with the Best Management Practices for the Handling of Compost, Fertilizer, and Manure in New Hampshire, NH Department of Agriculture, Markets and Food.

616.11.6 Unless stricter setbacks or operational requirements are outlined above, all agricultural operations shall be conducted in accordance with the Manual of Best Management Practices for Agriculture in New Hampshire, NH Dept. of Agriculture, June 1993, as amended, and in accordance with all appropriate sections of the Comprehensive Shoreland Protection Act, NH RSA 483-B.

616.12 Commercial Forestry Activities

616.12.1 A minimum 75-foot undisturbed natural vegetated buffer shall be maintained adjacent to all surface waters or wetland areas.

616.12.2 Unless stricter setbacks or operational requirements are outlined above, all forestry operations shall be conducted in accordance with the Best Management Practices for Erosion Controls on Timber Harvesting Operations in New Hampshire, NH Division of Forests and Lands, February 2004, as amended, and in accordance with all appropriate sections of the Comprehensive Shoreland Protection Act, as detailed in RSA 485-A: 17.

616.13 Emergency Exceptions

616.13.1 Emergency situations relating to public health, safety, and welfare will be temporarily relieved of the provisions of this ordinance in order to correct the emergency and restore the property to its previous condition as soon as possible.

616.13.2 The determination as to whether or not a situation is classified as an emergency shall be made by the Code Enforcement Officer and Building Inspector.

616.13.3 Within ten (10) business days of the determination being made as listed in Section 616.13.4, an application must be submitted as required by the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 700 - DEVELOPMENT OF SITES AND LOCATION OF BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

701. Height Regulations:

701.1 The height of any occupiable space in any building shall not exceed thirty-five (35) feet except that in no case shall the height in an airport approach zone established by the New Hampshire Aeronautics Commission exceed the height limit established by said commission.

701.2 Limitations of height shall not apply to spires, domes, steeples, chimneys, bulkheads, cooling towers, ventilators, and other appurtenances usually carried above the roof, or to farm buildings, churches, municipal buildings, provided that if the use requires a permit one has been granted.

701.3 Commercial antenna structures are permitted in the Commercial A, Limited Industrial, and Professional, Business, and Technology Zoning Districts subject to the following:

701.3.1 Commercial antenna structures shall not exceed in height the distance to the nearest lot line or 150 feet, whichever is the lesser.

701.3.2 - Intentionally omitted.

701.3.3 Guy wires shall not extend into the required building setback areas.

701.3.4 Commercial antenna structures attached, bracketed or mounted on buildings shall not extend more than twenty-five (25) feet above the established roof line.

701.3.5 Only one (1) commercial antenna structure shall be erected on a lot. Commercial antenna structures shall be located at least four thousand (4,000) feet apart, measured in a straight line from the base of each tower.

701.3.6 Commercial antenna structures shall be designed and placed to allow co-location of facilities and uses on each structure.

701.3.7 The total radiation output of all equipment on the structure shall not exceed regulatory limits beyond the lot line.

701.3.8 A site alternative analysis, including existing structures, shall be conducted.

701.3.9 A bond shall be submitted to and held by the Town of Windham for the removal of the commercial antenna structure when the structure is no longer operational.

702. Area, Frontage, Yard and Floor Area Requirements: No building or structure shall be erected unless in conformity with the requirements on the Table of Requirements (See Table of Requirements in Appendix A-1), except that:

702.1 Awnings, eaves, sills, steps, cornices, belt cornices, fences or walls, light poles, mailboxes, driveways, stonewalls, retaining walls, walkways, essential utilities, septic systems, cisterns for emergency water supply and similar features may project into or be permitted within the required yards provided in the ordinance.

702.2 On a corner lot, in order to provide visibility unobstructed at intersections, no sign, fence, wall, tree, hedge or other vegetation, and no building or other structure more than three (3) feet above the established street grades measured from a plane through the curb grades on the height of the crown of the street shall be erected, placed or maintained within the area formed by the intersecting street lines and a straight line joining said street lines at points which are twenty-five (25) feet distant from the point of intersection, measured along said street line.

702.3 Further, no yard, lot area or other open space required for a building or structure by this Ordinance shall, during the existence of such building or structure, be occupied by or counted as open space for another such building or structure. No lot area shall be so reduced or diminished so that the yards or other open space shall be smaller than prescribed by this Ordinance.

702.4 Allowing waivers for pre-existing setback violations: Notwithstanding any other provision contained herein, for any single family or duplex dwelling, originally constructed by a lawfully issued building permit issued prior to January 1, 1980, the Code Enforcement Administrator, or his/her designated agent, may issue an administrative waiver of any setback violations, provided that the waiver may not be issued for any encroachment exceeding ten percent (10%) of the required setback distance. In determining whether to issue such a waiver, the Code Enforcement Administrator shall consider the following factors:

702.4.1 The potential causes for the original non-compliance;

702.4.2 The effect on public health, safety and welfare created by the encroachment;

702.4.3 The effect on non-enforcement of the required provisions on surrounding complying properties;

702.4.4 No approvals may be given for setback encroachments on both of the opposite sides of any structure. If the Code Enforcement Administrator should deny such waiver request, the property owner may file an administrative appeal or such a decision with the Zoning Board of Adjustment, or may alternatively seek a variance from the terms of the underlying setback requirement.

702.5 If a non-residential use (building, parking area, or driveway) is proposed closer than 100' from a residential zoning district, a vegetative buffer or earthen berm 50' wide must be provided, which will provide screening for the residential use.

702.6 Canopies, whether attached to the principal structure or detached, shall be set back thirty (30) feet from the front property line, twenty (20) feet from the side property line, and thirty (30) feet from the rear property line measured from the edge of the canopy roof.

702.7 Energy or Communications Systems. Wind, solar, hydro and communication structures shall meet the required setbacks for the zoning district at their location.

703. Accessory Buildings & Swimming Pools: A detached accessory building or a swimming pool may be erected in the rear or side yard area in conformance with the yard requirements of the district in which it is located. An accessory building attached to its principle building shall be considered an integral part thereof and as such shall be subject to the front, side, and rear yard requirements applicable to the principle building.

704. Off-Street Parking and Loading Areas:

704.1 Off-street parking and loading spaces shall be required as follows:

704.1.1 Dwellings: One (1) parking space for each dwelling unit therein and sufficient off-street parking for visitors and employees.

704.1.2 Places of public assembly: One (1) parking space for each three (3) seats therein or one (1) space for each sixty inches (60") of bleachers or benches, plus one (1) space for every two (2) employees thereon.

704.1.3 Schools: One (1) parking space for each classroom and office therein, plus one (1) parking space for each three (3) seats in the auditorium thereof.

704.1.4 Hotels, motels and other places providing overnight accommodations: One (1) parking space for each room accommodation therein, plus one (1) space for each two (2) employees and adequate spaces for delivery vehicles.

704.1.5 Restaurants: one (1) parking space for every 2.5 seats in the restaurant seating area and one parking space for every two (2) seats in the lounge area including tables, stools or chairs at the bar plus one (1) parking space for each employee on the largest shift and adequate spaces for delivery vehicles.

704.1.6 Retail and service establishments: one (1) space per two hundred (200) square feet of gross floor area.

704.1.7 Retail sales of automobiles, nursery stock and such other goods as usually involve extensive display areas in relation to customer traffic: One (1) space for each five hundred (500) square feet of gross floor area.

704.1.8 Business, Professional and administrative offices: One (1) space for each two hundred fifty (250) square feet of gross floor area.

704.1.9 Lab and Manufacturing: One (1) space for each three hundred (300) square feet of usable floor area.

704.1.10 Wholesale, storage, warehousing or similar service uses: One (1) space for each six hundred (600) square feet of useable floor area.

704.1.11 Miscellaneous use determined by the Code Enforcement Administrator prior to the issuance of a building permit on advice of the Planning Board.

704.1.12 The number of parking spaces required by this section may be reduced upon written determination of the Code Enforcement Administrator, based on the Planning Board's written recommendation to him/her following it's site plan review, that special circumstances render a lesser number of spaces adequate for all parking needs. In order to qualify for a reduction, the petitioner must present a site plan showing that all parking spaces needed to meet the requirements of this section could be built on site. Those spaces to be waived shall be marked on the plan as "Reserve Parking Area(s)" on the Planning Board's written decision to grant a

reduction. The "Reserve Parking Area(s)" are to be maintained as landscaped areas unless and until construction of additional parking spaces is required by the Planning Board. No building, other than parking spaces shall ever be allowed in this area.

704.1.13 All parking calculations shall be rounded up to the next whole number.

704.2 Design of Off-Street Parking and Loading Spaces:

704.2.1 For all required off-street parking spaces, open or enclosed, each three hundred (300) square feet of net standing and maneuvering area shall be considered one (1) space. However, if such spaces are located in a completely enclosed building, each two hundred and fifty (250) square feet of net standing and maneuvering area shall be considered one (1) space. All required parking spaces shall be provided with unobstructed access to and from a street and shall be properly maintained in such a manner as to permit them to be used at all times. All required parking spaces shall be located on the same lot as the use with which such spaces are connected or in the case of unenclosed spaces, within two hundred feet (200') of the lot, except that two (2) or more businesses may jointly provide the required spaces on one (1) or more of their lots. The number of spaces in any such joint facility shall at least equal the total number required under the provisions of this Section for their individual uses.

704.2.2 All off-street parking and loading areas, permitted and/or required, except for dwellings, which are located within or adjacent to the Rural or Residence District (whether on the side or rear) shall be screened from all adjoining lots in said district by either:

704.2.2.1 A minimum ten (10) feet landscaped buffer area with planting of evergreens measuring at least four (4) feet high at time of planting and which may be expected to form a six (6) foot high screen within three years, the entire length of the buffer area to be 80% or more opaque when viewed horizontally;

704.2.2.2 or a solid fence, six (6) feet in height with twenty percent (20%) or more of the fence face planted with evergreens, such screening to be compatible with the character of the neighborhood. This screen shall be located on a minimum of ten feet (10') landscaped buffer.

704.2.3 Required off-street parking and loading spaces shall not hereafter be reduced.

704.2.4 Required off-street parking and loading spaces shall have adequate vehicular access to the street, which along with the areas themselves, must be approved on a Site Plan in the case of business or industrial uses; see Windham Site Plan Regulations.

704.2.5 Except in the case of parking spaces provided for dwellings, off-street parking and loading areas shall be paved to specifications prepared by the Planning Board with the advice of the Town Engineer.

704.2.6 Except in the case of parking spaces provided for dwellings, off-street parking and loading areas used after sundown shall be illuminated, with illumination so arranged as not to shine on abutting properties or on streets.

704.2.7 With the exception of those parking areas provided for single-family dwellings, off-street parking and loading areas shall be located a minimum of ten (10) feet from side and rear property lines, and twenty (20) feet from the property line along a public way.

704.2.8 Dimensions: Except for parking for single family dwelling maneuvering aisles shall be laid out in compliance with the minimum dimensions set forth in the following table:

MINIMUM PARKING SPACE & AISLE DIMENSION FOR PARKING AREAS (in feet)

<u>Angle of Parking</u>	<u>Width of Parking Space</u>	<u>Depth of Parking Space</u>	<u>Width of Maneuvering Aisle</u>
61 to 90 degrees	9'	18'	24'
46 to 60 degrees	9'	18'	18'
45 degrees	9'	18'	15'
Parallel*	8'	22'	14'(1-way) 20'(2-way)

*To be counted as a required parking space, a parallel parking space shall have a maneuvering space at least 20' deep adjacent to an aisle parallel to and abutting such parking space.

Parking areas where the parking spaces are angled at 45 or 60 degrees shall have one way traffic circulation.

704.2.9 All required parking spaces (except on single family dwelling lots) shall be marked to provide delineation between parking stalls and aisles.

704.2.10 In off-street parking areas for 50 or more vehicles each parking area shall have interior landscaping areas, primarily planted with trees, equivalent in size to five (5) percent of that parking area's total pavement area. There shall be no more than 30 spaces in any uninterrupted row. One live shade tree or ornamental tree is required for each two thousand (2,000) square feet of parking area.

704.2.11 Curbing: Where landscaped areas abut parking areas and/or driveways, the landscaped areas shall be protected from vehicular encroachment by curbs or berms.

704.3 Vehicular parking handicap:

704.3.1 Location:

704.3.1.1 Specially designated parking spaces for the physically handicapped shall be located closest to the designated accessible primary entrance (s).

704.3.1.2 If possible, they shall be located so that handicapped persons do not have to cross a roadway or traffic land.

704.3.1.3 In multilevel garages where not elevator is provided such spaces shall be located near the accessible entrance.

704.3.2 Number of Such Spaces Shall Be Provided as Follows:

<u>TOTAL SPACES</u>	<u>REQUIRED SPACES</u>
1-40	5% BUT NOT LESS THAN 2 SPACES
41-100	4% BUT NOT LESS THAN 3 SPACES
101-200	3% BUT NOT LESS THAN 4 SPACES
201-500	2% BUT NOT LESS THAN 6 SPACES
501-1,000	1.5% BUT NOT LESS THAN 10 SPACES
1,001-2,000	1% BUT NOT LESS THAN 10 SPACES
2,001-5,000	.75% BUT NOT LESS THAN 20 SPACES
5,000-	.50% BUT NOT LESS THAN 30 SPACES

704.3.3 Width:

704.3.3.1 Such parking spaces which are perpendicular or diagonal to the parking roadway shall be 12'-0" (3.65m) wide. Spaces shall allow persons in wheelchairs to enter or leave an automobile on a uniform surface suitable for wheeling or walking.

704.3.3.2 Two 8' (2.44m) wide spaces, separated by a 8' (2.44m) center aisle, which is painted or striped yellow, can be used as an alternative.

704.3.4 Identification:

704.3.4.1 Such spaces shall be identified by a sign at each space or pair of spaces stating that these spaces are reserved for the physically handicapped.

704.3.4.2 This sign shall be located a height not less than 5'-0" (1.5m) and not more than 8'-0" (2.44m)

704.3.4.3 The sign shall contain the "International Symbol of Access" as shown in Han 412.

704.3.5 Parking Surface Area:

704.3.5.1 Parking surface areas required to be accessible for the handicapped shall not slope more than one-in-twenty.

704.3.5.2 Catch basins and drainage patterns shall not interfere with travel for handicapped persons.

704.3.6 Sidewalks:

704.3.6.1 Where sidewalks are provided at such spaces, a curb cut (sidewalk ramp) shall be installed at each specially designated space or pair of spaces, so that handicapped persons are not required to enter the stream of traffic to attain access to sidewalks.

704.3.6.2 If the alternative described in *Section 704.3.3.2* is used, the curb cuts shall be installed where the center aisle meets the sidewalks.

704.3.7 Walks and Ramps:

704.3.7.1 Walks and ramps required as a means of egress leading from specially designated parking spaces for the handicapped in parking lots, garages or other parking facilities shall be in conformity with all sections of the code.

704.4 Limitations on Parking:

704.4.1 Outdoor parking of more than one (1) unregistered and uninspected motor vehicle on any lot shall be prohibited in all districts. There shall be no parking of unregistered or uninspected vehicles in the required side yard, front or rear setbacks.

704.4.2 Parking of any unregistered and uninspected motor vehicles on vacant lots, or on Town property, easements or rights-of-way shall be prohibited in all districts.

704.4.3 Prohibitions on parking unregistered and uninspected vehicles shall not apply to vehicles in a condition for and offered for sale from retail sales lots approved by the Planning Board, or in existence prior to site plan jurisdiction having been granted to the Planning Board, or to junk yards holding licenses issued by the State of New Hampshire, and likewise approved by the Planning Board or pre-existing.

704.4.4 Parking spaces at gasoline dispensers may be counted as required parking when there is only a convenience store on site.

704.4.5 Recreational vehicles or recreational campers: In any district, except as noted in Section 603.2 of this Ordinance, no person shall use or occupy a trailer or motorized recreational vehicles or recreational campers for more than thirty (30) days. Residential use of a trailer or motorized recreational vehicles or recreational campers for a period in excess of thirty days, but less than one year, shall require a Special Exception from the Board of Adjustment, which may be granted for circumstances in which the primary residence has been destroyed or has become uninhabitable.

704.4.5.1 Recreational vehicles or recreational campers, Storage: A single trailer, motorized recreational vehicles or recreational campers, or unregistered recreational vehicle, owned by a resident, but not used, may be kept on the premises of said residence provided that:

704.4.5.2 Such trailer or motorized recreational vehicles or recreational campers remains mobile.

704.4.5.3 It may not occupy any front yard.

704.4.5.4 It may not be located within fifteen (15) feet of either the side lot line or the rear lot line.

704.4.5.5 It creates no nuisance or risk of damage to health and/or property.

705. Open Space and Landscaping Requirements:

705.1 The following requirements shall be met: (Except for those lots within the Rural or Residential Districts or where open space requirements are more restrictive elsewhere in this ordinance) or in the Village Center District where open space and landscaping requirements are outlined in the Site Plan Regulations.

705.1.1 Open Space: A minimum of 30% of any total lot area shall be maintained as open space. Any non-permeable areas such as paved surfaces and building ground floor areas shall be excluded from this space area calculation.

705.1.2 Any disturbed natural area shall be properly landscaped with grass, trees, shrubs, ground cover, mulch or a combination of any of these elements. In no case will mulch alone be acceptable.

705.1.3 No landscaped area shall be less than five (5) feet wide, except at a building perimeter, in which case three (3) feet is acceptable.

705.1.4 A properly landscaped area must be provided within twenty-five (25) feet of any building perimeter (except at loading areas, and along service access drives in the rear of any building not facing a public way).

705.1.5 A landscape plan must be submitted along with the site development for approval to the Planning Board. This plan shall identify all landscaped areas and define the intent of the proposed landscaping by identifying the general types and locations of plantings.

705.1.6 Landscaping shall comply with the following general specifications:

705.1.6.1 Deciduous trees shall not be less than two and one half (2 1/2) inches caliper.

705.1.6.2 Evergreen trees shall not be less than four (4) feet tall.

705.1.6.3 Shrubs shall not be less than eighteen (18) inches high.

705.1.6.4 All proposed plantings shall be appropriate for the soils and weather conditions of the specific site.

705.2 Definition:

705.2.1 Usable Floor Area: The sum of the area (s) of one or several floors of a building as measured by the exterior walls, excluding:

705.2.1.1 Stairhalls, toilet rooms, enclosed hallways, enclosed lobbies, and other areas specifically defined as common use areas and physically identified by partitions or walls

705.2.1.2 Accessory garage areas, accessory to the operation of the building itself

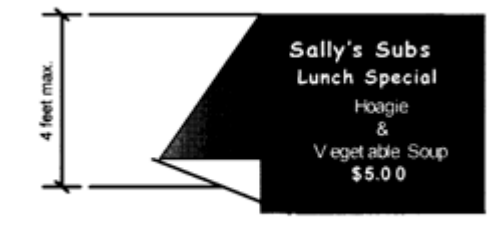
705.2.1.3 Areas devoted to the operation of the building, housing heat, ventilation and air conditioning equipment.

706. Sign Regulations

706.1 Intent: This article is adopted for the regulation of signs within the Town of Windham in order to enhance the visual environment of the Town; provide for the safety, convenience and welfare of its residents; and support the local business community. Permitted signs are those that give information and directions; build the image of business and industry; and complement the character of the zoning district land use.

706.2 Definitions:

A-Frame/Sandwich Board Sign: A self-supporting freestanding sign, sized a maximum of 4' in height and 2' in width, shaped like and "A" that is easily movable and temporary in nature. See diagram:



Awning Sign: Any visual message (letters, words, logos) incorporated into an awning attached to a building. If the awning only contains a street address and no other letters or words it is not considered a sign.

Changeable Copy Sign: A sign on which the visual message may be manually changed. (Example: Reader boards).

Clear Sight Triangle: The area defined in Section 702.2.

Complex: Either commercial or industrial structure(s) with two or more tenant spaces or divisions.

Directional Sign: A sign limited to providing directional or guide information on the most direct or simple route for on-site public safety and convenience. Directional signs may be located adjacent to driveways. Examples: “IN”, “OUT”, “ENTRANCE”, “EXIT”, and “PARKING”. Directional signs may not contain business names, slogans, or logos, unless the business is not directly visible from the public way.

Electronic Reader Board: A sign, or portion thereof, with characters, letters, or illustrations that can be electronically changed or rearranged without altering the face or the surface of the sign.

Freestanding Sign: Any sign supported by structures or supports that are placed on, or anchored in, the ground and that are independent from any building or other structure.

Historic Plaque: A marker, erected by federal, state, or local authority identifying a historic place, name or date.

Illuminated Sign: Any sign illuminated from the interior or exterior of the sign.

Projecting Sign: Any sign affixed to a building or wall in such a manner that its leading edge extends more than twelve inches beyond the surface of such building or wall.

Roof line: Shall be the lower border of a roof that overhangs the wall (the projecting edge of the roof).

Roof Sign: Any sign that extends above the roofline of the building to which it is attached.

Seasonal Agricultural Sign: Sign displayed during the harvest season of the item advertised

Sign: Any words, lettering, parts of letters, figures, numerals, phrases, sentences, emblems, devices, designs, trade names, or trademarks by which anything is made known, such as are used to designate an individual, a firm, an association, a corporation, a profession, a business, or a commodity or product, which are visible from a public street or right-of-way and used to attract attention.

Sign Area: Shall be that contiguous image area of the sign that could be used to communicate visually the advertised message; support structures and embellishments used to enhance the visual look of the sign shall not be counted in the sign area calculations so long as they are no more than 15% of the total sign area.

Unit: shall consist of only one primary structure per lot with one and only one tenant space.

Wall Sign: Any sign attached parallel to, but within twelve inches of a wall, painted on the wall surface, or erected and confined within the limits of an outside wall of any building or structure, which is supported by such wall or building, and which displays only one sign.

Window Sign: Illuminated and non-illuminated signs placed in the windows of a structure and viewed or intended to be viewed from outside the structure.

706.3 Construction-All Districts:

706.3.1 All signs (except for pre-existing non-conforming signs) must conform to these regulations and the most recently adopted Building Code.

706.3.2 Sign Permits

706.3.2.1 It shall be unlawful for any person to erect, construct, enlarge, move or convert any sign in the Town of Windham, or cause the same to be done, without first obtaining a sign permit except as specified in 706.7.

706.3.2.2 For those signs that have already received approval from the Planning Board through Site Plan Review, the permitting agency will be the Code Enforcement Administrator.

706.3.2.3 The Planning Board reviews sign permits for: (1) All new or relocated free-standing signs (2) All non-residential awning signs.

706.4 Zones: Sign Usage Allowed: Refer to Section 706.8 “Sign Specifications by District” table for maximum allowable number and dimensions of signs permitted in any zoning district. Other requirements, as applicable, are noted herein.

706.4.1 Residence "A", "B", "C" District & Rural District: A permanent sign shall be allowed to identify the name and address of the residential occupant; such sign shall not be internally illuminated and no Planning Board review or Town permits are required. Home Occupations may have one (1) wall or one (1) freestanding sign, neither being internally illuminated.

706.4.2 Business Commercial A and B Districts, Gateway Commercial District, Limited Industrial District, Neighborhood Business District, & Professional, Business and Technology District:

706.4.2.1 One (1) freestanding sign identifying the commercial complex or unit shall be allowed. A freestanding sign for a complex may identify the individual occupants of the complex in addition to the name of the complex. If a common back plate is used for support, it shall not exceed one and one half times the area of said occupants' sign.

706.4.2.2 One (1) wall sign for each side of a building facing a public or private right-of-way is permitted. For complexes, one (1) wall sign is permitted per occupant on the building façade of each tenant space, except that where the occupant space has more than one (1) façade facing a public or private right-of-way. In the later case, one (1) wall sign per each occupant space façade facing a public or private right-of-way is permitted, up to a maximum of two (2) wall signs. Buildings fronting more than one right-of-way may not combine the permissible sign square footage for the purpose of placing one sign on one frontage.

706.4.3 Historic District and Village Center District: The intent of this section is to ensure the appropriateness of the placement, design, size, color, and execution of signs within the Historic and Village Center District so that they are visually compatible with the structures and environs.

706.4.3.1 Historic District: Any proposed sign, sign structure, or change to an existing sign (but not contents of normally changeable copy) is subject to approval by the Historic District Commission prior to the approval of the Sign by the Planning Board, where required through Site Plan Review, and the issuance of a sign permit by the Code Enforcement Administrator.

706.4.3.2 Historic District & Village Center District Signage Details: Dark backgrounds with light colored lettering are encouraged. Fluorescent or glowing colors are prohibited. Signs shall not obscure important architectural details or features such as windows, transom panels, sills, moldings, cornices, and the like. Signs on adjacent storefronts within the same development shall be coordinated in design, height, and proportion.

706.4.3.3 Historic District & Village Center District Illumination: In addition to lighting restrictions detailed elsewhere in the ordinance, no internally lit signs are permitted.

706.5 General Sign Regulations - All Districts:

706.5.1 Prohibited Signs:

The following signs shall be prohibited within all zoning districts of the Town.

706.5.1.1 Beacon or flashing signs. Signs which feature flashing or rotating lights, strobes, strands of lights, animation, scrolling, or moving parts.

706.5.1.2 Electronic reader boards.

706.5.1.3 Hazardous signs. Signs that interfere with pedestrian or vehicular traffic, distract or confuse motorists, are in a state of disrepair, or are otherwise potentially hazardous to the public.

706.5.1.4 Inflatable signs. Any sign of flexible material that maintains its shape by means of inflation is not permitted.

706.5.1.5 Offsite signs. Signs or billboards advertising or identifying businesses not located on the same parcel or lot as the sign.

706.5.1.6 Signs on vehicles/trailers. No sign affixed to a transportation vehicle either independently propelled or towable which is parked on a location for the purpose of advertising shall be allowed except where allowed by other sections of this ordinance.

706.5.1.7 No sign shall extend above the roof line of the building to which it is attached. *Roof signs* are not allowed.

706.5.2 Illumination shall be installed in a manner so as not to create an unsafe condition for vehicular traffic or become a nuisance to abutting property owners. No flashing, moving, scrolling, or animated signs shall be allowed. Signs may be illuminated until 10pm or the close of business, whichever is later.

706.5.3 The limitation as to the number of signs does not apply to traffic or directional signals or signs which are necessary for safety and direction, with approval from the Planning Board through Site Plan Review or Code Enforcement Administrator where Site Plan Review is not required.

706.5.4 Eight Inch (8") high street numbers shall be included on all freestanding signs for identification purposes and will not count towards the sign size.

706.5.5 No permanent sign shall be affixed to any object within the Town right-of-way except as provided in Section 706.7.2.

706.5.6 All signs shall not interfere with the Clear Sight Triangle; shall not be positioned so as to obstruct or be a hazard to traffic on a road, or to traffic entering or leaving the premises; and shall not create dangerous conditions with respect to pedestrians or vehicular traffic. No signs shall be erected so as to obstruct any doors, windows, or fire escapes of a building.

706.5.7 For all externally illuminated signs, down-lit illumination is encouraged unless good cause can be shown.

706.6 Temporary Signs:

706.6.1 Temporary signs tacked, nailed, posted, or otherwise attached to trees, stakes, fences, or other objects advertising matter not applicable to the premises where located shall not be permitted.

706.6.2 In Business Commercial A and B, Gateway Commercial, Limited Industrial, Neighborhood Business, Professional Business and Technology, and Village Center District; one unlighted on-premise temporary sign shall be allowed at a time for a business, provided:

706.6.2.1 Each temporary sign shall require a temporary sign permit, issued by the Code Enforcement Administrator. The exception to this is a temporary A-frame sandwich board sign as detailed in Section 706.6.2.6.

706.6.2.2 The temporary sign shall be a maximum of 24 sq. ft in area. And shall comply with the height, and setback requirements for the district in which it is located;

706.6.2.3 The temporary sign shall be securely anchored at a stationary location; shall be non-motorized and non-moving; and shall not be lit or illuminated in any way;

706.6.2.4 Such signs shall not be displayed for more than 15 consecutive days and the Temporary Sign Permit for each may be renewed once, for a consecutive period of an additional 15 consecutive days. There must be a period of fourteen (14) days between the end date of one temporary sign permit and the start date of another. The exceptions to this are seasonal agricultural signs which may be displayed for the duration of the season of the item advertised.

706.6.2.5 The nature of allowed temporary signs shall be event related or product related.

706.6.2.6 One (1) temporary A-frame sandwich board sign, maximum 4' in height and 2' in width, is permitted per business and does not require a temporary sign permit. The sign must be placed on the sidewalk or area directly in front of the business at a distance no greater than 2' from the building, and must not impede pedestrian or handicapped access to the business or adjacent businesses. The sandwich board sign shall be removed when the business is not in operation, or when weather conditions, such as wind, create potentially hazardous situations,

706.6.2.7 Any Windham Civic Organization, non-profit group, religious, educational, or other similar entity, may, after receiving a Temporary Sign Permit, place a temporary sign, a maximum of 24 sq. ft. in area and advertising an event for that meeting or group, on Town-owned property or within the Town right-of-way.

706.6.2.8 Per state law no temporary sign may be placed on State-owned property or within the State right-of-way, as referenced by NH RSA 236:69-89 and enforcement shall be through the NH Department of Transportation.

706.7 Signs that do not require a Permit from the Town:

706.7.1 Repainting, cleaning and other normal maintenance or repair of a sign or sign structure, so long as the sign copy or structure is not modified in any way.

706.7.2 Any traffic or directional sign, or historic plaque owned or installed by a governmental agency.

706.7.3 In any district, one unlighted temporary sign (12 sq.ft. for residential and 32 sq.ft. for commercial) offering premises for sale or lease for each property, tenant space or unit in one ownership or association shall be permitted, as well as allowing one unlighted 10 sq. ft. sign identifying an architect, engineer or contractor while work is performed on the site. These signs shall be located on the subject property and must be removed when the work is completed and/or the property is sold/leased. Signs advertising an open house may only be displayed during the Open House event.

706.7.4 Signs placed in windows are allowed without a sign permit provided that they comply with the provisions outlined in Section 706.5.1.1, 706.5.1.2, 706.5.1.3, and 706.5.1.5

706.7.5 “Open” flags measuring 15 sq. ft. in size and attached to the building or a permanent base shall be allowed in all districts. Only one flag is allowed per business. National, State, and US military flags are exempt.

706.7.6 A-frame/Sandwich Board Signs as regulated by 706.6.2 .6.

706.7.7 Political signs. These are subject to NH RSA 664:14-664:18, as may be amended and enforcement shall be through the office of the NH Attorney General.

706.8 Sign Specifications by District:

	<i>Res. A</i>	<i>Res. B</i>	<i>Res. C</i>	<i>Rural</i>	<i>Comm.</i>	<i>GTW</i>	<i>Lim. Ind.</i>	<i>PBT</i>	<i>NB</i>	<i>VCD HIST</i>
Minimum Setbacks (ft)										
front lot line	10	10	10	10	10	5	10	10	10	5
side lot line	30	30	30	50	50	10	50	50	50	5
Maximum Heights (ft)										
From Grade (Artificial grading of the landscape is not allowed for the purpose of enhancing the sign’s height)										
freestanding sign	6	6	6	6	12	8	12	12	10	5
Maximum Sign Area (ft²)										
freestanding sign (structure)	3	3	3	3	60 ^C	20	20	20	20	8
freestanding sign (complex)	20 ^B	20 ^B	20 ^B	20 ^B	60 ^C	60	60	60	20	16
wall sign	3	3	3	3	100 ^D	75 ^D	75 ^D	75 ^D	50 ^D	16
home occupation	3	3	3	3	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
Changeable Copy (ft²)		NP	NP	NP	NP	20 ^E	NP	NP	NP	16 ^F

Legend:

NP = Not permitted

Footnotes:

- A. Intentionally omitted
- B: Maximum per entry location; may be split between one sign on each side of the street with a 50% increase in the total for this situation.
- C: Up to 33% of the base sign area may be added to this for changeable copy.
- D: Up to that amount allowed in 706.8, or 10% of the total sq. footage of the building or tenant façade, whichever is less.
- E: Not to exceed 33% of the total sign area; applicable only to a freestanding sign, in addition to the maximum sign area.
- F: Not to exceed 50% of the total sign area; applicable only to a freestanding sign.

Zoning District Abbreviations:

Res.A	= Residence A	Lim.Ind.=	Limited Industrial
Res.B	= Residence B	PBT =	Professional, Business and Technology
Res.C	= Residence C	NB =	Neighborhood Business
Rural	= Rural	VCD =	Village Center District
Comm.	= Commercial A, B, and C	Hist =	Historic District
GTW	= Gateway		

707. Excavation of Earth Materials Unless otherwise exempted by the provisions of RSA 155-E:2, no property owner shall permit the Excavation of Earth on his/her premises without first obtaining an Excavation Permit from the Windham Planning Board pursuant to the requirements of the Town of Windham’s Excavation Regulations.

708. Junk Yards

708.1 Purpose: To provide for the licensing and regulation of junk yards under the authority granted by *NH RSA 236:115* to municipalities.

708.2 Intent: To conserve and safeguard the public safety, health, and welfare of citizens, and the environment, and to further the economic growth and stability of the Town. A clean and attractive environment is declared to be of importance to the health and safety of the inhabitants and the safeguarding of their material rights against unwarrantable invasion.

To recognize that the maintenance of junk yards is a useful and necessary business and ought to be encouraged when not in conflict with the express purposes of the Land Use and Zoning Ordinance.

To give the Town the ability to regulate the yard in accordance with best management practices that protect public health, safety, and the environment through the licensing requirements.

708.3 Definitions:

Junk: Any old or discarded material, which may include:

- 1. Old or scrap brass, copper, rope, rags, batteries, paper, trash, rubber debris and waste; or

2. Junked, dismantled or wrecked motor vehicles or parts thereof; or
3. Iron, steel or other old or scrap ferrous or nonferrous material.

Junk Motor Vehicle Dealer: Any person or firm who has an established place of business engaging in the buying of secondhand motor vehicles for the purpose of taking the same apart, or buying, and selling parts of secondhand motor vehicles, or tires, for the assembling of secondhand motor vehicle parts (*as defined in NH RSA 236:112*).

Junk Yard: A place used for storing and keeping, or storing and selling, trading, or otherwise transferring junk. As used in this ordinance, the term includes, but is not limited to, the following types of junk yards:

Automotive recycling yards: A motor vehicle junk yard, the primary purpose of which is to salvage multiple motor vehicle parts and materials for recycling or reuse (*as defined in NH RSA 236:112*).

Machinery Junk Yards: Any yard or field used as a place of storage in which there is displayed to the public view, junk machinery or scrap metal that occupies an area of at least 500 square feet (*as defined in NH RSA 236:112*).

Motor Vehicle Junk Yards: Any place, not including the principal place of business of any motor vehicle dealer registered with the director of motor vehicles under *NH RSA 261:104* and controlled under *NH RSA 236:126*, where the following are stored or deposited in a quantity equal in bulk to 2 or more motor vehicles:

1. Motor vehicles which are no longer intended or in condition for legal use according to their original purpose including motor vehicles purchased for the purpose of dismantling the vehicles for parts or for use of the metal for scrap; and/or
2. Used parts of motor vehicles or old iron, metal, glass, paper, cordage, or other waste or discarded or secondhand material which has been a part, or intended to be a part, of any motor vehicle (*as defined in NH RSA 236:112*).

Non-commercial Junk Yard: A property used for the storage of junk not intended for resale or other commercial use in a quantity equal in bulk to 2 or more motor vehicles.

708.4 Location

708.4.1 All junk yards, as defined by Section 708.3 of this ordinance, are permitted in the Limited Industrial District.

708.4.2 A junk yard shall not create a public nuisance or affect the public health by reason of offensive or unhealthy odors or smoke, or by other causes.

708.4.3 A junk yard shall be located at least 660 feet from the right of way lines of Class I, II, III, and III-a state highways and at least 300 feet from the right of way lines of Class IV, V, and VI municipal highways; and

708.4.4 In no case may a license be granted for a new junk yard located less than 1,000 feet from the right-of-way lines of an interstate highway (*per NH RSA 236:118 II*).

708.4.5 No junk yard may be located within the Wetlands and Watershed Protection District (WWPD) or within 100' of a vernal pool.

708.5 Fencing/Screening Requirements:

708.5.1 A junk yard shall be completely surrounded with a solidly constructed fence at least six (6) feet in height, that substantially screens the area and with a suitable gate, which shall be closed and locked, except during the working hours of the junk yard or when the applicant or his agent is within, as imposed by *NH RSA 236:123*.

708.5.2 All motor vehicles and parts stored or deposited by the applicant shall be kept within the enclosure of the junk yard except as removal is necessary for its transportation in the reasonable course of the business.

708.5.3 All work on such motor vehicles and parts shall be done within the enclosure.

708.5.4 Where the topography, natural growth of timber, a natural barrier, or other considerations accomplish the purposes of this subdivision in whole or in part, the fencing requirements may be reduced by the local governing body, upon granting the license.

708.6 Licensing

Property owners with a junk yard use on their property, including non-commercial junk yards, must obtain:

- (a) A Certificate of Approval for the location of the junk yard granted by the Zoning Board of Adjustment;
- (b) Site Plan Approval from the Planning Board; and
- (c) A municipal License granted by the Board of Selectman

708.6.1 Application for Certificate of Approval

An applicant must apply for a Certificate of Approval from the Board of Adjustment, verifying that the proposed junk yard location meets the requirements of Section 708.4 and other restrictions within the zoning ordinance.

708.6.2 Requirements of Applicants seeking a Certificate of Approval:

708.6.2.1 A Certificate of Approval may not be granted to an applicant who has had any convictions for any type of larceny or for receiving stolen goods.

708.6.2.2 A Certificate of Approval personal to the applicant and cannot be assigned or assumed by a different person or entity. If the property or business is transferred to a new person or entity, the new owner/operator must apply for and obtain a new approval, which will be effective only to the next April 1st.

708.6.3 An applicant seeking a Certificate of Approval of a proposed junk yard location must submit:

708.6.3.1 A completed Certificate of Approval Application form

708.6.3.2 A description of the land to be included within the junk yard, by reference to permanent boundary markers.

708.6.3.3 Certification of compliance with best management practices, as detailed in Motor Vehicle Salvage Yard Environmental Compliance Manual and Self-Audit Checklist, NH Department of Environmental Services, May 2009, as amended, for applications to establish automotive recycling yards and motor vehicle junk yards.

708.6.3.4 Site Plan showing the areas of property where items are to be stored and showing location of proposed fencing and fencing specifications.

708.6.4 Once a completed application is submitted, a public hearing will be held with the Zoning Board of Adjustment not less than 2 or more than 4 weeks from the date of the receipt of the application. A Certificate of Approval must be granted prior to an application being scheduled for Site Plan Review by the Planning Board.

708.6.5 Site Plan Review

An applicant seeking to establish new or expand an existing junk yard must receive Site Plan Review approval from the Planning Board and must follow the Site Plan Review criteria as outlined in the *Site Plan Regulations*. Specific attention is to be paid to the material stored on the site and its locations, as well as any potential environmental impacts for this stored material.

708.6.6 Application for License

708.6.6.1 Requirements of Applicants seeking a License:

708.6.6.1.1 A License may not be granted to an applicant who has had any convictions for any type of larceny or for receiving stolen goods.

708.6.6.1.2 A License is personal to the applicant and cannot be assigned or assumed by a different person or entity. If the property or business is transferred to a new person or entity, the new owner/operator must apply for and obtain a new approval, which will be effective only to the next April 1st.

708.6.6.2 An applicant seeking a junk yard license from the Board of Selectmen must submit:

708.6.6.2.1 A completed Junk Yard License Application Form

708.6.6.2.2 A description of the land where the junk yard is to be located, by reference to permanent boundary markers

708.6.6.2.3 Hours of operation

708.6.6.2.4 A Certificate of Approval from the Zoning Board of Adjustment stating that the proposed location is not contrary to the prohibitions of the zoning ordinance.

708.6.6.2.5 Verification that Site Plan approval was granted by the Planning Board.

708.6.6.3 Once a completed application is submitted, a public hearing will be held with the Board of Selectman not less than 2 or more than 4 weeks from the receipt of the application.

708.7 License Renewal

708.7.1 A Junk Yard License is valid for a maximum of one year, and must be renewed every April 1st by the Board of Selectman.

708.7.2 An applicant may renew his or her license without a hearing upon payment of the annual license fee provided:

708.7.2.1 All the provisions of the junk yard statute have been complied with during the previous license period;

708.7.2.2 The junk yard has not become a public nuisance under common law or *NH RSA 236:119*;

708.7.2.3 The applicant has not been convicted of any type of larceny or receiving stolen property; and

708.7.2.4 The applicant is able to certify compliance with best management practices as established by the NH Department of Environmental Services.

708.7.3 If the renewal application or other records of code enforcement show that any of these conditions have not been satisfied, the license may not be renewed without having a public hearing with the Board of Selectmen. Based upon the findings of the Board of Selectmen, the license may not be able to be renewed at all, or conditions may be placed upon the renewal. The occurrence of any of these events during the licensing period is also cause to evaluate whether the Town will take other enforcement action.

708.8 Appeals

708.8.1 If the Zoning Board of Adjustment denies an Application for a Certificate of Approval, the applicant may file a request for rehearing within thirty (30) days of the application denial; as outlined under *NH RSA 677:2*.

708.8.2 If the Planning Board denies a Site Plan Application, the applicant has right to follow the appeal procedure outlined in the *Site Plan Regulations*.

708.8.3 Applications for re-hearing before the Board of Selectman for a License or Renewal of a License must be filed within thirty (30) days of the date of decision beginning the next working day the Administration Department is open to the public following the day the decision is rendered. The request for re-hearing will be presented to the Board of Selectmen for consideration at the next scheduled meeting.

708.8.4 Appeals and Re-hearings shall follow the same procedure as the original hearing for all notifications and fees.

708.9 Pre-existing Use If a junk yard was established prior to July 8, 1965, which is the effective date of the NH State Statute creating the municipal licensing requirement, it may be considered “grandfathered” for the purpose of the municipal license.

708.9.1 Since a license is not transferable to another owner or operator, the grandfathered status of the license exists only as long as the original applicant is the owner or operator.

708.9.2 If the land or the operation is sold to a new person, the Zoning Board of Adjustment and Board of Selectmen must hold new hearings for a Certificate of Approval and for a License to examine the qualifications of the new buyer to operate the facility.

708.10 Antique Motor Vehicle Use

The provisions of the Junk Yard Ordinance shall not apply to any noncommercial antique motor restoration activities involving antique motor vehicles over 25 years old, where the owner or lessee demonstrates that the requirements *NH RSA 236:111-a* are met.

709. Unused Section

710. Fences

710.1 Fence Permit No fence shall be constructed, erected or enlarged prior to obtaining a permit from the Community Development Department.

710.2 Definition Fence: A manmade barrier that prohibits through passage.

710.3 Height of Fences

710.3.1 No fences in the Residence A, B, C, Rural, Village Center District, and Historic Districts shall be constructed over four (4') in height for fences on the front lot line. Fences on side and rear lot lines may be a maximum of six feet (6') in height.

710.3.2 Fences, hedges, and trees in all districts shall not be installed and/or planted so as to obstruct the view at the intersection of a driveway and/or public way.

710.3.3 Unless otherwise approved through Site Plan Review by the Planning Board, the height of fences in the Commercial Business A, Commercial Business B, Gateway, Neighborhood Business, Professional Business and Technology, Limited Industrial Districts, and any other location where a commercial use legally exists as

the primary use, shall be a maximum of eight feet (8') in height, unless the property is a residential use. In the case that the property is used as a residence, the fence must abide by the requirements of 710.3.1.

710.3.4 The exception to the height requirements in 710.3.1 and 710.3.2 are fences enclosing tennis courts, basketball courts, and other sport courts. These fences may be a maximum of twenty feet (20') in height and require Planning Board approval.

710.4 General Fence Regulations

710.4.1 Fences shall meet the clear sight triangle requirements of Section 702.2. The finished side of the fence must face the abutting property. The side of a fence containing the posts or poles and other bracing appurtenances shall face inward to the property being fenced in or on which the fence is located.

710.4.2 No fence shall be erected between a fire hydrant or cistern and an adjacent street, nor within six feet (6') of any fire hydrant or cistern. Nor shall it obstruct access to the Fire Department's connections for the water supply.

710.4.3 No fence shall be erected within five feet (5') of any public or private road.

710.4.4 Fences shall not be erected within the public right-of-way.

710.4.5 Fences may not be constructed of sheet metal, plywood, rolled plastic, razor wire, junk, or debris.

710.4.6 arbed wire, chicken wire and electrically-charged fencing along property lines are prohibited, except on properties with an agricultural use and on commercial properties with Site Plan Approval from the Planning Board. Barbed wire on commercial properties shall be placed a minimum of eight feet (8') from grade.

710.5 Swimming Pool Fencing

Any person who receives approval to construct an in-ground or above-ground swimming pool shall erect and maintain an adequate enclosure either surrounding the property or pool area, sufficient to make the pool inaccessible to small children. The pool fence must comply with both the requirements set forth in this Section and the requirements applicable to pool fences set forth in the NH State adopted Building Code.

711. Roadside Farm Stands: The selling of local homegrown produce and local homegrown farm products is permitted in the Rural, Residence A, Residence B, & Residence C Districts and not considered a commercial use, provided that it is an accessory use to a residential use on the same lot, is seasonal and temporary in nature, there are no permanent buildings or structures constructed for the Roadside Farm Stand, and that all the products are grown or produced on site or on a site of the farm stand owner.

712. Governmental Installations: Town of Windham governmental installations shall be a permitted use in all districts of the Town subject to site plan review by the Planning Board as provided in Windham Site Plan Regulations.

713. Dwellings: No dwelling shall be built so that any portion of said dwelling shall be below the seasonal high-water table as determined by tests at the location, unless it can be shown that adequate drainage will be provided. Footings and other construction that are solely for the support of said dwelling are exempt from the above regulations.

714. Noise: All noise shall be muffled so as not to be objectionable due to intermittence, beat frequency or shrillness, and as measured at any property line of the lot shall not exceed the following intensity in relation to sound frequency:

Maximum Sound Level, above Zero	
<u>Frequency, cycles</u>	<u>Decibels Permitted*</u>
0 to 74	74
75 to 149	59
150 to 299	52
300 to 599	46
600 to 1199	42
1200 to 2399	39
2400 to 4799	36
4800 to ----	33

*According to the following formula: Sound Pressure Level in Decibels equals $10 \log P1/P2$ where P2 equals 0.0002 dynes/cm

714.1 Such sound levels shall be measured with a sound level meter and octave band analyzer calibrated by a commercial calibration laboratory whose working standard is from the National Institute of Standards and Technology

714.2 Noise-making devices which are maintained and are utilized strictly to serve as warning devices are excluded from these regulations.

714.3 These noise standards will apply to the Industrial and Business Districts.

715. Impact Fees:

715.1 Authority: These regulations are authorized by New Hampshire RSA 674:21, V, and other pertinent state law, as an innovative land use control. Under this authority, new development in the Town of Windham may be assessed impact fees in proportion to its demand on the public capital facilities of the Town and the School District.

715.2 Purpose: The following regulations shall govern the assessment of impact fees for public capital facilities to accommodate the demands of new development on these facilities. These provisions are intended to:

715.2.1 Assist in the implementation of the Master Plan and Capital Improvements Program;

715.2.2 Ensure that adequate public capital facilities are available to serve the needs of new development;

715.2.3 Assess an equitable share of the cost of public capital facilities to new development in proportion to its demand on those facilities.

715.3 Definitions:

715.3.1 Assessed Property means any land or buildings comprising new development that is subject to an impact fee under this Article.

715.3.2 Assessment with respect to an impact fee means a notification issued to an assessed property by the Town of Windham by its Planning Board, or its Code Enforcement Administrator, stating the amount of an impact fee due and the conditions or schedule for its collection.

715.3.3 Collection with respect to an impact fee means the actual delivery of payment of the fee to the Town of Windham on behalf of an assessed property.

715.3.4 Impact fee means a fee or assessment imposed upon development, including subdivision, building construction or other land use change, in order to help meet the needs occasioned by the development for the construction or improvement of capital facilities owned or operated by the municipality, including and limited to water treatment and distribution facilities; wastewater treatment and disposal facilities; sanitary sewers; storm water, drainage and flood control facilities; public road systems and rights-of-way; municipal office facilities; public school facilities; the municipality's proportional share of capital facilities of a cooperative or regional school district of which the municipality is a member; public safety facilities; solid waste collection, transfer, recycling, processing and disposal facilities; public libraries; and public recreation facilities, not including public open space.

715.3.5 New Development means an activity that results in:

715.3.5.1 The creation of a new dwelling unit or units or in the habitable portion of a residential building; or

715.3.5.2 The conversion of an existing use, or additions thereto, which would result in a net increase in the number of dwelling units; or

715.3.5.3 Construction resulting in a new non-residential building or a net increase in the floor area of any non-residential building; or

715.3.5.4 The conversion of an existing use to another use if such change would result in a net increase in the demand on public capital facilities that are the subject of impact fee assessment; however,

715.3.5.5 New development shall not include the replacement of an existing manufactured housing unit or the reconstruction of a structure that has been destroyed by fire or natural disaster where there is no change in size, density, or type of use that would increase the demand on capital facilities for which impact fees are assessed.

715.3.6 Off-site Improvements mean those improvements that are necessitated by a development but which are located outside the boundaries of the property that is subject to a subdivision plat or site plan approval by the Planning Board. Such off-site improvements shall be limited to any necessary highway, drainage, and sewer and water upgrades pertinent to that development.

715.3.7 Public Open Space means a parcel of land essentially unimproved and available to the public only for passive recreational use or natural resource conservation. Town parks which do not include “public recreation facilities” constitute public open space within the meaning of this Article.

715.3.8 Public Recreation Facilities means the land and facilities owned or operated by the Town of Windham, other than public open space, which are designed for the conduct of recreational sports, or other active leisure uses that include use of equipment, structures, or other improvements to the land to provide active indoor or outdoor public recreation programs or activities. Public recreation facilities may include improvements that occur within public open space parcels to provide active recreation components such as walking, hiking, or skiing trails.

715.3.9 School District means the Windham School District.

715.4 Authority to Assess Impact Fees: The Planning Board is hereby authorized to assess impact fees to new development in a manner consistent with the standards herein set forth. The Planning Board shall have the authority to adopt and amend regulations to implement the provisions of this ordinance and to delegate the administrative functions of impact fee assessment, collection and disbursement.

715.5 Standards and Basis of Assessment:

715.5.1 The amount of any impact fee shall be a proportional share of public facility improvement costs which are reasonably related to the capital needs created by the development, and to the benefits accruing to the development from the capital improvements financed by the fee.

715.5.2 The Planning Board may prepare, adopt, or amend studies, reports, or cost allocation procedures that are consistent with the above standards, and which define a basis for impact fee assessment for public capital facilities, and the impact fee assessment schedules therefore. Updates to the fee may be based on factors including, but not limited to revisions in the Windham Capital Improvement Program, capital facility cost estimates, data from the U.S. Census, local school enrollment data, estimates of the number of housing units and non-residential building area in Windham, property tax assessment data, interest and discount rates, construction cost adjustment factors and other information pertaining to proportional demand for public services and related capital facilities.

715.5.3 No methodology, cost allocation procedure, or other basis of assessment, nor related impact fee schedules, or changes in the basis of assessment or the fee schedules, shall become effective until it shall have been the subject of a public hearing before the Planning Board.

715.5.4 In the case of new development to be created by conversion or modification of an existing use, the impact fee shall be based upon the net positive increase in the impact fee assessed for the new use as compared to the highest impact fee that was or would have been assessed to the existing use.

715.5.5 Upgrading of existing facilities and infrastructures, the need for which is not created by new development, shall not be paid for by impact fees.

715.6 Change in Assessment Schedules: The impact fee assessment schedules shall be reviewed annually by the Board of Selectmen and the Planning Board, along with the foundation documents that provide the basis for the assessment schedules. Such review may result in recommended adjustments in one or more of the fees based on the most recent data as they affect the variables in the fee calculations. Changes in the impact fee assessment schedules shall be effective only where the change in the basis of assessment or the fee schedule is adopted following a public hearing on the proposed change.

715.7 Assessment and Collection of Impact Fees:

715.7.1 Where subdivision or site plan approval is required for new development, impact fee assessment shall take place at the time of Planning Board approval of a subdivision plat or site plan.

715.7.2 When no Planning Board approval is required, or has been made prior to the adoption or amendment of the impact fee ordinance, impact fees shall be assessed prior to, or as a condition for, the issuance of a building permit.

715.7.3 No building permit for new development requiring payment of an impact fee shall be issued until the amount of the impact fee assessment has been determined by the Code Enforcement Administrator.

715.7.4 Collection of the Impact fee shall be required on or before the time a certificate of occupancy is issued. If no certificate of occupancy is required, impact fees shall be collected at the time when the development is ready for its intended use.

715.7.5 The Planning Board and the Town of Windham may establish an alternate, mutually acceptable schedule of payment of impact fees applicable to an assessed property. If an alternate schedule of payment is established, the Planning Board may require the applicant to post security, in the form of a cash bond, letter of credit, or performance bond so as to guaranty future payment of assessed impact fees.

715.8. Waivers: The Planning Board may grant full or partial waivers of impact fees to an assessed property, subject to its finding that the proposed development meets one or more of the applicable conditions set forth below:

715.8.1 A full or partial waiver of public school impact fees may be granted for those residential units that are lawfully restricted to exclusive occupancy by persons age 55 or older within a development that is maintained in compliance with the provisions of RSA 354-A: 15, Housing For Older Persons. The Planning Board may waive school impact fee assessments on such age-restricted units where it finds that the property will be bound by lawful deeded restrictions on occupancy for a period of at least 20 years. The Planning Board may grant such a waiver upon receipt of satisfactory evidence that the proposed development will not generate public school enrollment while encumbered by appropriate age restrictive covenants.

715.8.2 The Planning Board may agree to waive all or part of an impact fee assessment and accept in lieu of a cash payment, a proposed contribution of real property or facility improvements of equivalent value and utility to the public. Prior to acting on a request for a waiver of impact fees under this provision that involves a contribution of real property or the construction of capital facilities, the Planning Board shall submit a copy of the waiver request to the Board of Selectmen for its review and consent prior to its acceptance of the proposed contribution. The value of contributions or improvements shall be credited only toward facilities of like kind, and may not be credited to other categories of impact fee assessment. Full or partial waivers may not be based on the value of exactions for on-site or off-site improvements required by the Planning Board as a result of subdivision or site plan review, and which would be required of the developer regardless of the impact fee assessments authorized by this Ordinance.

715.9. Appeals Under This Article:

715.9.1 A party aggrieved by a decision made by the Code Enforcement Administrator relating to administrative decisions in the assessment or collection of impact fees authorized by this Section may appeal such decision to the Planning Board.

715.9.2 A party aggrieved by a decision of the Planning Board under this Article may appeal such decision to the Rockingham County Superior Court as provided by RSA 677:15, as amended.

715.10. Administration of Impact Fees:

715.10.1 All funds collected shall be properly identified by purpose and promptly transferred for deposit in a Capital Facilities Impact Fee Account. This account shall be considered as a special revenue fund account. Under no circumstances will impact fee revenues or interest accrue to the General Fund.

715.10.2 The Town Treasurer shall have custody of all fee accounts, and shall pay out the same only upon written orders of the Board of Selectmen. Funds withdrawn from the Capital Impact Fee Account, shall be used solely for the purposes for which they were collected.

715.10.3 Funds withdrawn from each Capital Facilities Impact Fee Account shall be used solely for the purpose of funding, planning, designing, constructing, expanding, or equipping the public capital facilities in the facility category for which the impact fee was assessed under this ordinance.

715.10.4 Impact fees may be used to pay debt service on bonds or similar debt instruments where such expenditures were related to developing capacity for education of Windham public school students or for Town public capital facilities that are the subject of an impact fee assessment.

715.10.5 The Board of Selectmen shall order the release of school impact fee funds to the School District, upon its request, upon demonstration by the district of encumbered expenditures eligible for reimbursement by impacts fee. School impact fees may be used to reimburse the School District for the value of public school capacity already constructed in anticipation of growth, or school capacity to be developed in the future

715.10.6 The Town Treasurer shall record all fees paid by date of payment and the person making payment, the tax map and lot reference number of each assessed property under this Article for a period of at least six (6) years. At the end of each fiscal year, the Town Treasurer shall make a report to the Board of Selectmen, the Planning Board, and the School District giving a detailed account of all capital facilities impact fee transactions during the year.

715.11 Refund of Fees Paid:

715.11.1 The owner of property for which an impact fee has been paid may apply to the Board of Selectmen for a refund of that fee, plus accrued interest, six (6) years from the date of the collection of that fee.

715.11.2 A refund to the property owner will be due only if the Windham School District or the Town of Windham has failed to encumber the governmental share of the capital improvement costs required to provide related facility capacity improvements to be funded in part by impact fees.

715.11.3 The Board of Selectmen shall annually provide each assessed property that is due a refund of an impact fee a written notice of the amount due, including any accrued interest.

715.12 Other Authority Retained: This ordinance shall not be deemed to affect other authority of the Windham Planning Board over subdivisions or site plans, or rules and regulations pertaining to the Town's water and sewer systems including, but not limited to:

715.12.1 The authority of the Planning Board to declare a development to be premature or scattered in accordance with the regulations of the Board and in accordance with RSA 674:36, II(a); or

715.12.2 The authority of the Planning Board to require the payment of exactions for off-site improvements for highway, drainage, sewer and water upgrades necessitated by the development, in accordance with the provisions of RSA 674:21, V (j); or

715.12.3 Other authority of the Town of Windham to assess other capital investment fees or system development charges under the authority of other statutes, Town ordinances, or through the Site Plan Review and Subdivision Regulations of the Windham Planning Board.

716. Vernal Pool Protection:

716.1 Purpose: The purpose of this section is to protect water quality, flood storage capacity, and open space, as well as to provide essential breeding habitat for amphibians and invertebrates.

716.2 Definitions:

Vernal Pool: A vernal pool is a contained basin depression of at least 500 square feet lacking a permanent above ground outlet. In the Northeast, it fills with water with the rising water table of fall and winter or with the meltwater and runoff of winter and spring snow and rain. Many vernal pools in the Northeast are covered with ice in the winter months. They contain water for a few months in the spring and early summer. By late summer, a vernal pool is generally (but not always) dry. A vernal pool, because of its periodic drying, does not support breeding populations of fish. Many organisms have evolved to use a temporary wetland which will dry but where they are not eaten by fish. These organisms are the "obligate" vernal pool species, so called because they must use a vernal pool for various parts of their life cycle. If the obligate species are using a body of water, then that water is a vernal pool. In New England, the easily recognizable obligate species are the fairy shrimp, the mole salamanders, and the wood frog.

716.3 Vernal pools shall have a minimum protective buffer of 25 feet from the edge of the pool. There shall be no cutting of vegetation or surface alteration within this area or within the vernal pool itself.

717. Cemetery Setback Requirements:

717.1 Purpose: Under RSA 289:3 (III) the State of New Hampshire has established certain statutory setbacks from burial sites, burial grounds and cemeteries in the absence of local zoning regulations. This section is intended to serve as said local regulations.

717.2 Definitions: The terms "cemetery", "burial site", and "burial ground" shall all have the definitions, which are provided in RSA 289:1.

717.3 Structure Setback: No building or structure shall be constructed within 25 feet of a known burial site or within 25 feet of the boundaries of an established burial ground or cemetery. Underlying zoning may require a greater setback for structures, in which case the greater setback will apply.

717.4 Access Way and Utilities: No Driveways and utility services (either above ground or buried) may be placed within 25 feet of a known burial site or 25 feet of the boundaries of an established burial ground or cemetery.

717.5 Special Exception: Where the foregoing restrictions present practical difficulties to the use and enjoyment of adjoining properties, the Zoning Board of Adjustment may grant special exceptions from these provisions provided that:

1. The proposed use must have approval of both the Board of Selectmen and Cemetery Trustees.
2. Such proposal does not impair the integrity of the cemetery walls, facilities, drainage, or other physical attributes.
3. The proposed use does not diminish the general solemnity and solitude of the cemetery setting. In this regard, the Board may require appropriate buffering or screening from such proposed use.
4. The proposed use does not pose a public safety hazard to the cemetery or patrons thereof.
5. There are no practical alternatives to the proposed use.

SECTION 718 - SMALL WIND ENERGY SYSTEMS

718.1 Purpose: This small wind energy systems ordinance is enacted in accordance with RSA 674:62-66, and the purposes outlined in RSA 672:1-III-a. The purpose of this ordinance is to accommodate small wind energy systems in appropriate residential and non-residential locations, while protecting the public's health, safety and welfare. In addition, this ordinance provides a permitting process for small wind energy systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of the requirements and standards established herein.

718.2 Definitions:

Meteorological Tower (met tower): Includes the tower, related structural systems, and testing equipment, used to study wind resource information at a given location. For the purpose of this ordinance, met towers shall refer only to those whose purpose is to study the feasibility of installing a small wind energy system.

Modification: Any change to the small wind energy system that materially alters the size, type or location of the small wind energy system. Like-kind replacements shall not be construed to be a modification.

Shadow Flicker: The visible flicker effect when rotating blades of the wind generator cast shadows on the ground and nearby structures causing a repeating pattern of light and shadow.

Small Wind Energy System (tower): A wind energy conversion system consisting of a wind generator, a tower, and associated control or conversion electronics, which has a rated capacity of 100 kilowatts or less and will be used primarily for onsite consumption by the residential or non-residential primary use of the site.

System Height: The vertical distance from ground level to the tip of the wind generator blade when it is at its highest point.

Tower: The monopole, guyed monopole or lattice structure that supports a wind generator.

Tower Height: The height above grade of the fixed portion of the tower, excluding the wind generator.

Wind Generator: The blades and associated mechanical and electrical conversion components mounted on top of the tower whose purpose is to convert kinetic energy of the wind into rotational energy used to generate electricity.

718.3 Procedure for Review:

718.3.1 Non-Residential Use

718.3.1.1 Small wind energy systems and met towers are an accessory use permitted in all zoning districts where structures of any sort are allowed. A Minor Site Plan application is required.

718.3.1.2 Abutter and Regional Notification: In accordance with RSA 674:66, the Community Planner shall notify all abutters and the local governing body by certified mail upon application for a minor site plan to construct a small wind energy system. The Community Planner shall review the application for regional impacts per RSA 36:55. If the proposal is determined to have potential regional impacts, the procedures set forth in RSA 36:57, IV shall be followed.

718.3.1.3 No small wind energy system shall be erected, constructed, or installed without first receiving a building permit from the building inspector. A building permit shall be required for any physical modification to an existing small wind energy system. Met towers that receive a building permit shall be permitted on a temporary basis not to exceed 2 years from the date the building permit was issued.

718.3.2 Residential Use

718.3.2.1 Building Permit: Small wind energy systems and met towers are an accessory use permitted in all zoning districts where structures of any sort are allowed. No small wind energy system shall be erected, constructed, or installed without first receiving a building permit from the building inspector. A building permit shall be required for any physical modification to an existing small wind energy system. Met towers that receive a building permit shall be permitted on a temporary basis not to exceed 2 years from the date the building permit was issued.

718.3.2.2 Abutter and Regional Notification: In accordance with RSA 674:66, the building inspector shall notify all abutters and the local governing body by certified mail upon application for a building permit to construct a small wind energy system. The public will be afforded 30 days to submit comments to the building inspector prior to the issuance of the building permit. The building inspector shall review the application for regional impacts per RSA 36:55. If the proposal is determined to have potential regional impacts, the building inspector shall follow the procedures set forth in RSA 36:57, IV.

718.4 Standards:

718.4.1 Setbacks: The setback shall be measured from the center of the tower base to property line, public roads, or nearest point on the foundation of an occupied building.

718.4.2 Setbacks for a small wind generating system (tower) is:

718.4.2.1 No setback from occupied buildings on participating landowner property

718.4.2.2 1.5 times the tower height from occupied buildings on abutting properties

718.4.2.3 1.1 times the tower height from property lines of abutting property and utility lines

718.4.2.4 1.5 times the tower height from public ROW

718.4.2.5 Small wind energy systems must meet all setbacks for principal structures for the zoning district in which the system is located.

718.4.2.6 Guy wires used to support the tower are exempt from the small wind energy system setback requirements.

718.4.3 The maximum small wind energy system height shall not exceed (tower) 150 feet as measured from the base of the structure on which it is mounted.

718.4.4 Sound Level: The small wind energy system shall not exceed 60 decibels using the A scale (dBA), as measured at the site property line, except during short-term events such as severe wind storms and utility outages.

718.4.5 Shadow Flicker: Small wind energy systems shall be sited in a manner that does not result in significant shadow flicker impacts. Significant shadow flicker is defined as more than 30 hours per year on abutting occupied buildings. The applicant has the burden of proving that the shadow flicker will not have significant adverse impact on neighboring or adjacent uses. Potential shadow flicker must be addressed either through siting or mitigation measures.

718.4.6 Signs: All signs are prohibited on the small wind energy system, except for manufacturer identification or appropriate warning signs.

718.4.7 Only 1 small wind energy system (tower) is permitted per lot.

718.4.8 Code Compliance: The small wind energy system shall comply with all applicable sections of the New Hampshire State Building Code.

718.4.9 Aviation: The small wind energy system shall be built to comply with all applicable Federal Aviation Administration regulations and the New Hampshire Aviation regulations.

718.4.10 Visual Impacts: It is inherent that small wind energy systems may pose some visual impacts due to the tower height needed to access wind resources.

718.4.10.1 The applicant shall demonstrate through project site planning and proposed mitigation that the small wind energy system's visual impacts will be minimized for surrounding neighbors and the community. All electrical conduits shall be underground.

718.4.10.2 The color of the small wind energy system shall be a non-reflective, unobtrusive color that blends in with the surrounding environment.

718.4.10.3 A small wind energy system shall not be artificially lit unless such lighting is required by the Federal Aviation Administration.

718.5 Abandonment:

718.5.1 At such time that a small wind energy system is scheduled to be abandoned or discontinued, the applicant will notify the building inspector by certified U.S. mail of the proposed date of abandonment or discontinuation of operations.

718.5.2 Upon abandonment or discontinuation of use, the owner shall physically remove the small wind energy system within 90 days from the date of abandonment or discontinuation of use. This period may be extended at the request of the owner and at the discretion of the building inspector. “Physically remove” shall include, but not be limited to:

718.5.2.1 Removal of the wind generator and tower and related above-grade structures.

718.5.2.2 Restoration of the location of the small wind energy system to its natural condition, except that any landscaping, grading or below-grade foundation may remain in its same condition at initiation of abandonment.

718.5.3 In the event that an applicant fails to give such notice, the system shall be considered abandoned or discontinued if the system is out-of-service for a continuous 12-month period. After the 12 months of inoperability, the building inspector may issue a Notice of Abandonment to the owner of the small wind energy system. The owner shall have the right to respond to the Notice of Abandonment within 30 days from Notice receipt date. After review of the information provided by the owner, the building inspector shall determine if the small wind energy system has been abandoned. If it is determined that the small wind energy system has not been abandoned, the building inspector shall withdraw the Notice of Abandonment and notify the owner of the withdrawal.

718.5.4 If the owner fails to respond to the Notice of Abandonment or if, after review by the building inspector, it is determined that the small wind energy system has been abandoned or discontinued, the owner of the small wind energy system shall remove the wind generator and tower at the owner’s sole expense within 3 months of receipt of the Notice of Abandonment. If the owner fails to physically remove the small wind energy system after the Notice of Abandonment procedure, the building inspector may pursue legal action to have the small wind energy system removed at the owner’s expense.

718.6 Violation:

It is unlawful for any person to construct, install, or operate a small wind energy system that is not in compliance with this ordinance. Small wind energy systems installed prior to the adoption of this ordinance are exempt from this ordinance except when modifications are proposed to the small wind energy system.

718.7 Penalties:

Any person who fails to comply with any provision of this ordinance or a building permit issued pursuant to this ordinance shall be subject to enforcement and penalties as allowed by NH Revised Statutes Annotated Chapter 676:17.

719. Historic Demolition Delay Ordinance

719.1 This ordinance is adopted as an Innovative Land Use Control under the provisions of RSA 674:21 and shall be annexed to and become a part of the Windham Zoning Ordinance.

719.2 Except as otherwise provided herein, the following definitions apply:

719.2.1 Qualified Structure – A building which is (or was) a habitable residential or commercial structure, or a detached outbuilding, barn, garage, or ancillary structure in excess of 400 square feet and which

- a. was constructed prior to 1940, or
- b. appears on the Historic Resource Lists (if any).

719.2.2 Commission – The duly established Heritage Commission of the Town of Windham.

719.2.3 Historic Resource Lists – A list prepared by the Commission pursuant to RSA 674:44-b (I) (a) of the cultural resources of the Town of Windham.

719.2.4 Raze – To demolish or remove a structure.

719.2.5 Substantially Renovate – To do work to renovate, rehabilitate or modify a structure such that its exterior appearance or architectural features are substantially replaced.

719.2.6 Architectural Features – Those items on the exterior of a structure which give character to its appearance, including, but not limited to, doors, windows, shutters, exterior light fixtures, trim and moldings, exterior siding material, roofing material, chimneys, chimney caps, cupolas, weathervanes, etc.

719.2.7 Town – Town of Windham, New Hampshire.

719.2.8 Display Sign – A sign or poster prepared by and at the expense of the Commission, which:

- a. Shall be no greater than 36 inches x 36 inches in size
- b. Printed on durable material suitable for exterior display
- c. Shall state thereon, that the owner of the property has applied for a permit to raze or substantially renovate a qualified structure located at the property, and that a copy of the application has been forwarded to the Commission for comment

719.3 The general purpose of this ordinance is to provide the Town and the Commission the opportunity to consult with any owner who wishes to raze or substantially renovate any qualified structure within the Town in an effort to preserve and/or document the character and cultural resources of the Town of Windham.

719.4 Except as otherwise provided herein, no permit to raze or substantially renovate a qualified structure may be issued for at least thirty (30) days following the submittal of an application for same to the Windham Building Department.

719.5 Upon the filing of an application to raze or substantially renovate a qualified structure:

719.5.1 The applicant for said permit shall be given a Display Sign which must be posted on the property within seventy two (72) hours and shall remain posted until the permit is issued. The sign shall be posted on the property within ten (10) feet of the front property line of the frontage giving access to the property and in a fashion such that it is visible from the adjoining roadway.

719.5.2 The Building Department shall, within seventy two (72) hours of receipt of such application, forward a copy to the Commission by first class mail, interoffice delivery or other means intended to reach the Commission. The Building Department shall also notify the Commission Chairman by telephone or electronic mail (as indicated by the preference of the then-serving Chair) of the filing of the application.

719.6 Upon receipt of a copy of an application to raze or substantially renovate a qualified structure, the Commission shall determine if it wishes to confer/consult with the applicant concerning the request. The Commission may take either of the following actions:

719.6.1 It may notify the Building Department and applicant that it has no interest in the request, in which case, the permit may be issued once other required waiting periods have expired.

719.6.2 The Commission may schedule a public meeting to discuss the request with the applicant, and any other interested persons.

719.7 If the Commission elects to schedule a public meeting on the pending request:

719.7.1 It shall schedule the same no later than the 28th day after the permit application has been filed.

719.7.2 It shall send notice by first class mail to the owner, indicating to the owner that they must appear at said meeting in person or by a legal representative. Such notice shall be sent at least five (5) days before the meeting date.

719.7.3 It shall post required notice of said meeting indicating the intention to discuss the pending application(s).

719.7.4 The meeting may be rescheduled or continued at the request of the landowner, but must occur within forty five (45) days of the application filing.

719.8 The purpose of the public meeting is to discuss with the applicant the alternatives to demolition and/or possibilities to preserve certain architectural features of the qualified structure. If the applicant does not wish to retain any particular architectural feature, the applicant will be encouraged to consider donating such item(s) or offering them for sale to the general public.

719.9 No actual permit to raze or substantially renovate a qualified structure shall be issued until:

719.9.1 Thirty (30) days have elapsed since the filing of the application unless the Building Department has received a notification of “no interest” by the Commission. See, 6 (i) above;

719.9.2 The applicant files an affidavit, on a form prepared by the Town, which affirms that the required posting (See, Section 5(i)) was completed; and

719.9.3 The applicant (or their representative) has met with the Commission to discuss the application; or

719.9.4 That forty five (45) days have elapsed since the filing, and the Commission has not scheduled or conducted a meeting on the request.

719.10 Nothing contained in this ordinance shall be construed as giving the Commission or the Town any authority to prevent the issuance of the requested permits or require any action by an applicant other than to appear before and discuss the application with the Commission.

719.11 The provisions of this ordinance may be waived when either the Building Inspector (or his designee) or the Fire Chief (or his designee) shall have determined that the demolition of any structure is immediately required to protect public safety or to remove a hazardous condition.

SECTION 800 - ADMINISTRATION

The provisions of this ordinance and any amendments thereto shall be administered and enforced by the Code Enforcement Administrator who shall be appointed by the Selectmen.

SECTION 900 - BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT

901. Establishment: A Board of Adjustment shall be established in accordance with chapter 673 of the Revised Statutes Annotated, and shall exercise all duties and functions granted to it and the Building Code Board of Appeals under the provisions of Title LXIV of the Revised Statutes Annotated. The following administrative provisions shall govern the Board of Adjustment:

901.1 The Board shall adopt Rules of Procedure in accordance with RSA 676:1, which shall not be inconsistent with the laws of the State of New Hampshire or any other provision contained therein.

901.2 The Rules of Procedure of the Board shall provide for the election of a Chairman, Vice Chairman, and Secretary at the Board's first meeting following the annual election of members.

901.3 The Secretary of the Board of Adjustment shall keep minutes of the Board's proceedings, showing the vote of each member upon every question, or if absent or failing to vote, indicating that fact. The Secretary shall keep records of the Board's examinations and official actions, all of which shall be public record.

902. Meetings: Meetings of the Board shall be held as provided in the Rules of Procedure, in conformance with the time requirements of State law.

903. Decision: The concurring vote of three (3) members of the Board of Adjustment shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision, or determination of the administrative officer, or to decide in favor of the applicant on any matter upon which it is required to pass, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

904. Appeals: Appeals to the Board of Adjustment may be taken by any person aggrieved, or by an officer, department board or bureau of the municipality affected by any decision of the administrative officer. Such appeals shall be governed by the following deadlines:

904.1 Appeals of any decision to issue a building permit shall be made within seven days of the issuance of same being posted at the Community Development Center and in a local newspaper.

904.2 Appeals of any decision to issue a building permit shall be made within seven days of the issuance of same being posted at the Community Development Department and in a local newspaper.

905. Hearing on Appeals: Upon receipt of an Appeal, the Board of Adjustment shall schedule a public hearing, giving the notice, and within the time as required under RSA 676:7. The Board's Rules of Procedure shall address the conduct of the public hearing.

906. Duration of Approvals: Any variance or special exception granted by the Board of Adjustment shall be terminated one (1) year from its issuance by the Board of Adjustment unless the variance or special exception granted has been exercised by the recipient. A 1-year renewal may be granted by the Code Enforcement Administrator if requested in writing prior to the original 1-year expiration. A second 1-year renewal may be granted by the Code Enforcement Administrator, if requested in writing prior to the previous renewal expiring, if it can be shown that substantial progress been made towards exercising the approval.

SECTION 1000 - AMENDMENT

This Ordinance may from time to time be changed by amendment, addition or repeal by a town meeting in the manner provided by Chapter 31:63a of the New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated, 1955, and any amendments thereto.

SECTION 1100 - VALIDITY

Where this Ordinance imposes a greater restriction upon the use, height and the area of structures or the use of premises than is imposed by other ordinances, the provisions of this Ordinance shall control. The invalidity of any section or provision of this Ordinance shall not invalidate any other section or provision thereof.

SECTION 1200 STRUCTURE CONVERSION

1200.1 Any change from seasonal to full time year-round shall be a permitted use provided that:

1200.1.1 Minimum standards of the Windham Building Code are met.

1200.1.2 Minimum standards of the Windham Health Regulations are met.

1200.1.3 The lots otherwise conform to dimensional and other requirements in Section 700.

1200.1.4 The provisions of the following subsections 1200.2., 1200.3 and 1200.4 are complied with.

1200.2 Definitions:

Sewage Disposal System: Means any private sewage disposal or treatment system, other than a municipally owned and operated system.

Developed Waterfront Property: Means any parcel of land as defined in RSA 4:40-a and upon which stands a structure suitable for either seasonal or year-round human occupancy.

1200.3 Sewage Disposal System Prior to occupying any existing structure on a full-time basis, which would increase the load on a sewage disposal system, the owner of such structure shall submit an

application for approval of the sewage disposal system to the Building Department. Application for approval shall include one of the following:

1200.3.1 Evidence that the existing sewage disposal system meet the requirements of the W.S.P.C.D. for the intended usage or the Town's minimum standard for use or occupancy, whichever is more stringent.

1200.4 For the Purpose of Conversions of Seasonal Use to Year Round Use: The following site assessment study shall be required:

1200.4.1 Shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the owner's agent and the location and a brief description of the property, including the tax map reference and lot number.

1200.4.2 Shall include the lot size, slope, loading (based on the number of existing or proposed bedrooms in the structure), water source, soil type, and estimated seasonal high water table information to be determined by on site investigation (Test Pits). The licensed designer shall write his assessment of the site for the current use and proposed use of the system, based upon the criteria and information in this subparagraph.

1200.4.3 Shall include information about this present sewage disposal system, if available. If the installed system was approved by the Town a copy of the approval form, approval number and plan shall be attached to the site assessment study. An assessment study indicating that the site fails to meet any of the criteria established under this section shall prohibit the conversion of the property.

1200.4.4 The site assessment form submitted to the State of N.H.W.S.P.C.D. shall be attached to the Town site assessment report and shall also indicate the State approval or disapproval.

SECTION 1300 – VIOLATIONS

Any person who violates or fails to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be liable for the fines and penalties as provided for in RSA 676:17. Additionally, the Town may pursue the injunctive relief as provided for in RSA 676:15 together with reimbursement of costs and attorney's fees all as provided for under law. References to statutes above is assumed to include successor enactment's by the legislature on the same subjects.

SECTION 1400 - SEPARABILITY

If any section, subsection, phrase, sentence or portion of this Ordinance is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate district and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions thereof.

SECTION 1500 – ENFORCEMENT

Pursuant to *Section 800*, the Code Enforcement Administrator, as designated by the Selectmen (and/or an employee of his/her department designated by him/her) shall be responsible for enforcement of this ordinance and shall hold authority granted under state law to institute and prosecute proceedings, to enforce, enjoin or bring proceedings as a result of violation of any provisions hereunder.

SECTION 1600 - EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall take effect upon adoption.

APPENDIX A-1

TABLE OF REQUIREMENTS (9, 12)

District	Min. Lot Frontage in feet (2)	Min. Front Yard in feet (3)	Min. Side Yard in feet (4)	Min. Rear Yard in feet	Max. % Bldg. Coverage of lot <i>Footnote #15</i>	Min Floor Area Per Dwelling in sq. feet
Single Family Dwellings						
Rural District	175	50	30 (11)	30 (11)	20%	1,000
Res. A District	175	50	30	30	20%	1,000
Res. B Multi-Family District (5)	175 plus 30' for each additional dwelling	50	30 plus 10' for each additional dwelling (7)	30 plus 10' for each additional dwelling (8)	20%	750
Res. C District	175	50	30	30	20%	600
Neighborhood Business District	175	50	30	30	30%	0
Gateway Commercial District	50	0 (13)	0 (14)	0 (14)	70%	0
Business Commercial A and B Districts	175	75	20 (6)	30 (6)	30%	0
Limited Industrial District	175	50	20 (6)	30 (6)	30%	0
Village Center District	50	0 (10)	0	0	100%	0
Professional, Business, and Technology District	175	50	20 (6)	30 (6)	30%	0

Minimum Lot Area See Note #1

(15) Building coverage of lot shall only measure buildings, as defined in Section 200, which are located on the lot.

301. NOTES FOR TABLE

1. Wetlands of a lot shall not be computed as part of the lot area. Minimum land area requirements for all districts shall be computed based on soil types as required in Table of Requirements Minimum Lot Area by soil type. Whenever a lot contains soils having two or more types of soil which pose different degrees of problems for on-site waste disposal systems, the minimum land area shall be computed by reference to the percentage of the total usable lot taken up by each soil type.

Whenever a lot contains multiple soils with two or three different degrees of limitation for on-site waste disposal systems, the leach field shall, whenever possible, be located on the soils which pose the least degree of limitation for the system. When computing minimum land areas under this Section, wetlands, flood plains, exposed ledge, easements except slope easements, and slopes greater than 25% shall not be counted.

When it has been determined that a lot has two or more slope types, the same method shall be used to determine the lot area as is used when the lot has two or more soil types. On lots with slope types C or greater, driveway profiles of the first 100 feet shall be provided. (See Windham Subdivision Regulations as amended.)

2. Said measurement shall be taken at a point fifty (50) feet from the nearest front lot line.

2.1. Private roads may be allowed to satisfy frontage requirements in Residence B District. Minimum standards for such private roads shall be Town Specifications, except that the width may vary according to traffic needs.

3. Providing that any residential front yard need only be the average of the depths of the front yards of the abutting lots; the front yards of the abutting vacant lots shall be considered to have the minimum permitted.

4. Except that in the case of a lot having frontage on two (2) streets, the front yard requirements apply to the side of the structure on street frontage as well as to the front.

4.1. In Residence B District, there shall be forty (40) feet minimum distance between multifamily dwellings.

5. For each multifamily dwelling, 5,000 square feet of land area shall be added to the lot area for each bedroom in excess of two (2). For example: Each multifamily dwelling containing six two-bedroom dwelling units would be required to have a minimum of 100,000 square feet (i.e., 50,000 square feet plus 5,000 square feet for each bedroom in excess of two (2), or 50,000 square feet for a total minimum land area of 100,00 square feet. This example is based on soils which pose slight problems for on-site waste disposal systems.

5.1. For a multifamily dwelling containing less than five (5) dwelling units, the area of land required per bedroom in excess of two (2) may be reduced as follows: For multifamily dwellings containing four (4) dwelling units, 4,000 square feet per bedroom; for multifamily dwellings containing three (3) dwelling units, 3,000 square feet per bedroom; for multifamily dwellings containing two (2) dwelling units, 2,000 square feet per bedroom. A multifamily dwelling containing in excess of three (3) bedrooms per dwelling unit shall require 5,000 square feet per bedroom in excess of two (2).

6. Fifty (50) feet where abuts Residential District.

7. The minimum side yard for each multifamily dwelling shall be thirty (30) feet plus ten (10) feet for each additional dwelling unit in excess of one (1). (See Table of Requirements Minimum Side Yard.)

- 8.** The minimum rear yard for each multifamily dwelling shall be thirty (30) feet plus ten (10) feet for each additional dwelling unit in excess of one (1).
- 9.** If a non-residential use (building, parking area, or driveway) is proposed closer than 100' from a residential zoning district, a vegetative buffer or earthen berm 50' wide must be provided, which will provide screening for the residential use."
- 10.** Except 50-foot front yard setback on Route 111 Right of Way.
- 11.** For uses other than residential in the Rural District, there shall be one-hundred (100) feet where abuts a residentially developed area.
- 12.** The minimum shoreland setback in non-W.W.P.D. areas for non-accessory buildings shall be fifty (50) feet from the reference line (Reference Line: For natural fresh water bodies = natural mean high water level; For artificially impounded fresh water bodies = water line at full pond).
- 13.** A minimum setback from Range Road (Route 111A) and Route 111 shall be twenty-feet (20').
- 14.** A minimum twenty-foot (20') landscaped buffer shall be required on any lot line where the abutting parcel is not situated within the Gateway Commercial District.

MIMIMUM LOT AREA BY SOIL TYPE

NOTE: The following may not be a complete list of soil types in Windham. Contact the Soil Conservation Service or the Rockingham County Conservation District for assistance. The minimum lot area shall be 50,000 square feet and shall contain 30,000 square feet of contiguous area, except as defined in the Village Center District and the Open Space Residential Overlay District. The 30,000 square feet of contiguous area shall not include wetlands, the Wetland Watershed Protection District, or drainage easements. The area within the 30,000 square feet shall accommodate a minimum rectangular area of 10,000 square feet with a minimum dimension of 100 feet. The Planning Board may approve areas meeting the required area even though they do not meet the rectangular requirement. The principal structure shall be located entirely in the 10,000 square foot area. The Planning Board can allow the 10,000 square foot area to be located outside the 30,000 square foot area when the Board determines that the purpose of this ordinance would be better served with the required area in another location.

The lot sizing standards for Workforce Housing developments, as defined in NH RSA 674:58, are those required by NH DES Regulations Env-Wq 1000. Site Specific Soil Survey Mapping, including certified soils testing data, certified topographic and wetlands plans, and detailed soil area plans and spreadsheets shall be utilized in the calculations.

Soil Type	Lot Size	Soil Type	Lot Size	Soil Type	Lot Size
111BH	50,000	111CH	55,000	111DH	75,000
111EH	NA	112BH	95,000	112CH	
	100,000				
112DH	120,000	112EH	NA	114*	NA
11XBH	100,000	11XCH	125,000	11XDH	
	160,000				
11XEH	NA	121BH	50,000	121CH	55,000
121DH	75,000	121EH	NA	122BH	95,000
112CH	100,000	122DH	120,000	122EH	NA
124*H	NA	12XBH	100,000	12XCH	125,000
12XDH	160,000	12XEH	NA	161BH	60,000
161CH	70,000	161DH	90,000	161EH	NA
164*H	NA	166*H	NA	16XBH	
	110,000				
16XCH	140,000	16XDH	160,000	16XEH	NA
211BH	50,000	211CH	55,000	211DH	75,000
211EH	NA	21XCH	125,000	212BH	95,000
212CH	100,000	212DH	120,000	212EH	NA
213BH	60,000	213CH	95,000	213DH	125,000
213EH	NA	214*H	NA	21XBH	
	100,000				
21XDH	160,000	21XEH	NA	221BH	50,000
221CH	55,000	221DH	75,000	221EH	NA
222BH	95,000	222CH	100,000	222DH	
	120,000				
222EH	NA	223BH	60,000	223CH	95,000
223DH	125,000	223EH	NA	224*H	NA

22XBH	100,000 160,000	22XCH	125,000	22XDH	
22XEH	NA	231BH	50,000	231CH	55,000
231DH	75,000	231EH	NA	233BH	60,000
233CH	95,000	233DH	125,000	233EH	NA
234*H	NA	23XBH	100,000	23XCH	125,000
23DXH	160,000	23XEH	NA	241BH	60,000
241CH	95,000	241DH	125,000	241EH	NA
243BH	60,000	243CH	95,000	243DH	125,000
244*H	NA	24XBH	110,000	24XCH	
	160,000				
24XDH	180,000 110,000	24XEH	NA	251BH	
251CH	160,000	251DH	160,000	251EH	NA
253BH	110,000 160,000	253CH	160,000	253DH	
253EH	NA	254*H	NA	25XBH	
	160,000				
25XCH	190,000	25XDH	240,000	25XEH	NA
261BH	60,000	261CH	70,000	261DH	90,000
261EH	NA	263BH	75,000	263CH	
	105,000				
263DH	140,000	263EH	NA	264*H	NA
266*H	NA	26XBH	110,000	26XCH	
	140,000				
26XDH	160,000	26XEH	NA	275*H	NA
311BH	75,000 150,000	311CH	110,000	311DH	
311EH	NA	312BH	120,000	312CH	155,000
312DH	160,000	312EH	NA	313BH	75,000
313CH	110,000	313DH	150,000	313EH	NA
314*H	NA	31XBH	125,000	31XCH	
	150,000				
31XDH	160,000	31XEH	NA	321BH	60,000
321CH	95,000	321DH	125,000	321EH	NA
322BH	105,000 160,000	322CH	125,000	322DH	
322EH	NA	323BH	75,000	323CH	
	110,000				
323DH	150,000	323EH	NA	324*H	NA
32XBH	125,000 160,000	32XCH	150,000	32XDH	
32XEH	NA				
331DH	155,000	331BH	95,000	331CH	125,000
333CH	125,000	331EH	NA	333BH	95,000
33XBH	145,000 205,000	333DH	155,000	333EH	NA
		33XCH	160,000	33XDH	
33XEH	NA				
341CH	125,000	334*H	NA	341BH	95,000
343BH	95,000	341DH	155,000	341EH	NA
		343CH	125,000	343DH	155,000

343EH	NA	344*H	NA	34XBH	145,000
34XCH	160,000	34XDH	205,000	34XEH	NA
351BH	110,000	351CH	160,000	351DH	
	160,000				
351EH	NA	353BH	110,000	353CH	
	160,000				
353DH	160,000	353EH	NA	354*H	NA
35XBH	160,000	35XCH	190,000	35XDH	
	240,000				
35XEH	NA	361BH	90,000	361CH	125,000
361DH	160,000	361EH	NA	363BH	90,000
363CH	125,000	363DH	160,000	363EH	NA
364*H	NA	366*H	NA	36XBH	
	140,000				
36XCH	160,000	36XDH	170,000	36XEH	NA
375*H	NA				
		411BH	110,000	411CH	
	160,000				
412BH	160,000	412CH	190,000	413BH	
	110,000				
413CH	160,000	414*H	NA	41XBH	
	160,000				
41XCH	180,000	421BH	95,000	421CH	145,000
422BH	160,000	422CH	165,000	423BH	
	110,000				
423CH	160,000	424*H	NA	42XBH	
	160,000				
42XCH	180,000	431BH	145,000	431CH	
	160,000				
433BH	145,000	433CH	160,000	434*H	NA
43XBH	175,000	43XCH	235,000	441BH	145,000
441CH	160,000	443BH	145,000	443CH	
	160,000				
444*H	NA	44XBH	175,000	44XCH	235,000
451BH	160,000	251CH	205,000	453BH	
	160,000				
453CH	205,000	454*H	NA	45XBH	195,000
45XCH	285,000	461BH	130,000	461CH	160,00
463BH	130,000	463CH	160,000	464*H	NA
466*H	NA	46XBH	165,000	46XCH	195,000

APPENDIX TO SECTION 601.2.1

1. Bogs are underlain by peat or muck deposits of significant depths and are characterized by a distinct group of trees and plants which are adapted to the bog's highly acidic conditions. The water in a bog is practically devoid of oxygen and nutrients. Bogs usually develop in undrained glacial depressions.

Typical of the bog are: Sphagnum Moss (Sphagnum); Cotton-grass (*Eriophorum* spp.); Bog-rosemary (*Andromeda glaucophylla*); Leather-leaf (*Chamaedaphne calyculata*); Bog-laurel (*Kalmia polifolia*); Pitcher-plant (*Sarracenia purpurea*); Sundews (*Drosera* spp.); Cranberries (*Vaccinium oxycoccos* and *V. macrocarpon*); Sweet Gale (*Myrica gale*); Bogbean or Buckbean (*Menyanthes trifoliata*); Bladderworts (*Utricularia* spp.); Black Spruce (*Picea mariana*); Larch or Tamarack (*Larix laricina*).

2. Marshes are treeless wetlands dominated by soft-stemmed herbaceous plants. The surface of the marsh is covered with water though seasonal fluctuations in water depth are expected. Marshes range from the wet meadows variety to deep marshes which can be covered with several feet of water.

Typical plants of the marsh are: Bur-reeds (*Sparganiaceae*); Sedges, including bulrushes, cotton-grasses and wool-grasses (*Cyperaceae*); Rushes (*Juncaceae*); Cat-tails (*Typhaceae*); Arums (*Araceae*); Smartweeds (*Polygonum* spp.); Hydrophilous grasses (*Gramineae*); Frog's bits (*Hydrocharitaceae*); Pickerelweeds (*Pontederia* spp.); Water-lilies (*Nymphaeaceae*); Duckweeds (*Lemnaceae*).

3. Swamps are dominated by trees and shrubs. The water table is at or near the ground surface for a significant part of the year.

Typical plants of swamps are: Red maple (*Acer rubrum*); Black ash (*Fraxinus nigra*); Willows (*Salix* spp.); Alders (*Alnus* spp.); Black Gum (*Nyssa sylvatica*); Common Elder (*Sambucus canadensis*); Winterberry (*Ilex verticillata*); Marsh-rose (*Rosa palustris*); Arrow-wood (*Viburnum recognitum*); Wood reedgrasses (*Cinna* spp.); Skunk-cabbage (*Symplocarpus foetidus*); Marsh-marigold (*Caltha palustris*); Button-bush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*); White hellebore (*Veratrum viride*).